

# FT 518

High-medium pressure gas regulator



Revision A - Edition 06/2024

**USE, MAINTENANCE AND  
WARNING MANUAL**



# 1 - INTRODUCTION

## **PREFACE**

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The Manufacturer is in no way responsible for the consequences of any operations performed in a manner different from what is stated in the manual.

## **GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS**

All operating, maintenance instructions and recommendations described in this manual must be followed. To achieve the best performance and to keep the systems in efficient condition, the Manufacturer recommends that maintenance operations be performed regularly.

Training of the personnel responsible for the equipment both in its use, as well as in its maintenance and application of the safety directions and procedures given in this manual is of particular importance.

Revision: A

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## 1.1 - REVISION HISTORY

Revision index	Date
<b>A</b>	06/2024
<b>B</b>	11/2024

Tab. 1.1

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## 2 - GENERAL INFORMATION

### 2.1 - MANUFACTURER IDENTIFICATION

<b>Manufacturer</b>	PIETRO FIORENTINI S.P.A.
<b>Address</b>	Via Enrico Fermi, 8/10 36057 Arcugnano (VI) - ITALY <b>Tel. +39 0444 968511    Fax +39 0444 960468</b> <b>www.fiorentini.com    arcugnano@fiorentini.com</b>

Tab. 2.2

### 2.2 - PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

<b>Equipment</b>	REGOLATORE PER ALTA PRESSIONE
<b>Model</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FT 518 LP</li> <li>• FT 518 HP</li> </ul>

Tab. 2.3

### 2.3 - REGULATORY FRAMEWORK

PIETRO FIORENTINI S.P.A., with registered office in Arcugnano (Italy) - Via E. Fermi, 8/10, declares under its sole responsibility that the equipment covered by this manual, is designed, manufactured, tested and controlled in accordance with the requirements of the standard ANSI B109.4 on gas pressure regulators.

#### **NOTICE**

**The original version of the declaration of conformity is delivered together with the equipment and this instruction manual for use and warnings.**

### 2.4 - WARRANTY

PIETRO FIORENTINI S.P.A. guarantees that the equipment has been made with the best materials, with fine workmanship and complies with the quality requirements, specifications and performance envisaged in the order.




The warranty will be considered null and void and PIETRO FIORENTINI S.P.A. will not be responsible for any damage and/or malfunctions:

- for any acts or omissions of the purchaser or end user, or any of their carriers, employees, agents or any third party or entity;
- in the event that the purchaser, or a third party, makes changes to the equipment supplied by PIETRO FIORENTINI S.P.A. without the prior written authorization of the latter;
- in case of non-compliance by the purchaser with the instructions contained in this manual, as supplied by PIETRO FIORENTINI S.P.A.

#### **NOTICE**

**The warranty conditions are specified in the sales contract.**

## 2.5 - SYMBOLS USED IN THE MANUAL

Symbol	Definition
	Symbol used to identify important warnings for operator and/or equipment safety.
	Symbol used to identify particularly important information in the manual. The information may also concern the safety of personnel involved in using the equipment.
	Mandatory to consult the instruction manual/booklet. Indicates a requirement for personnel to consult (and understand) the operating and warning instructions of the equipment before working with or on it.

Tab. 2.4

### **DANGER**

It signals a hazard with a high level of risk, an imminent hazardous situation that, if not avoided, causes death or serious harm.

### **WARNING**

It signals a hazard with a medium level of risk, a potentially hazardous situation that, if not avoided, could result in death or serious harm.

### **CAUTION**

It signals a hazard with a low level of risk, a potential hazardous situation that, if not avoided, could cause minor or moderate harm.

### **NOTICE**

It signals specific warnings, directions, or notes of special interest unrelated to physical injury and practices for which physical injury is not a credible possibility.

## 2.6 - RECIPIENTS, SUPPLY AND CONSERVATION OF THE MANUAL

The manual is intended for the qualified operator responsible and enabled to use and manage the equipment in all its phases of technical life.

It contains the information necessary for correct use of the equipment, in order to keep its functional and qualitative characteristics unchanged over time. All the information and warnings for correct use in complete safety are also provided.

The manual, like the declaration of conformity and/or test certification, is an integral part of the equipment and must always accompany it in every transfer or change of ownership. It is the user's duty to keep this documentation intact so that it can be consulted throughout the life of the equipment itself.

### **⚠ WARNING**

**It is forbidden to remove, rewrite or modify the pages of the manual and their contents.**

**Keep the manual near the equipment, in an accessible place known to all qualified technicians involved in its use and management.**

**PIETRO FIORENTINI S.p.A. disclaims all liability for any damage to people, animals and things caused by failure to observe the warnings and operating methods described in this manual.**

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## 2.7 - LANGUAGE

The original manual was written in Italian.

Any translations must be made starting from the original manual.

### **⚠ DANGER**

**The Manufacturer is not responsible for any incomplete translations. If an inconsistency is found, the text of the original manual must be followed.**

**If inconsistencies are found or the text is not understandable:**

- suspend all action;
  - Immediately contact the appropriate offices of PIETRO FIORENTINI S.p.A.
- 

### **⚠ WARNING**

**PIETRO FIORENTINI S.p.A. is only responsible for the information contained in the original manual.**

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## 2.8 - IDENTIFICATION PLATES APPLIED

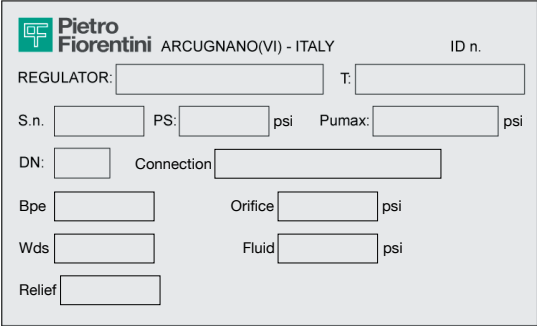
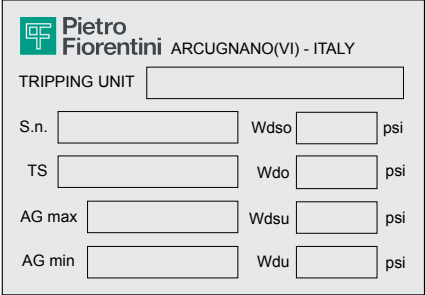
### **⚠ WARNING**

**It is absolutely forbidden to remove the identification plates and/or replace them with others. If, for accidental reasons, the plates are damaged or removed, the customer must inform PIETRO FIORENTINI S.p.A.**

The appliance and its accessories are equipped with identification plates.

The plates bear the identification details of the equipment and its accessories to be quoted if necessary to PIETRO FIORENTINI S.p.A.

Tab. 2.5 illustrates the identification plates applied:

Id.	Type	Image
1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>REGULATOR</li> <li>REGULATOR WITH IN-LINE MONITOR FUNCTION</li> <li>BUILT-IN MONITOR</li> </ul>	
3	BUILT-IN SLAM-SHUT VALVE	

Tab. 2.5

## 2.8.1 - IDENTIFICATION PLATES GLOSSARY

Tab. 2.6 describes the terms and abbreviations used on the identification plates:

Term	Description
<b>AC</b>	Accuracy class.
<b>AG max</b>	Pressure increase slam-shut valves accuracy class. "OPSO" (Over pressure shut off).
<b>AG min</b>	Pressure decrease safety devices accuracy class. "UPS0"(Under pressure shut off).
<b>bpu</b>	Inlet pressure range for which the regulator ensures a given accuracy class.
<b>CE</b>	Mark certifying compliance with applicable European directives.
<b>Cg</b>	Flow rate coefficient.
<b>Class</b>	Alphanumeric designation used as a reference in relation to a combination of mechanical and dimensional characteristics of the flanges in accordance with the relevant parts of the EN 1759 series, which includes the word Class followed by a dimensionless integer.
<b>DN</b>	Nominal size of the connections.
<b>Fail safe mode</b>	Regulator reaction mode (Fail open or Fail close).
<b>Flange</b>	Type of flanged connections or type of connection thread.
<b>Fluid</b>	Type of fluid compatible with the equipment.
<b>ID no.</b>	Number of the Notified Body involved in the conformity assessment of the equipment.
<b>Pilot</b>	Pilot family.
<b>PS</b>	Maximum allowable pressure for which the equipment was designed.
<b>Pumax</b>	Maximum inlet pressure at which the regulator can operate continuously under specific conditions.
<b>REGULATOR</b>	Equipment family.
<b>SG</b>	Shut-off pressure class.
<b>Slam shut device</b>	Slam-shut valve family.
<b>S.n.</b>	Serial number of the equipment.
<b>Strength type</b>	Strength class: Integral strength (IS) or differential strength (DS).
<b>T</b>	Admissible temperature range (min. and max.) for which the equipment was designed.
<b>Tripping unit</b>	Pressure switch family.
<b>Type</b>	Type and family of the accessory.
<b>Wd</b>	Complete range of set points that can be obtained by the regulator by adjusting and/or replacing some components (e.g. replacement of the valve seat or regulating element, e.g. spring).
<b>Wdo</b>	Full range of set points for tripping caused by pressure increase of the pressure switch incorporated in the slam-shut valve. This range can be achieved by adjusting and/or replacing the components (for example spring or sensing element).
<b>Wds</b>	Full range of set points that can be obtained by the regulator by adjustment but without component replacement.

Term	Description
<b>Wdso</b>	Full range of set points for tripping caused by pressure increase of the pressure switch incorporated in the slam-shut valve. This range can be achieved by adjustment but without component replacement.
<b>Wdu</b>	Full range of set points for tripping caused by pressure drop of the pressure switch incorporated in the slam-shut valve. This range can be achieved by adjusting and/or replacing the components (for example spring or sensing element).
<b>Wdsu</b>	Full range of set points for tripping caused by pressure drop of the pressure switch incorporated in the slam-shut valve. This range can be achieved by adjustment but without component replacement.

Tab. 2.6

## 2.9 - UNIT OF MEASUREMENT GLOSSARY

Measurement type	Unit of measurement	Description
<b>Volumetric flow rate</b>	Sm <sup>3</sup> /h	Standard cubic meters per hour
	Scfh	Standard cubic feet per hour
<b>Pressure</b>	bar	Unit of measurement in the CGS system
	psi	Pounds per square inch
	"wc	inch of water column
	Pa	Pascal
<b>Temperature</b>	°C	Celsius degree
	°F	Fahrenheit degree
	K	Kelvin
<b>Tightening torque</b>	Nm	Newton meter
	ft-lbs	Foot-pounds
<b>Sound pressure</b>	dB	Decibels
<b>Other measurements</b>	V	Volt
	W	Watt
	Ω	Ohm

Tab. 2.7

## 2.10 - QUALIFIED PROFESSIONALS

Qualified operators in charge of using and managing the equipment in all its phases of its service life:

Professional	Definition
<b>Mechanical maintenance technician</b>	<p>Qualified technician able to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>carry out preventive/corrective maintenance activities on all mechanical parts of the equipment subject to maintenance or repair;</li> <li>have access to all parts of the device for visual analysis, equipment status checking, adjustments and calibrations.</li> </ul> <p>The mechanical maintenance technician is not authorized to work on live electrical systems (if present).</p>
<b>Electric maintenance technician</b>	<p>Qualified technician able to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>carry out preventive/corrective maintenance activities on all the electrical parts of the device subject to maintenance or repair;</li> <li>read wiring diagrams and verify their correct functional cycle;</li> <li>intervene on the adjustments and on the electrical systems for maintenance, repair and replacement of worn parts.</li> </ul> <p>The electrical maintenance technician can operate in the presence of voltage inside the electrical panels, junction boxes, control equipment, etc. only if he is a suitable person (PEI). For the general prescriptions, refer to the CEI EN 50110-1:2014 standard.</p>
<b>Worker in charge of transport, handling, unloading its placement on site</b>	<p>Operator qualified to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>use lifting equipment;</li> <li>handle materials and equipment.</li> </ul> <p>The lifting and handling of the equipment must be done by strictly following the instructions provided by the Manufacturer and in compliance with the regulations in force in the place of installation of the equipment itself.</p>
<b>Installer</b>	<p>Qualified operator able to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>carry out all the operations necessary for a correct and safe installation of the equipment;</li> <li>carry out all the operations necessary for the correct functioning of the equipment and the system in safety.</li> </ul>
<b>User's technician</b>	<p>Technician trained and qualified to use and manage the equipment for the activities for which it was supplied. He/she must:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>be able to carry out all the operations necessary for the proper operation of the equipment and system, guaranteeing their own safety and that of other personnel present;</li> <li>have proven experience in the correct use of equipment such as those described in this manual and be trained, informed and instructed accordingly.</li> </ul> <p>The technician can carry out maintenance only if authorized/qualified.</p>

Tab. 2.8

## 3 - SAFETY

### 3.1 - GENERAL SAFETY WARNINGS

#### **⚠ WARNING**

The equipment described in this manual is:

- a device subject to pressure in pressurized systems;
  - normally included in systems transporting flammable gases (for example: natural gas).
- 

#### **⚠ WARNING**

If the gas used is a combustible gas, the area where the equipment is installed is called a "danger zone" because there are residual risks of the formation of potentially explosive atmospheres.

In and around "danger zones" it is absolutely:

- necessary there are no effective ignition sources present;
  - prohibited to smoke.
- 

#### **⚠ CAUTION**

Authorized operators shall not perform operations or interventions on their own initiative that are not within their competence.

Never work on the equipment:

- under the influence of intoxicating agents such as, for example, alcohol;
  - in the case of using drugs that can slow down reaction time.
- 

#### **NOTICE**

The employer must train and inform operators on how to behave during operations and what equipment to use.

---









Before installation, commissioning or maintenance, operators must:

- take note of the safety regulations applicable to the installation site where they are to operate;
- obtain, when required, the necessary authorizations to operate;
- equip themselves with the necessary personal protective equipment required in the procedures described in this manual;
- ensure that the area in which they are to work is equipped with the required collective protections and necessary safety signs.

### 3.2 - PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

In Tab. 3.9, Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and its description are shown. An obligation is attached to each symbol. Personal protective equipment means any equipment intended to be worn by the worker for the purpose of protecting him/her against one or more hazards likely to threaten his/her safety or health while at work.

For the assigned workers, depending on the type of work required, the most appropriate PPE of the following will be reported and should be used:

Symbol	Meaning
	<b>Mandatory to use protective or insulating gloves.</b> Indicates a requirement for personnel to use protective or insulating gloves.
	<b>Mandatory to use safety goggles.</b> Indicates a requirement for personnel to use protective goggles to protect their eyes.
	<b>Mandatory to use safety shoes.</b> Indicates a requirement for personnel to use safety shoes to protect their feet.
	<b>Mandatory to use noise protection devices.</b> Indicates a requirement for personnel to use earmuffs or earplugs for hearing protection.
	<b>Mandatory to wear appropriate protective clothes.</b> Indicates a requirement for personnel to wear the specific protective clothing.
	<b>Mandatory use of protective mask.</b> Indicates a requirement for personnel to use masks for respiratory protection in the event of a chemical hazard.
	<b>Mandatory to use hard hat.</b> Indicates a requirement for personnel to use the hard hat.
	<b>Mandatory to wear high-visibility vest.</b> Indicates a requirement for personnel to use high-visibility vests.

Tab. 3.9

#### **⚠ WARNING**

Each licensed operator is required to:

- take care of his own health and safety and that of other persons in the workplace, on whom the effects of his actions or omissions fall, in accordance with his training, instructions and means provided by the employer;
- use the PPE provided appropriately;
- immediately report to the employer, manager or supervisor deficiencies in the means and devices as well as any hazardous conditions of which they become aware.

### **3.3 - RESIDUAL RISKS**

The risks associated with the equipment and the principles adopted for their prevention are evaluated below, according to the following classification:

- a) Elimination and/or reduction of risk.
- b) Application of appropriate protective measures.
- c) information to users about residual risks.

### 3.3.1 - TABLE OF RESIDUAL RISKS DUE TO PRESSURE

Risk and Hazard	Event and Cause	Effect and Consequence	Solution and Prevention
<b>Pressurized gas outlet.</b>  <b>Projection of metal and non-pressurized parts.</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Violent impact;</li> <li>Impact (also from falling due to improper handling, etc.).</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Deformation;</li> <li>Broken connections and, if pressurized, even bursting.</li> </ul>	a. Handling and installation by appropriate means to avoid localized stresses. b. Installation in suitable places and spaces with appropriate protection, suitable packaging. c. Information in the instructions for use and warnings.
<b>Pressurized gas outlet.</b>  <b>Projection of metal and non-pressurized parts.</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Use of inappropriate fluids.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Corrosion;</li> <li>Embrittlement;</li> <li>Explosion.</li> </ul>	a. The user must verify that the fluid used corresponds to what is stated on the rating plate.
<b>Pressurized gas outlet.</b>  <b>Projection of metal and non-pressurized parts.</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Operation at temperatures below the minimum allowable temperature.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Embrittlement;</li> <li>Breaking;</li> <li>Explosion.</li> </ul>	a. Install in locations with temperature no lower than the minimum allowable temperature and/or properly insulate the equipment. b. The minimum allowable temperature is indicated on the nameplate.
<b>Pressurized gas outlet.</b>  <b>Projection of metal and non-pressurized parts.</b> <b>Explosion.</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Overpressure or exceeding rating plate limits (maximum allowable pressure)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Explosion;</li> <li>Breakage;</li> <li>Cracking;</li> <li>Permanent deformations.</li> </ul>	a. The device has appropriate design safety margins. b. The user should check the maximum pressure available to the equipment. c. The maximum allowable pressure is highlighted in the appropriate plate on the equipment.
<b>Fall of equipment.</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Hazardous handling.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Deformation;</li> <li>Cracking;</li> <li>Breaking.</li> </ul>	b. The user must equip himself with appropriately sized lifting equipment. c. The above requirements are given in the operating and warning instructions of the equipment.
<b>Fluid output at pressure.</b>  <b>Projection of metal and non-pressurized parts.</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Improper fixing of the equipment.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Deformation;</li> <li>Breaking.</li> </ul>	a. The equipment is provided with unified type process connections and compression fittings. b. The user must ensure proper attachment to the line. c. Indications in the instructions for use and warnings.

Risk and Hazard	Event and Cause	Effect and Consequence	Solution and Prevention
<b>Explosion of the pressurized fluid outlet device. Projection of metal parts.</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Operation at temperatures above the maximum allowable temperature.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Reduction in mechanical strength and breakage of the device;</li> <li>Explosion.</li> </ul>	<p>a. The user must equip the plant with suitable control and safety equipment.</p> <p>b. The maximum allowable temperature is indicated on the nameplate.</p>
<b>Pressurized gas leakage.</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Maintenance of the device with the system in operation.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Inappropriate opening of pressurized chambers.</li> </ul>	<p>a. The user shall perform any maintenance with the equipment not in operation.</p> <p>b. The above requirements are given in the instructions for use and warning.</p>
<b>Pressurized gas leakage.  Projection of metal and non-pressurized parts.</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>External loads bearing on the device.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Deformation;</li> <li>Crack formation;</li> <li>If pressurized, also burst.</li> </ul>	<p>a. With the exception of what is provided in the design, the user must verify that additional concentrated loads do not bear on the equipment.</p>
<b>Pressurized gas leakage.  Projection of metal and non-pressurized parts.</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Stray currents, differentials, electrostatic potentials.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Localized corrosion in the device.</li> </ul>	<p>b. The user shall equip the equipment with the necessary means of protection and grounding.</p> <p>c. The above requirements are given in the instructions for use and warning.</p>
<b>Pressurized gas leakage.  Projection of metal and non-pressurized parts.</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Humidity;</li> <li>Environments with aggressive atmosphere.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Deterioration of exterior surfaces;</li> <li>Corrosion.</li> </ul>	<p>a. The user should periodically check the condition of the exterior surfaces.</p> <p>b. The above requirements are given in the instructions for use and warning.</p>

Tab. 3.10

### 3.3.2 - RESIDUAL RISKS TABLE FOR POTENTIALLY EXPLOSIVE ATMOSPHERES

Tab. 3.11 shows the conditions that can lead to the generation of potentially explosive atmosphere respectively:

- of the pressure regulator
- of the monitor
- of the slam-shut valve

Considering that the silencer has no active functional parts, in this analysis it is considered as an integral part of the regulator. The table is valid for use with natural gas with a density not exceeding 0.8; for different densities, installation conditions and environmental conditions will also need to be evaluated.

**⚠ WARNING**

**If the gas used is a combustible gas, the area where the equipment is installed is called a "danger zone" because there are residual risks of the formation of potentially explosive atmospheres.**

**No effective sources of ignition are absolutely necessary in and around the "danger zones."**

Operating conditions	Potentially explosive atmosphere	Normative References	Management measures included in the operating and warning instructions
<b>First start-up</b>	No	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• During the production cycle, the external tightness of the equipment is checked at a value of 1.1 PS.</li> <li>• Before commissioning, the external tightness of the portion of the system on which the equipment is installed is tested at a convenient pressure (as specified in EN 12186 and EN 12279).</li> </ul>	The instructions for use indicate the need to meet the requirements of EN 12186 and EN 12279.
<b>Normal operating conditions</b>	No	<p>The above point applies, as well as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• the installation of the equipment is outdoors or in a naturally ventilated room (according to EN 12186 and EN 12279);</li> <li>• the installation is subject to supervision in accordance with applicable national regulations, good practice, and the equipment manufacturer's instructions (in accordance with EN 12186 and EN 12279).</li> </ul>	<p>The instructions for use state that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• the environment in which the equipment is installed must meet the requirement stated in EN 12186 and EN 12279;</li> <li>• periodic inspection and maintenance should be carried out during surveillance in accordance with applicable national regulations (if any) and the manufacturer's specific recommendations.</li> </ul>

Operating conditions	Potentially explosive atmosphere	Normative References	Management measures included in the operating and warning instructions
<b>Breakage of the control head diaphragm (malfunction)</b>	No	This event should be considered as a rare malfunction. All atmospheric pressure chambers bounded on at least one side by a diaphragm must be routed to a safe area (as per EN 12186 and EN 12279).	The instructions for use indicate the need to meet the requirements given in EN 12186 and EN 12279.
<b>Breakage of other non-metallic parts (malfunction)</b>	No	This type of malfunction is not reasonably expected since it involves static (outward) seals.	-
<b>Decommissioning</b>	No	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Pressure reduction of the section of the system where the equipment is installed must be accomplished with appropriate venting lines routed to a safe area (as per EN 12186 and EN 12279).</li> <li>• Exhaust of residual gas should be done as indicated above.</li> </ul>	In the instructions for use, the need to meet the requirements given in EN 12186 and EN 12279 is indicated
<b>Restart</b>	No	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• After a new regulator assembly, an external leak test should be performed at a convenient pressure value as specified by the manufacturer.</li> <li>• Before commissioning, the external tightness of the portion of the system on which the equipment is installed is tested at a convenient pressure (as specified in EN 12186 and EN 12279).</li> </ul>	The instructions for use state: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The minimum conditions for performing external leak tests;</li> <li>• The need to meet the requirements outlined in EN 12186 and EN 12279.</li> </ul>

Tab. 3.11

### 3.4 - OBLIGATIONS AND PROHIBITIONS

The list of obligations and prohibitions to be observed for operator safety is given below.

It is mandatory to:



- carefully read and understand the operating and warning instructions;
- verify that the downstream equipment is properly sized according to the performance required of the regulator under the actual operating condition;
- view the data on the identification plates before installing the equipment;
- avoid violent shocks and impacts that could damage the equipment resulting in the leakage of pressurized fluid.

It is forbidden to:

- operate in various capacities on the equipment without the PPE specified in the work procedures described in these operating and warning instructions;
- operate in the presence of open flames or approach open flames to the work area;
- smoke near the equipment or while you are working on it;
- use the equipment with parameters different from those indicated on the rating plate;
- use the equipment with fluids other than those indicated on the rating plate and in these operating and warning instructions;
- use the equipment outside the operating temperature range stated on the rating plate and in these operating and warning instructions;
- maintain the equipment with the portion of the plant, on which the equipment is installed, in operation;
- install or use the equipment in environments other than those specified in these operating and warning instructions.

### 3.5 - SAFETY PICTOGRAMS

The following safety pictograms may appear on equipment and/or packaging PIETRO FIORENTINI S.p.A.:

Symbol	Definition
	Symbol used to identify an ELECTRICAL HAZARD.
	Symbol used to identify a GENERIC HAZARD.

Tab. 3.12

#### **⚠ DANGER**

**It is strictly forbidden to remove the pictograms and safety labels on the equipment.**

**The user is required to replace pictograms and safety labels that, as a result of wear and tear, removal or tampering are illegible.**

### 3.6 - NOISE LEVEL

Depending on the operating conditions, usage and required configuration, the equipment may generate noise other than that allowed by the regulations in force in the country of installation.

For the generated noise value of the equipment and further information, please contact PIETRO FIORENTINI S.p.A.

#### **⚠ CAUTION**

**The requirement to use ear muffs or earplugs to protect the operator's hearing remains if noise in the equipment installation environment (depending on specific operating conditions) exceeds 85 dBA.**

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## 4 - DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION

### 4.1 - GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The FT 518 equipment is a direct-operated pressure regulator for medium and high pressure that reduces the pressure of the incoming gas. The value of the downstream pressure ( $P_d$ ) varies according to:

- the inlet pressure value
- the required flow rate within the operating conditions of the equipment

The main elements of the equipment are:

Pos.	Description	Pos.	Description
1	Regulator body	6	Control shaft
2	Adjusting head	7	Lever mechanism
3	Plug	8	Plug rod
4	Diaphragm protection disc	9	Adjustment spring
5	Diaphragm	10	Relief spring

Tab. 4.13

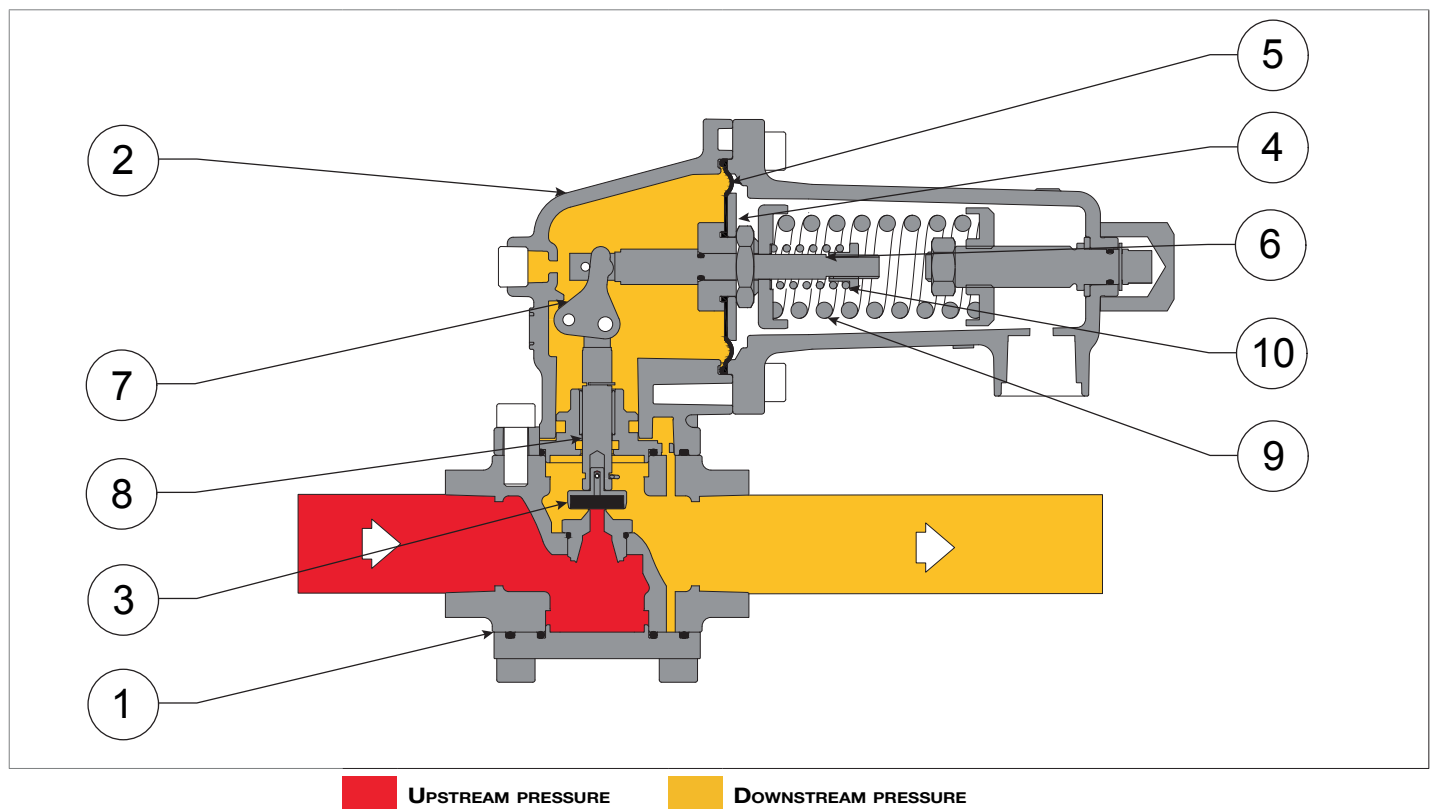


Fig. 4.1. General description FT 518

#### 4.1.1 - REGULATOR REACTION MODES

The FT 518 equipment is a direct-operated regulator with a "fail open" reaction, i.e. it opens in case of:

- rupture of the main diaphragm
- lack of downstream pressure signal.

#### 4.2 - OPERATION

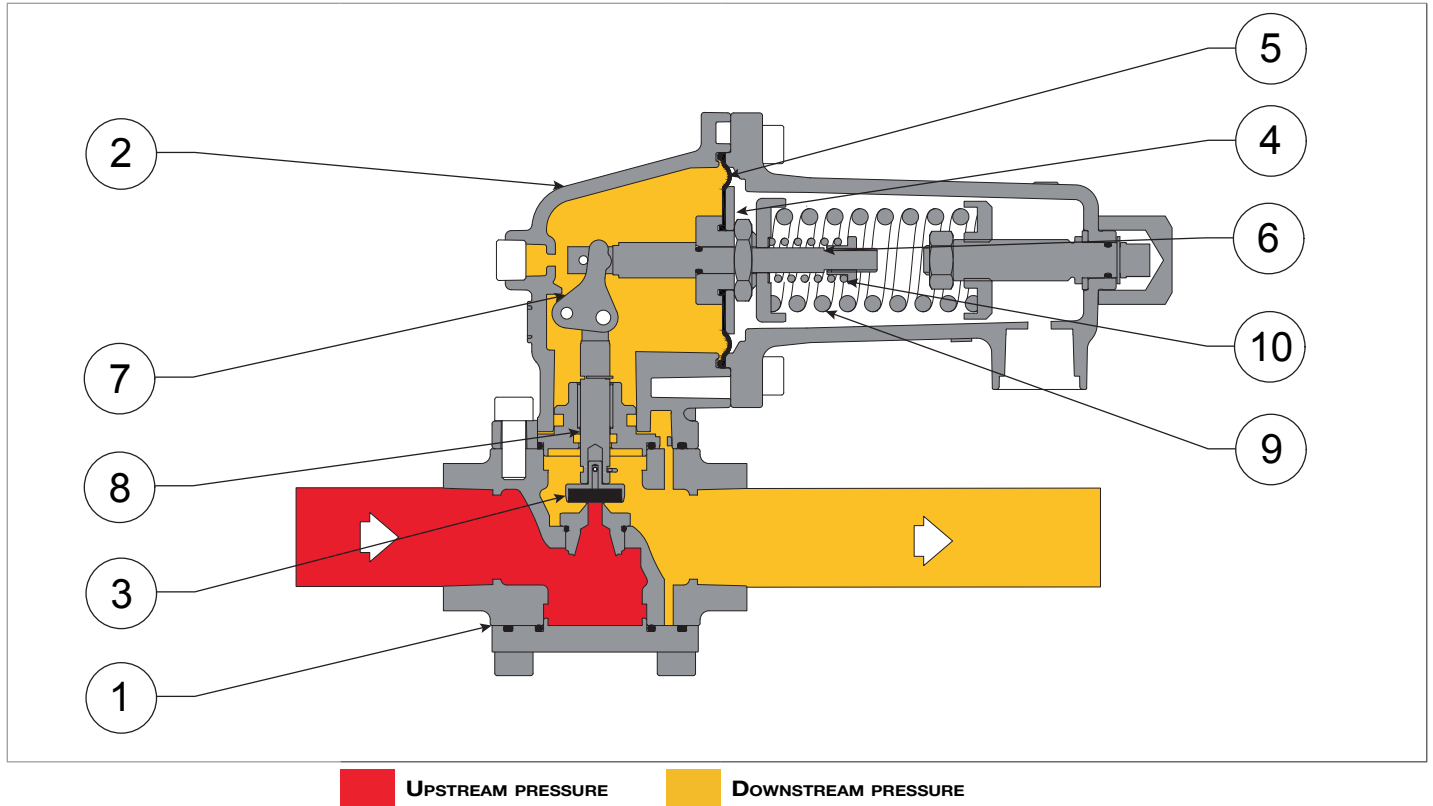


Fig. 4.2. Operation FT 518

In the absence of pressure and with calibration spring (9) charged, the plug (3) is held in the open position by the coupling of the plug rod (8) with the lever mechanism (7).

The outlet pressure (Pd) is controlled by comparing the load on the calibration spring (9) with the thrust that the outlet pressure (Pd) itself exerts on the diaphragm (5).

In this comparison, the following are considered:

- the weight of the moving equipment
- the dynamic thrusts acting on the plug.

The plug balance (3) is affected by the inlet pressure (Pu), the downstream pressure (Pd), the required flow rates, and the diameter of the installed seat.

The movement of the diaphragm (5) is transmitted from the drive shaft (6) and lever mechanism (7) to the plug rod (8) and plug (3).

Under normal operating conditions, the plug (3) is positioned to keep the pressure (Pd) around the chosen calibration value.

FT 518 can also be equipped with an internal relief to vent gas to the outside when the pressure at the control point exceeds the set pressure. This phenomenon is caused by short-term events such as gas overheating with zero flow rate or water hammers due to abrupt shut-off valve closures.

When the regulator is closed, any overpressure raises the diaphragm protection disc (4), exceeding the load of the springs (9, 10). In this way, a small bypass allows the overpressure to be relieved.

The presence of the active relief also protects the plug (3) from damage from sudden increases in downstream pressure (Pd). In case of increased downstream pressure (Pd), the diaphragm protection disc (4) rests on the top cover (2), limiting the stroke of the plug (3).

Operating conditions	Operational consequences	Final outcome
<p><b>Decrease in downstream pressure (Pd) due to:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>increase in the required flow rate;</b></li> <li>• <b>drop in upstream pressure (Pu).</b></li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Thrust on the diaphragm (5) is less than the load of the calibration spring (9)</li> <li>• The diaphragm (5) is lowered</li> <li>• The plug (3) moves to the open position</li> </ul>	<p>Increasing the downstream pressure (Pd) until the preset calibration value is restored.</p>
<p><b>Increased downstream pressure (Pd) due to:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>drop in the required flow rate;</b></li> <li>• <b>increase in upstream pressure (Pu).</b></li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Thrust on the diaphragm (5) is less than the load of the calibration spring (9)</li> <li>• The diaphragm (5) rises</li> <li>• The plug (3) moves to the closed position</li> </ul>	<p>Decreasing the downstream pressure (Pd) until the preset calibration value is restored.</p>

Tab. 4.14

## 4.3 - INTENDED USE

### 4.3.1 - INTENDED USE

The equipment in question is intended for:

Operation	Allowed	Not Allowed	Processing environment
<b>Downstream pressure regulation due to:</b>	Gaseous fluids, non-corrosive, preliminarily filtered.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Liquids.</li> <li>Any product other than the one allowed.</li> </ul>	Installations for the transport and distribution of natural gas for the supply of networks for use: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>civil;</li> <li>industrial.</li> </ul>

Tab. 4.15

The equipment in question is used as the main regulator and regulator with in-line monitor function.

It has been designed to be used only within the limits indicated on the identification plate and according to the instructions and limits of use given in this manual.

The indications to work safely are:

- use within the limits stated on the identification plate and on this manual;
- compliance with the procedures of the user manual;
- execution of routine maintenance in the times and in the manner indicated;
- execution of extraordinary maintenance in case of need;
- do not tamper with and/or bypass the safety devices.

### 4.3.2 - REASONABLY FORESEEABLE MISUSE

Reasonably foreseeable misuse means the use of the equipment in a way not foreseen at the design stage but which may result from easily predictable human behavior:

- corrosive fluids;
- fluids not properly treated upstream;
- liquids;
- instinctive reaction of an operator in the event of a malfunction, accident or failure during the use of the equipment;
- behavior resulting from pressure to keep the machine in operation in all circumstances;
- behavior resulting from carelessness;
- behavior resulting from the use of the equipment by unqualified and unsuitable persons;
- use of the equipment differently than envisaged in the paragraph "4.3.1 - Intended use".

Any other use of the equipment than that envisaged must be authorized in advance in writing by PIETRO FIORENTINI S.p.A. In the absence of written permission, the use is considered improper.

In the presence of "improper use", PIETRO FIORENTINI S.p.A. disclaims all responsibility in relation to any damage caused to things or people and considers any type of warranty on the equipment lapsed.

### 4.3.3 - TYPES OF FLUIDS

The equipment works with combustible gases used:

- in pressure control stations;
- in transportation and distribution networks.
- in commercial and industrial plants (after verification by contacting the Manufacturer).

#### NOTICE

**The equipment, after verification, by contacting the Manufacturer, can also be used with inert gases.**

#### 4.4 - TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS/PERFORMANCE

The FT 518 equipment is a regulator for medium and high pressure.

FT 518 is a "top entry" type regulator that allows easy maintenance and application of accessories in the field.

The main specifications of this regulator are:

Technical features	
Maximum allowable pressure	Up to 1000 psi
Ambient temperature range	-40 °F + 140 °F
Inlet gas temperature range	-4°F + 140°F
Inlet pressure range (bpu)	20- 1000 psi
Possible adjustment range (Wd)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>LP version: 5- 125 psi</li> <li>HP version: 110- 500 psi</li> </ul>
Minimum differential pressure	7 psi
Accuracy class (AC)	up to 10 (depending on operating conditions)
Shut-off pressure class (SG)	up to 10 (depending on operating conditions)

Tab. 4.16

Coefficients Cg and K1						
Seat diameter	3/32"	1/8"	3/16"	1/4"	3/8"	1/2"
Coefficient Cg	7.1	13	27.8	50	110	150
Coefficient K1	110	110	110	110	110	110

Tab. 4.17

#### 4.5 - POSSIBLE CONFIGURATIONS

The FT 518 equipment can have different configurations through the installation one of the following accessories:

- Built-in monitor PM/518
- Built-in SB/518 slam-shut valve

The installation of the accessories can be carried out directly in the factory or, at a later time, directly in the field.

#### **NOTICE**

**The installation of accessories is described in the relevant chapter of this manual.**

---

#### 4.5.1 - REGULATOR WITH IN-LINE MONITOR FUNCTION

The regulator with monitor function (1) has the task of keeping the value of the downstream pressure ( $P_d$ ) within the predetermined limits in case of failure of the main regulator.

The regulator with monitor function is installed upstream of the main pressure regulator and has a sensing line connected downstream of the main regulator. The internal sensing line is inhibited.

When tripped, the unbalancing forces change from the monitor mode in the fully open position to the monitor mode in the working position. For better adjustment, in the regulator with in-line monitor function, it is preferable to mount the valve seat with a diameter of 3/8" or larger.

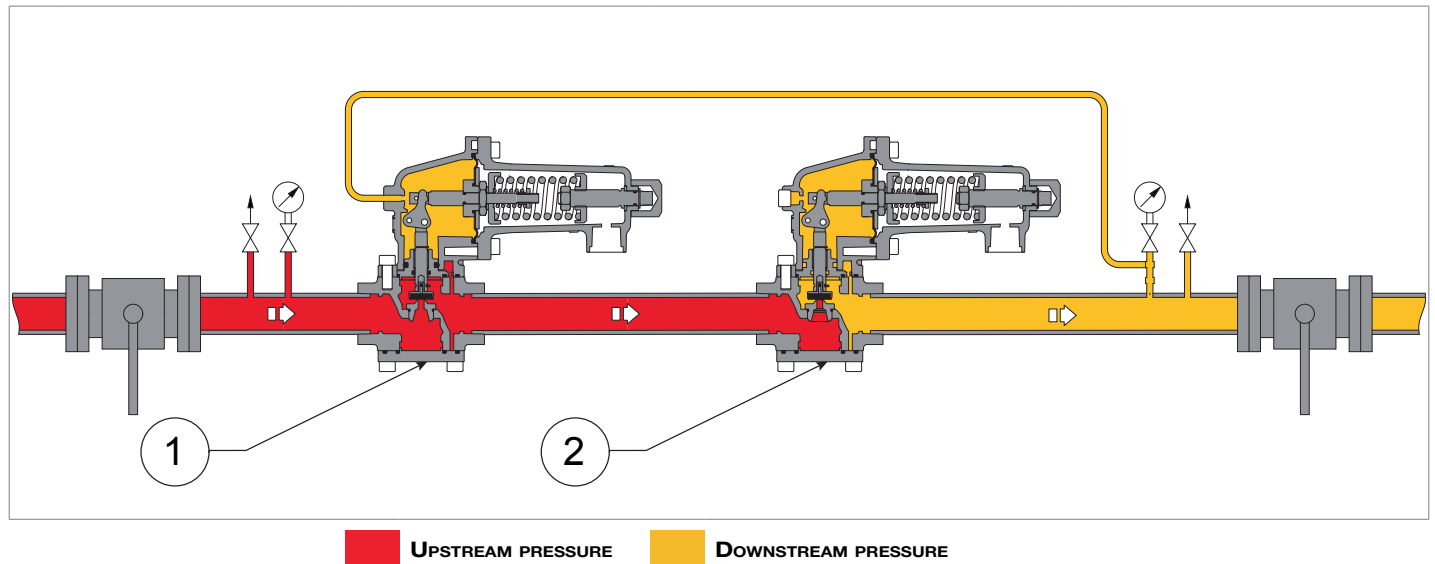
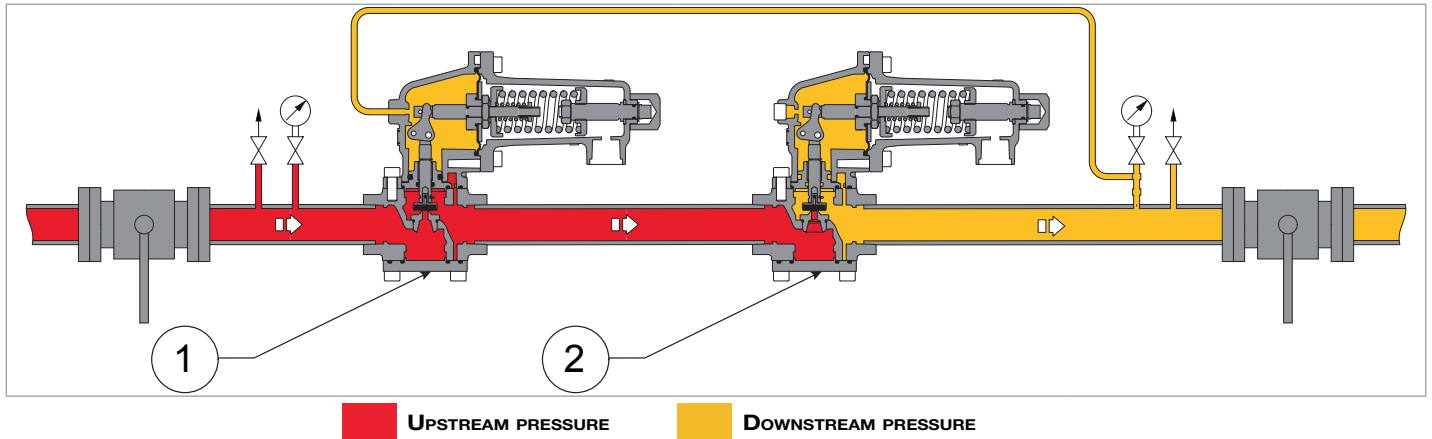


Fig. 4.3. FT 518 with in-line monitor

### IN-LINE REGULATOR-MONITOR OPERATION IN STANDBY CONDITIONS

The regulator with monitor function, during normal operation, is open due to its higher calibration of the main regulator calibration (2).



*Fig. 4.4. In-line regulator-monitor operation in standby conditions*

## IN-LINE MONITOR OPERATION UNDER MAIN REGULATOR FAULTY CONDITIONS

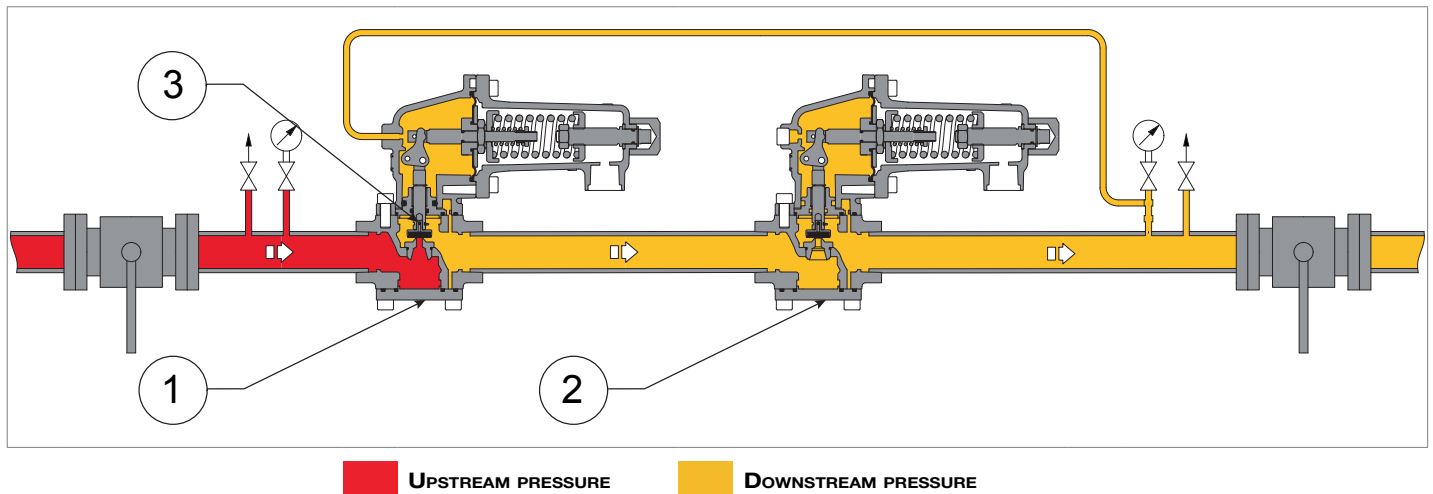


Fig. 4.5. In-line monitor operation under main regulator faulty conditions

In case of failure of the main regulator (2), the regulator with in-line monitor function (1) will trip keeping the downstream pressure value ( $P_d$ ) within the value established for the calibration of the latter.

If, during operation, the following should occur:

Operating conditions	Operational consequences	Final outcome
<b>Decrease in downstream pressure (<math>P_d</math>) due to:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• increase in the required flow rate;</li> <li>• drop in upstream pressure (<math>P_u</math>).</li> </ul>	Imbalance that causes the plug to open (3).	Increasing the downstream pressure ( $P_d$ ) until the preset calibration value is restored.
<b>Increased downstream pressure (<math>P_d</math>) due to:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• drop in the required flow rate;</li> <li>• increase in upstream pressure (<math>P_u</math>).</li> </ul>	Imbalance that causes the plug to close (3).	Decreasing the downstream pressure ( $P_d$ ) until the preset calibration value is restored.

Tab. 4.18.

## 4.5.2 - INCORPORATED MONITOR

The FT 518 equipment may include the installation of the built-in monitor PM/518.

The built-in monitor (1) has the task of keeping the value of the pressure downstream of the main regulator (2) within the pre-determined limits in case of failure of the latter.

The built-in monitor (1) is installed upstream of the main regulator (2). Having higher calibration than the main regulator, it is in the fully open position during normal operation.

### 4.5.2.1 - BUILT-IN MONITOR PM/518

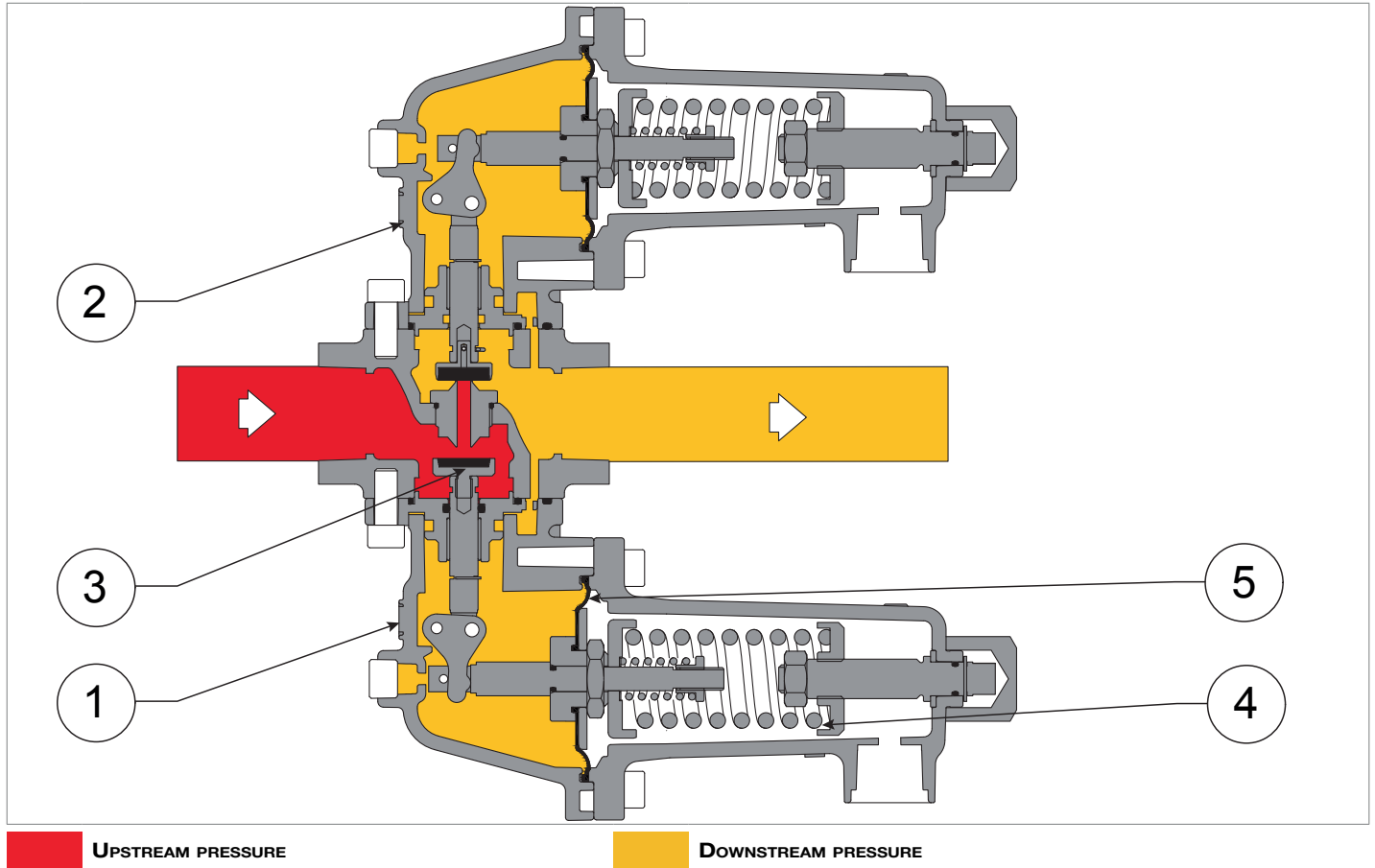


Fig. 4.6. Built-in monitor PM/518

During normal operation, the plug (3) is held in the open position by the calibration spring load (4).

In the event of failure of the main regulator (2), the downstream pressure ( $P_d$ ) is controlled by the comparison between the load of the calibration spring (4) and the force that the downstream pressure exerts on the diaphragm (5).

The unbalancing forces change from the monitor mode in the fully open position to the monitor mode in the working position. For better adjustment in the built-in monitor, it is preferable to mount the valve seat with a small diameter.

If, during operation, the following should occur:

Operating conditions	Operational consequences	Final outcome
<b>Decrease in downstream pressure (Pd) due to:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>increase in the required flow rate;</b></li> <li>• <b>drop in upstream pressure (Pu).</b></li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Thrust on the diaphragm (5) is less than the load of the spring (4)</li> <li>• The diaphragm (5) is lowered</li> <li>• The plug (3) moves to the open position</li> </ul>	Increasing the downstream pressure (Pd) until the preset calibration value is restored.
<b>Increased downstream pressure (Pd) due to:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>drop in the required flow rate;</b></li> <li>• <b>increase in upstream pressure (Pu).</b></li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Thrust on the diaphragm (5) is higher than the load of the spring (4)</li> <li>• The diaphragm (5) rises</li> <li>• The plug (3) moves to the closed position</li> </ul>	Decreasing the downstream pressure (Pd) until the preset calibration value is restored.

Tab. 4.19.

### 4.5.3 - SLAM-SHUT VALVE

The slam-shut valve is a safety device that has the task of intercepting the gas flow if the pressure value at the control point exceeds the calibration value of the valve itself.

The slam-shut valve is incorporated to the main body of the equipment and consists of:

- a control system;
- the slam-shut mechanism.

If tripped, the slam-shut valve closes the regulator supply.

#### 4.5.3.1 - BUILT-IN SB/518 SLAM-SHUT VALVE

The built-in SB/518 slam-shut valve can be operated:

- from the pressure switch;
- with remote control (optional).

The main features of the built-in SB/518 slam-shut valve are:

- tripping due to increase and / or decrease of the downstream pressure;
- design pressure: 1000 psi;
- precision of intervention (AG): 5% of the calibration value for pressure increase; 15% of the calibration value for pressure decrease
- built-in bypass to balance pressures and facilitate device reset.

The built-in SB/518 slam-shut valve consists of (see Fig. 4.7):

Pos.	Description		
1	Plug	6	Intervention spring for pressure increase
2	Reset knob	7	Intervention spring for pressure reduction
3	Coupling device	8	Spring support
4	Rod	9	Control shaft
5	Diaphragm	10	Probe

Tab. 4.20.

## OPERATION

In the control head (C), the downstream pressure ( $P_d$ ) acts on the diaphragm (5), which integral with the control shaft (9) receives an opposite force through the springs (6, 7), which determines the intervention by increase or decrease in pressure.

In case of intervention due to pressure increase:

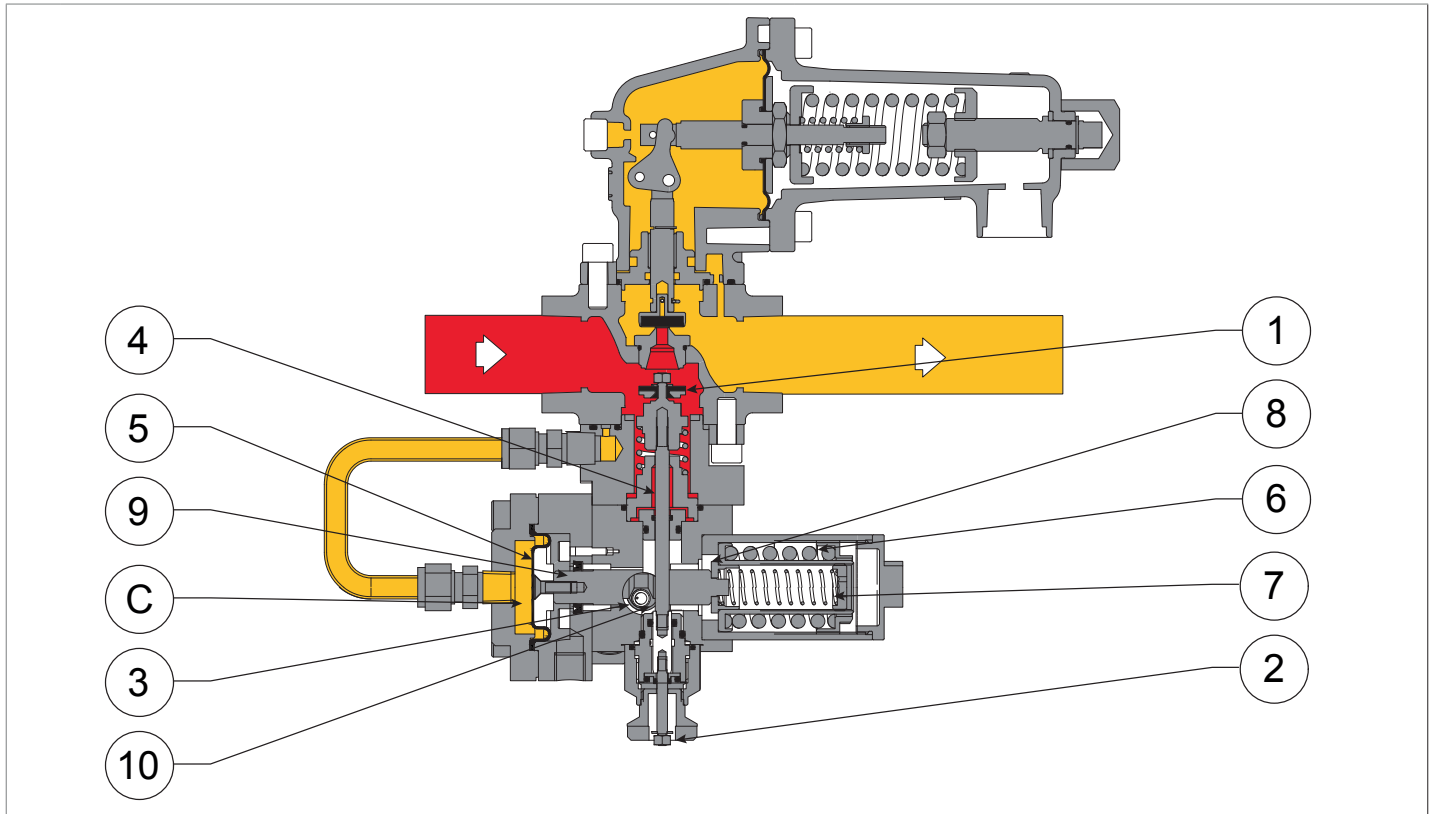
- the downstream pressure ( $P_d$ ) exceeds the calibration value
- the load on the diaphragm (5) increases until the spring resistance is overcome (6)
- translation of the control shaft (9) moves the probe (10) through the cam, disengaging the lever mechanism and causing the valve seat to be closed by the plug (1).

In case of intervention due to pressure reduction:

- the downstream pressure ( $P_d$ ) decreases below the calibration value
- the load on the diaphragm (5) decreases until it is overridden by the spring load (7)
- translation of the control shaft (9) moves the probe (10) through the cam, disengaging the lever mechanism and causing the valve seat to be closed by the plug (1).

To reset the slam-shut valve:

- pull the reset knob (2) downward until it creates a bypass
- wait for the upstream pressure ( $P_u$ ) to pass downstream of the plug (1), balancing it
- pull the reset knob (2) down until the linkage is re-coupled
- insert the reset knob (2) into its seat.



**UPSTREAM PRESSURE**

**DOWNSTREAM PRESSURE**

Fig. 4.7. FT 518 with built-in SB/518 slam-shut valve

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## 5 - TRANSPORT AND HANDLING






### 5.1 - SPECIFIC WARNINGS FOR TRANSPORT AND HANDLING

#### NOTICE

The transport and handling activities, in compliance with the regulations in force in the country of destination of the equipment, must be carried out by personnel:

- qualified (specially trained);
- aware of the rules of accident prevention and safety in the workplace;
- authorized to use the lifting equipment and vehicles.

#### Transportation by forklift or crane

<b>Operator qualification</b>	Worker in charge of transport, handling, unloading and placement on site
<b>PPE required</b>	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: center; gap: 10px;">      </div> <p style="background-color: #ff8c00; color: white; padding: 2px; margin: 5px 0;"><b>⚠ WARNING</b></p> <p>The PPE listed in this chart relates to the risk associated with the equipment. For the PPE required to protect against risks associated with the workplace, installation or operating conditions, refer to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• the regulations in force in the country of installation;</li> <li>• <u>any indications provided by the Safety Manager at the installation facility.</u></li> </ul>
<b>Lifting gear</b>	Hoist crane, forklift or suitable similar means.
<b>Weights and dimensions of the equipment</b>	Refer to paragraph “5.2 - Physical characteristics of the equipment” for dimensions and weights.

Tab. 5.21

### 5.1.1 - PACKAGING AND FASTENING SYSTEMS USED FOR TRANSPORT

The transport packaging has been designed and manufactured in order to avoid damage during normal transport, storage and handling.

The equipment and spare parts must be kept in their respective packaging until they are installed.




Upon receipt of the equipment:

- check that the packaging is intact and that no part has been damaged during transport and/or handling;
- immediately report to PIETRO FIORENTINI S.p.A. any damage found.

#### **NOTICE**

**PIETRO FIORENTINI S.p.A. is not liable for damage to property or persons caused by accidents due to failure to comply with the instructions given in this manual.**

Tab. 5.22 shows the types of packaging used:

Ref.	Type of packaging	Image
A	Cardboard box	
B	Wooden box	
C	Pallet	

Tab. 5.22

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**5.2 - PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS OF THE EQUIPMENT**

**5.2.1 - FT 518**

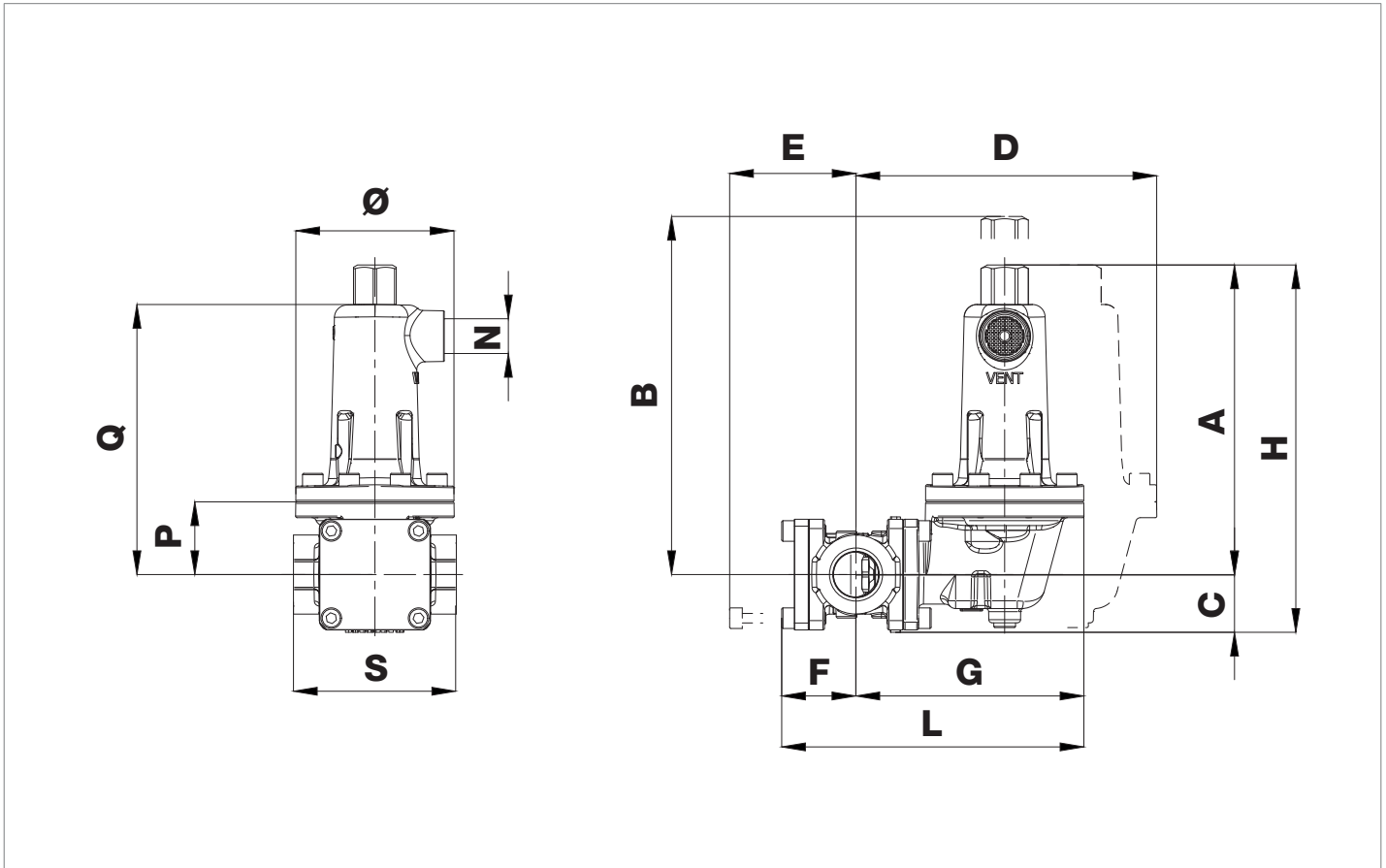


Fig. 5.8. Physical characteristics FT 518

Clearances and dimensions FT 518 [inches]	
<b>A</b>	7.7"
<b>B</b>	8.4"
<b>C</b>	1.4"
<b>D</b>	6.38"
<b>E</b>	3.46"
<b>F</b>	1.85"
<b>G</b>	5.65"
<b>H</b>	9.1"
<b>L</b>	7.5"
<b>P</b>	1.8"
<b>Q</b>	6.73"
<b>S</b>	DN 20, DN 25: 4 DN 50: 5.2
<b>Ø</b>	3.94"
<b>PULSE</b>	1/4 NPT
<b>VENTING</b>	3/4 NPT

Tab. 5.23

Weights [lbs]	
<b>1" NPT</b>	7.7
<b>3/4 NPT</b>	
<b>2" NPT</b>	10.1

Tab. 5.24

5.2.2 - FT 518 + PM/518

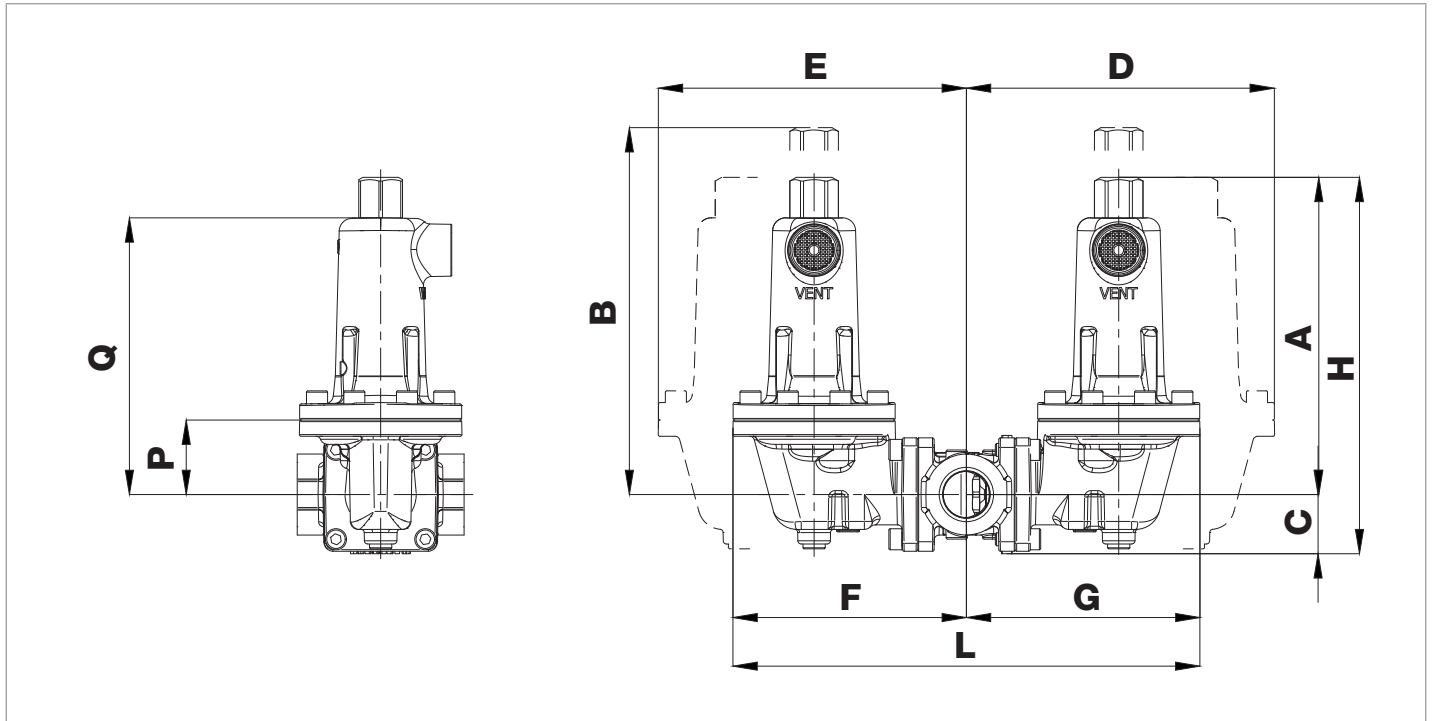


Fig. 5.9. Physical characteristics FT 518 + PM/518

Clearances and dimensions FT 518 + PM/518 [inches]	
<b>A</b>	7.7"
<b>B</b>	8.4"
<b>C</b>	1.4"
<b>D</b>	6.38"
<b>E</b>	6.38"
<b>F</b>	5.65"
<b>G</b>	5.65"
<b>H</b>	9.1"
<b>L</b>	11.3"
<b>P</b>	1.8"
<b>Q</b>	6.73"
<b>S</b>	DN 20, DN 25: 4 DN 50: 5.2
<b>Ø</b>	3.94"
<b>PULSE</b>	1/4 NPT
<b>VENTING</b>	3/4 NPT

Tab. 5.25

Weights [lbs]	
<b>1" NPT</b>	12.12
<b>3/4 NPT</b>	
<b>2" NPT</b>	14.5

Tab. 5.26

5.2.3 - FT 518 + SB/518

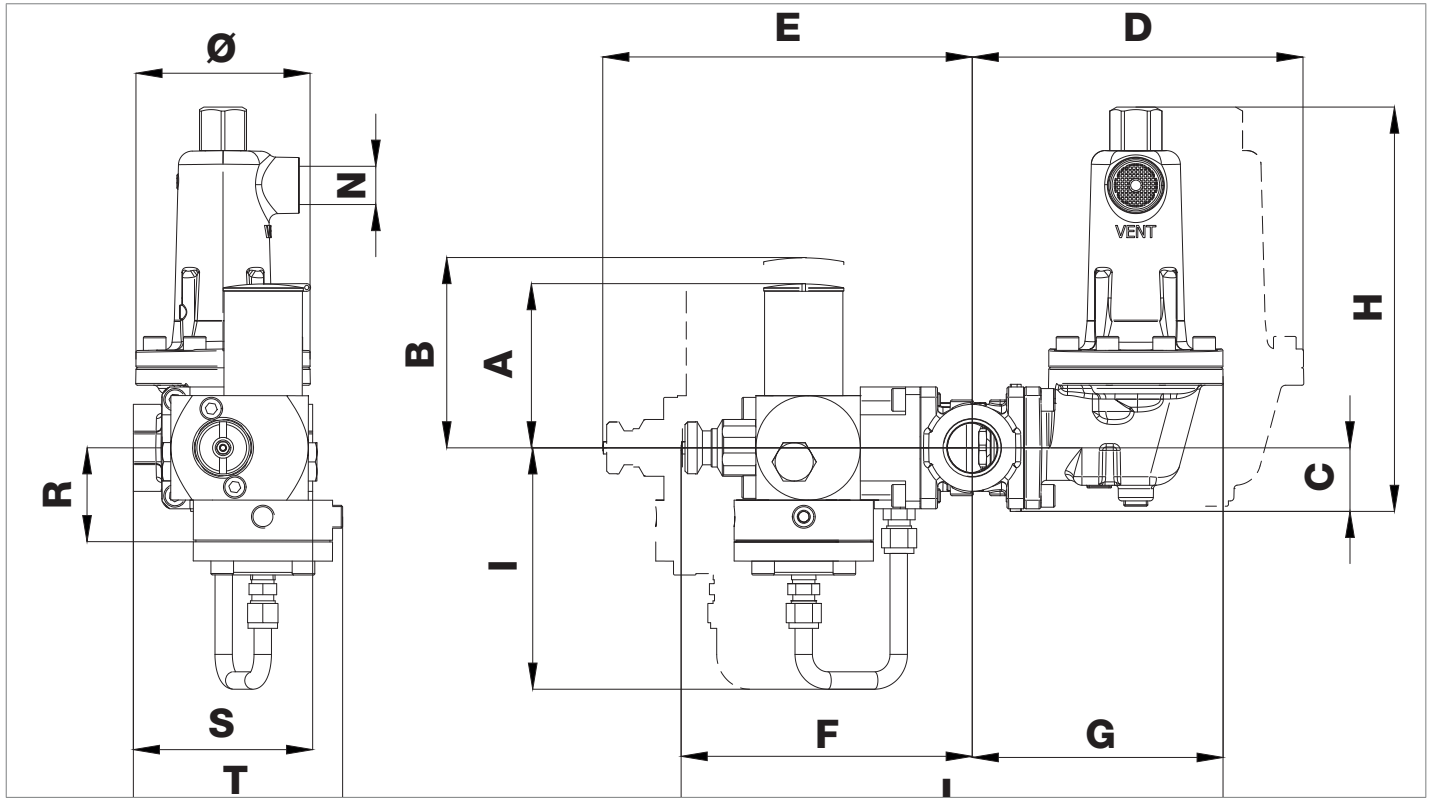


Fig. 5.10. Physical characteristics FT 518 + SB/518

Clearances and dimensions FT 518 + SB/518 [inches]	
<b>A</b>	3.7"
<b>B</b>	4.0"
<b>C</b>	1.4"
<b>D</b>	6.38"
<b>E</b>	7.4"
<b>F</b>	6.6"
<b>G</b>	5.65"
<b>H</b>	9.1"
<b>L</b>	6.0"
<b>P</b>	12.3"
<b>Q</b>	2.15"
<b>S</b>	DN 20, DN 25: 4 DN 50: 5.2
<b>T</b>	5.2"
<b>Ø</b>	3.94"
<b>PULSE</b>	1/4 NPT
<b>VENTING</b>	3/4 NPT

Tab. 5.27

Weights [lbs]	
<b>1" NPT</b>	16.3
<b>3/4 NPT</b>	
<b>2" NPT</b>	18.7

Tab. 5.28

### 5.3 - METHOD FOR ANCHORING AND LIFTING THE EQUIPMENT

#### **⚠ DANGER**

Before moving a load, make sure that its weight does not exceed the load capacity of the lifting means (and any other equipment) indicated on the specific plate.

---

#### **⚠ WARNING**

The unloading, transport and handling activities must be carried out by operators qualified for such operations and specially trained:

- on accident prevention rules;
  - on safety in the workplace;
  - on the use of the lifting equipment.
- 

#### **⚠ CAUTION**

Before moving the equipment:

- remove or firmly secure any moving or hanging component to the load;
  - protect the most delicate equipment;
  - check that the load is stable;
  - make sure you have perfect visibility along the route.
-

### 5.3.1 - FORKLIFT HANDLING METHOD

#### **⚠ DANGER**

It is forbidden to:

- pass under suspended loads;
- move the load over the personnel working in the site/plant area.

#### **⚠ WARNING**

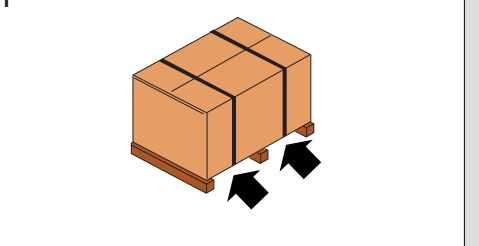
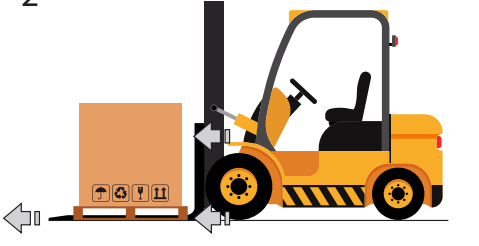


On forklift trucks it is forbidden to:


- transport passengers;
- lift people.

#### **NOTICE**

The packaging must always be handled in an upright position.

Proceed as described in Tab. 5.29:

Step	Operation	Image
1	Place the forklift forks under the loading surface.	
2	Make sure that the forks protrude from the front of the load (at least 5 cm), for a sufficient length to eliminate any risk of the transported load tipping over.	
3	Raise the forks until contact with the load. <b>NOTICE</b> If necessary, secure the load to the forks with clamps or similar devices.	
4	Slowly lift the load by a few dozens of centimeters and check its stability making sure that the center of gravity of the load is in the middle of the lifting forks.	

Step	Operation	Image
5	Tilt the mast backwards (toward the driver's seat) to take advantage of the tipping moment and ensure greater stability of the load during transport.	<p>5</p> 
6	<p>Adjust the transport speed according to the flooring and the type of load, avoiding sudden maneuvers.</p> <p><b>⚠ WARNING</b></p> <p>If:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• encumbrances along the route;</li> <li>• particular operating situations;</li> </ul> <p><b>do not allow the operator to have a perfect view, the assistance of an operator on the ground is required, standing outside the range of action of the lifting means, with the task of signaling.</b></p>	-
7	Place the load in the chosen installation area.	-

Tab. 5.29

### 5.3.2 - CRANE HANDLING METHOD

#### **⚠ WARNING**

It is compulsory to use chains, cables and eyebolts marked CE or marked with marks/conformity markings in accordance with the provisions in force in the place of installation. Do not use chains connected to each other by bolts.

Always check that:

- the safety catch of the hook returns to its initial position;
- the cables are in excellent condition with adequate cross-section.

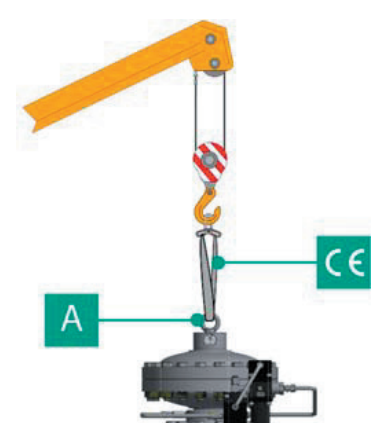
It is forbidden to:

- scrape the load on the ground;
- operate near power lines;
- stand within the range of action of the crane.

#### **NOTICE**


**The packaging must always be handled in an upright position.**

The handling of the equipment must be performed using the lifting points provided on the equipment itself. To carry out the transport correctly, proceed as in Tab. 5.30:

Step	Operation	Image
1	Hook the lifting cable or chain to the appropriate supports (A). <b>⚠ WARNING</b> <b>The lifting point is sized to lift only the equipment and not other parts of the plant connected to it.</b>	
2	Slightly lift the load making sure that the cables or chains are tight. <b>NOTICE</b> <b>Verify that the load is properly balanced.</b>	
3	Move the load avoiding sudden maneuvers.	
4	Place the load in the chosen installation area.	

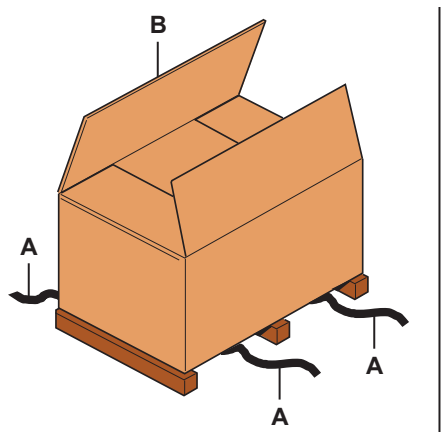
Tab. 5.30

## 5.4 - UNPACKING

Packing removal	
<b>Operator qualification</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Worker in charge of transport, handling, unloading its placement on site;</li> <li>Installer.</li> </ul>
<b>PPE required</b>	<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;">  <div style="margin-left: 10px;"> <p><b>⚠ WARNING</b></p> <p>The PPE listed in this chart relates to the risk associated with the equipment. For the PPE necessary to protect against risks associated with the workplace or operating conditions, refer to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>the regulations in force in the country of installation;</li> <li><u>any indications provided by the Safety Manager at the installation facility.</u></li> </ul> </div> </div>

Tab. 5.31

To unpack the equipment in the cardboard box, proceed as described in Tab. 5.32:

Step	Operation	Image
1	Remove the straps (A).	
2	Remove the packing box (B).	
3	Remove the clips that secure the equipment to the base (when present).	
4	<p>Move the equipment from the base to the place intended for it.</p> <p><b>NOTICE</b></p> <p><u>To manually handle the packages, if their size/weight requires it, employ at least 2 operators.</u></p>	

Tab. 5.32

### NOTICE

After removing all packing materials, check for any anomalies.

In the presence of anomalies:

- do not perform the installation operations;
- contact PIETRO FIORENTINI S.p.A. communicating the data shown on the identification plate of the equipment.

### 5.4.1 - PACKAGING DISPOSAL

#### NOTICE

Separate the various materials making up the packaging and dispose of them in compliance with the regulations in force in the country of installation.

## 5.5 - STORAGE AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

If the equipment is to be stored for a long period, the minimum envisaged environmental conditions are shown. Only compliance with these requirements can guarantee the declared performance:

Conditions	Data
Maximum storage period	Maximum 3 years. <b>NOTICE</b> <b>For installations in subsequent periods, consult the paragraph “5.5.1 - Pre-installation warnings after prolonged storage”.</b>
Temperature	Not higher than 25°C
Humidity	Not more than 70%
Radiation	Far from radiation sources as per UNI ISO 2230:2009 standard

Tab. 5.33

### 5.5.1 - PRE-INSTALLATION WARNINGS AFTER PROLONGED STORAGE

For installations following storage periods exceeding 3 years, it is necessary to check the conditions of all rubber parts and, if these are deteriorated, replace them so as to be able to guarantee correct operation of the equipment.

To replace the rubber parts of the equipment, refer to chapter “Maintenance and functional testing”.

#### **NOTICE**

**PIETRO FIORENTINI S.p.A. recommends checking the state of conservation of the rubber parts for periods of inactivity or storage exceeding 3 years.**

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## 6 - INSTALLATION

### 6.1 - INSTALLATION PRE-REQUISITES

#### 6.1.1 - PERMISSIBLE ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

##### **⚠ WARNING**

**For the safe use of the equipment, respecting the permitted environmental conditions, follow the data on the plate of the regulator and any accessories (refer to paragraph z).**

---

The place of installation must be suitable for safe use of the equipment.

The installation area of the equipment must have lighting that guarantees the operator good visibility during the work phases on the equipment.

## 6.1.2 - CHECKS BEFORE INSTALLATION

For the **allowable pressure PS** of the equipment, see Tab. 6.34 and Tab. 6.35:

### Allowable pressure (according to EN 334)

Version	Regulator body	Built-in slam-shut valve
	psi	psi
All versions	1000	1000

Tab. 6.34

### Allowable pressure (according to EN 334)

Reference	Control head	
	FT 518 LP	FT 518 HP
	psi	psi
Lid	750	750
Diaphragm	250	750
Maximum differential	200	650

Tab. 6.35

### **⚠ CAUTION**


Where the installation of the equipment requires the application of compression fittings in the field, these must be installed according to the instructions of the manufacturer of the fittings.

The choice of fittings must be compatible with:

- the specified use for the equipment;
- plant specifications when foreseen.

Before proceeding with the installation you must make sure that:

- the intended dimensions of the installation site are compatible with the dimensions of the equipment;
- there are no impediments to the maintenance operations of the employees;
- upstream and downstream pipes are at the same level and capable of bearing the weight of the equipment;
- the inlet and outlet connections of the pipes are aligned on the flanges;
- the input and output connections of the equipment are clean and have not been damaged;
- the inside of the upstream pipe is clean and free of processing residues such as welding slag, sand, paint residues, water, etc.

Installation	
<b>Operator qualification</b>	Installer
<b>PPE required</b>	<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;">  </div> <p><b>⚠ WARNING</b></p> <p>The PPE listed in this chart relates to the risk associated with the equipment. For the PPE required to protect against risks associated with the workplace, installation or operating conditions, refer to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• the regulations in force in the country of installation;</li> <li>• any indications provided by the Safety Manager at the installation facility.</li> </ul>
<b>Equipment required</b>	Refer to chapter “7 - Commissioning/maintenance equipment”.

Tab. 6.36

## 6.2 - INSTALLATION-SPECIFIC SAFETY WARNINGS

### ⚠ WARNING

Before proceeding with the installation phase, make sure that the upstream and downstream valves installed on the line are closed.

### ⚠ WARNING

The installation could also take place in environments at risk of explosion and this implies the adoption of all the necessary prevention and protection measures.

For these measures, please refer to the regulations in force at the place of installation.

### 6.3 - GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT CONNECTIONS

The equipment must be installed in the line with the arrow on the body facing in the direction of gas flow.  
In in-line installation as well as in square installation, the following must be present (see Fig. 6.11 and Fig. 6.12):

Pos.	Description
1	1 <b>shut-off valve upstream</b> of the equipment.
2	2 <b>vent valves</b> placed one upstream and one downstream of the equipment.
3	2 <b>pressure gauges</b> placed one upstream and one downstream of the equipment.
4	1 <b>pressure regulator</b> .
5	1 <b>downstream shut-off valve</b> .

Tab. 6.37

FT 518 can have external (Fig. 6.11) or internal (Fig. 6.12) sensing line.

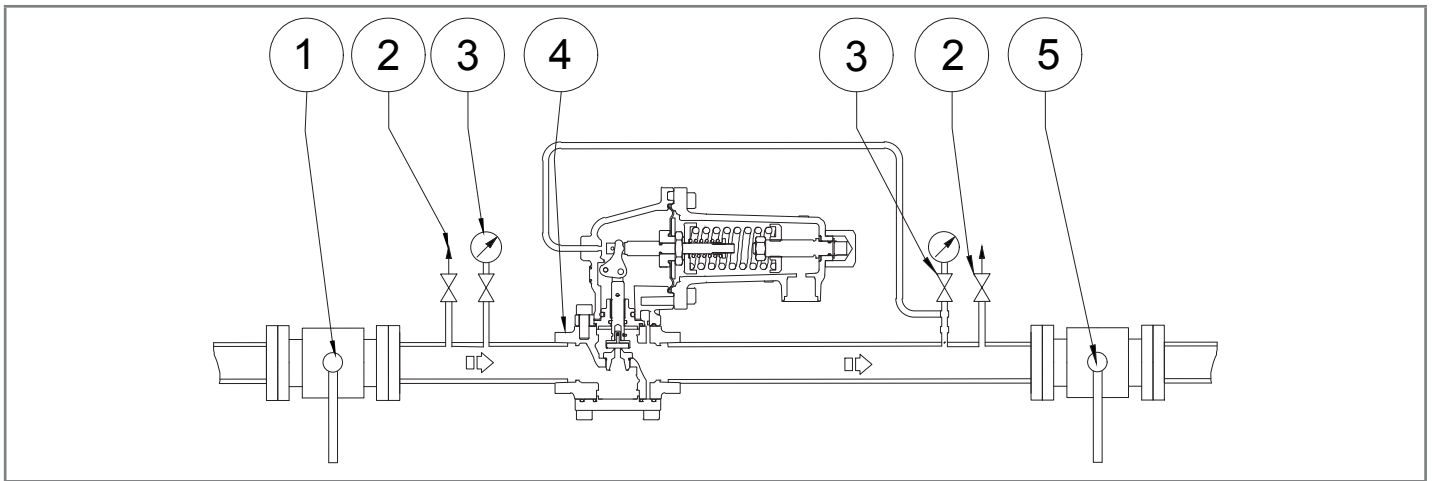


Fig. 6.11. In-line installation, external sensing line

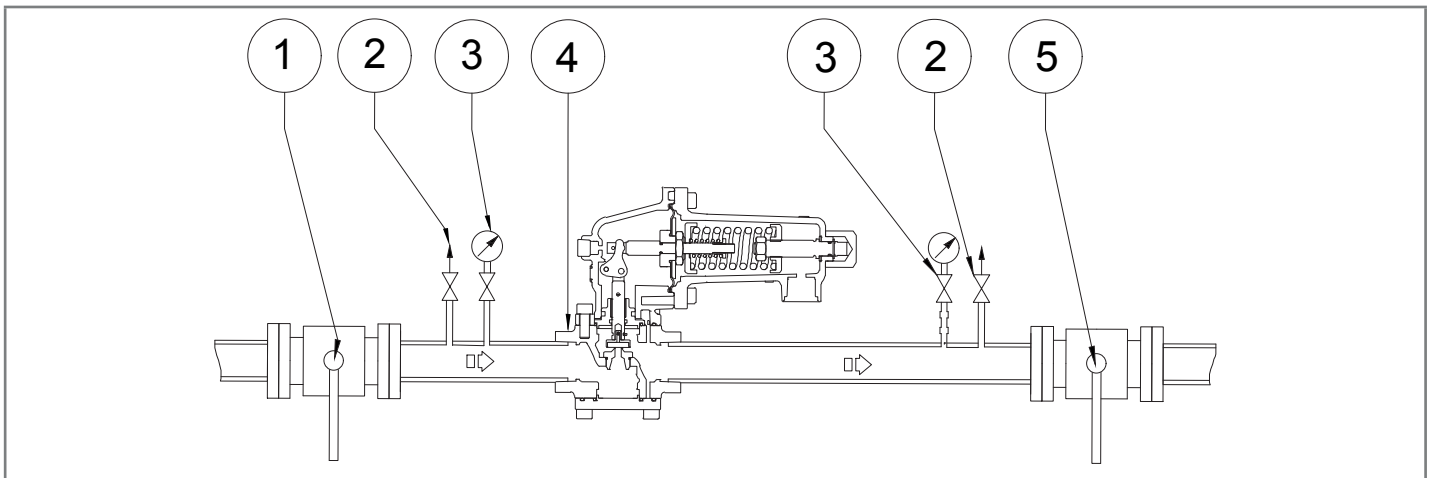


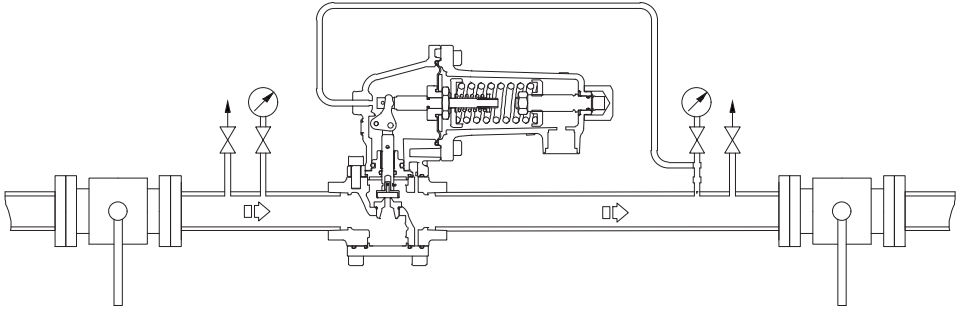
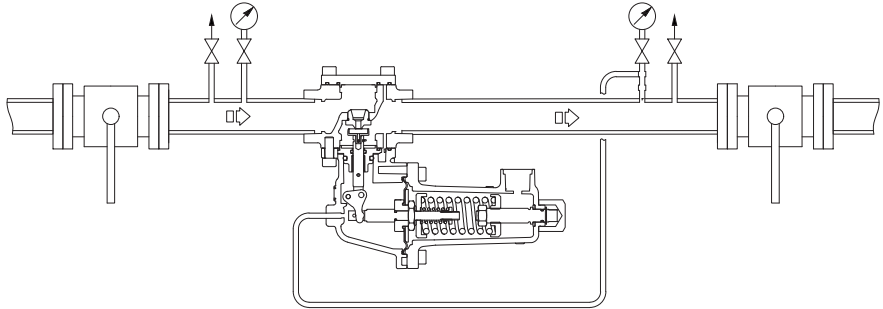
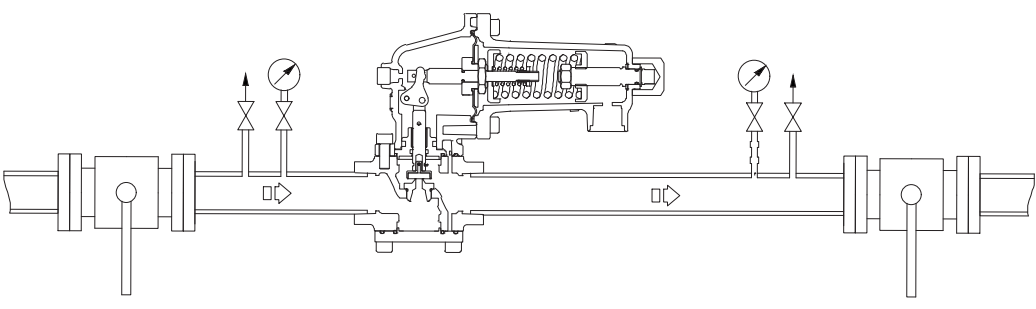
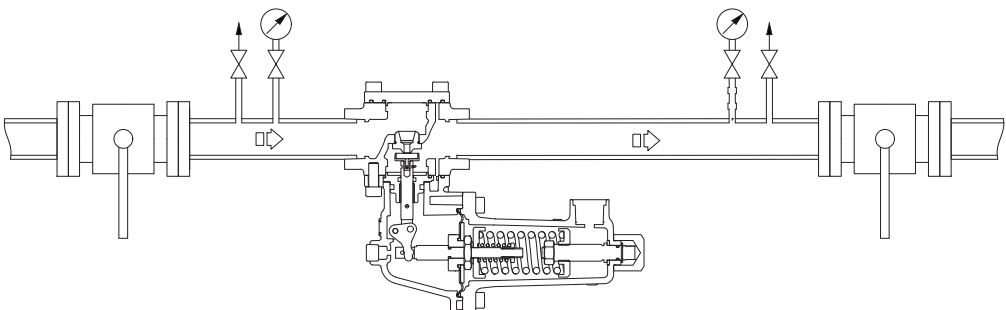
Fig. 6.12. In-line installation, internal sensing line

**NOTICE**

The vents of the equipment must be channeled according to standards in force at the place of installation of the equipment.

**6.4 - INSTALLATION LOCATIONS OF THE REGULATOR**

Tab. 6.38 illustrates the typical regulator positions:

Sensing lines	Installation location
External sensing line standard position	
External sensing line inverted position	
Internal sensing line standard position	
Internal sensing line inverted position	

Tab. 6.38.

## 6.5 - INSTALLATION PROCEDURES

### 6.5.1 - EQUIPMENT INSTALLATION PROCEDURE

Step	Operation
1	Connect the equipment to the pipeline in the section of the line designated for it.
2	Make sure there are no external leaks.

Tab. 6.39

### NOTICE

For installation carried out after maintenance, replace the gaskets.

### 6.5.2 - CONNECTING THE SENSING LINES TO THE DOWNSTREAM PIPELINE

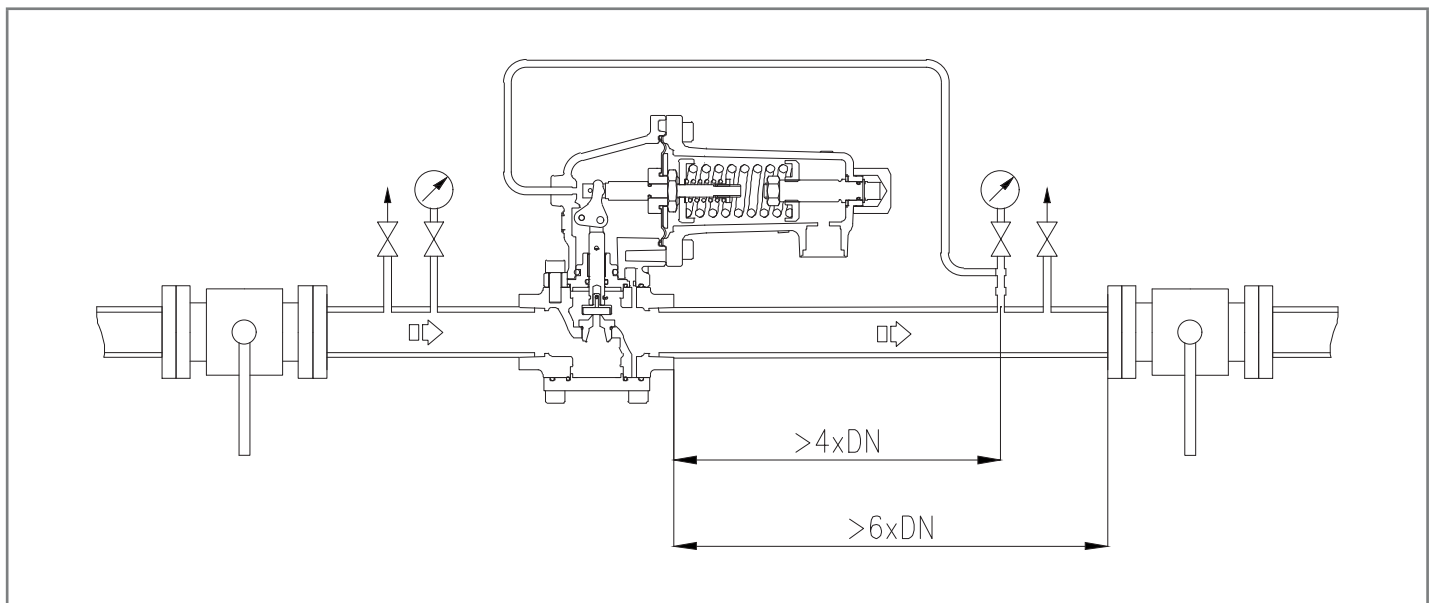


Fig. 6.13. Connecting sensing lines to the downstream pipeline

To obtain a good regulation it is essential that:

- the downstream shut-off valve is placed at least 6 times the nominal diameter of the tube downstream of the regulator;
- downstream sensing lines are placed on a straight section of pipe (of uniform diameter) with a length equal to at least 4 times the nominal diameter of the pipe itself;

For optimal performance, the velocity of the fluid under pressure at the setting point does not exceed the following values:

$V_{max} = 30 \text{ m/s}$  for  $P_a < 72.52 \text{ psi}$

$V_{max} = 25 \text{ m/s}$  for  $P_a < 72.52 \text{ psi}$

As limit of use, the velocity of the fluid under pressure at the setting point does not exceed the following values:

$V_{max} = 40 \text{ m/s}$  for  $P_a < 72.52 \text{ psi}$

To calculate the flow rate use the following formula:

$$V = 0.0498 \times \frac{Q}{DN^2} \times \frac{14.504 - 0,002 \times Pd}{14.504 + Pd}$$

**V** = gas speed in ft/sec

**Q** = Scfh gas flow rate

**DN** = nominal pipe diameter in inches

**Pd** = outlet pressure of the regulator in psi

### NOTICE

**All pneumatic connections to be made in the field must have pipes with a minimum internal diameter of 8 mm.**

To avoid the collection of impurities and condensation in the pipes of the sensing lines it is necessary that:

- pipe connections are always welded on the top or at max 90° to the axis of the pipe (refer to Fig. 6.14);
- the hole on the pipe has no burrs or internal protrusions;
- The slope of the pipeline is always 5-10% towards the connection of the downstream pipe.

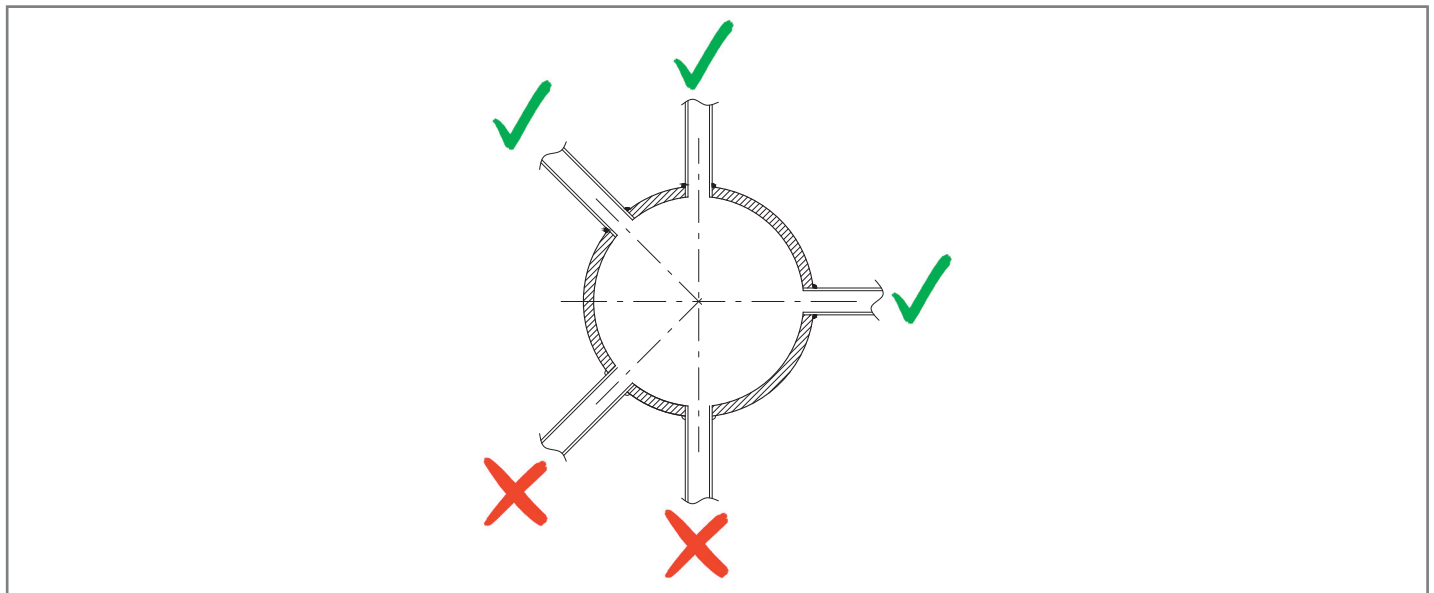


Fig. 6.14. Welded pipe connections

In case there is a sensing line, connect the connections of the equipment as follows:

- 1 and 2 sensing lines of the control head of the main regulator and the regulator with built-in monitor or monitor function;
- 3 and 4 free sockets;
- 5 and 6 sensing lines of the slam-shut valve when present.

### NOTICE

**It is not recommended to interpose shut-off valves on the sensing lines in case a multiple sensing line is present.**

**In any case, follow the regulations in force at the place of installation and use of the equipment.**

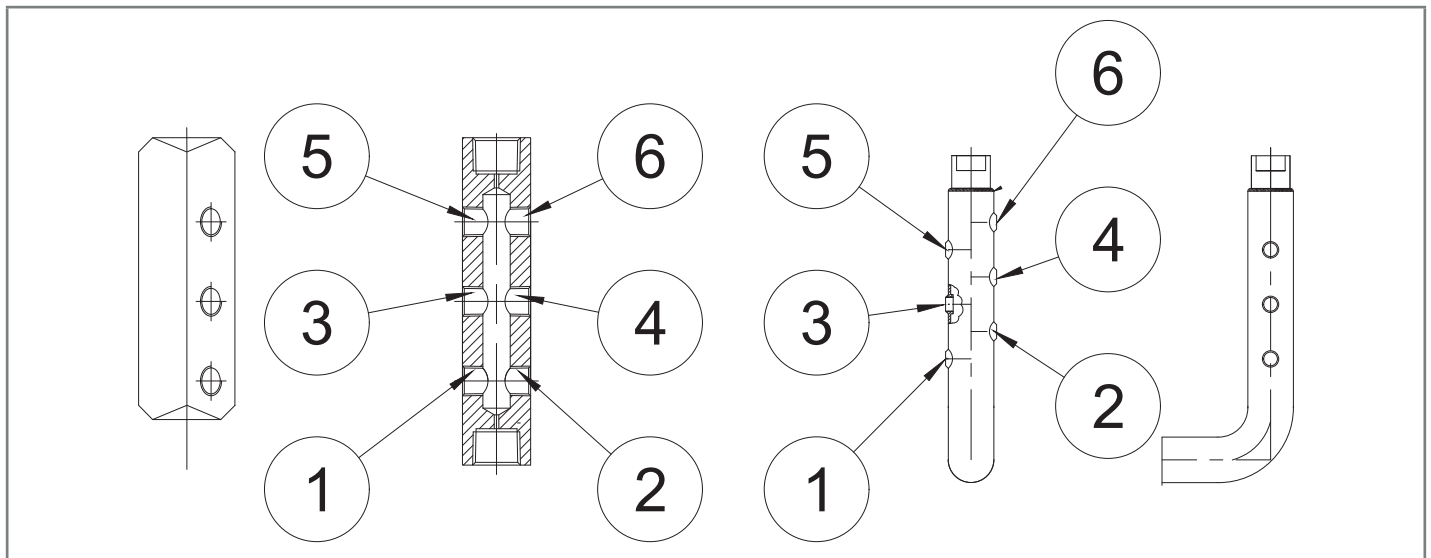


Fig. 6.15. Equipment connections


## 6.6 - POST-INSTALLATION AND PRE-COMMISSIONING VERIFICATION

In service you need to make sure that all connections are:

- properly secured/tightened to avoid any leakage during commissioning;
- connected correctly.



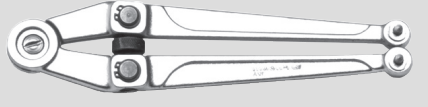

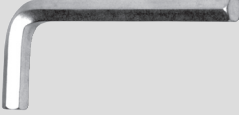

## 7 - COMMISSIONING/MAINTENANCE EQUIPMENT






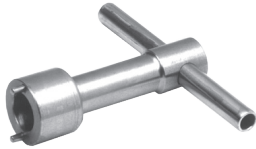


### 7.1 - EQUIPMENT LIST

Commissioning/maintenance equipment use	
<b>Operator qualification</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Mechanical maintenance technician;</li> <li>• Electrical maintenance technician;</li> <li>• Installer;</li> <li>• User technician.</li> </ul>
<b>PPE required</b>	<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;">  </div> <p style="background-color: orange; color: black; padding: 2px; margin: 5px 0;"><b>⚠ WARNING</b></p> <p>The PPE listed in this chart relates to the risk associated with the equipment. For the PPE required to protect against risks associated with the workplace, installation or operating conditions, refer to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• the regulations in force in the country of installation;</li> <li>• any indications provided by the Safety Manager at the installation facility.</li> </ul>

Tab. 7.40

Tab. 7.41 shows the types of equipment needed to commission and service the equipment:

Ref.	Type of equipment	Image
<b>A</b>	Combination wrench	
<b>B</b>	Adjustable roller wrench	
<b>C</b>	Needle roller compass wrench	
<b>D</b>	Double polygonal socket wrench	
<b>E</b>	Hexagonal male bent wrench	
<b>F</b>	Hexagonal male "T" wrench	

Ref.	Type of equipment	Image
<b>G</b>	Hexagonal socket "T" wrench	
<b>H</b>	Phillips screwdriver	
<b>I</b>	Slotted screwdriver	
<b>L</b>	O-ring extraction tool	
<b>M</b>	Ring pliers	
<b>N</b>	Fiorentini special key	
<b>O</b>	Fiorentini special key	
<b>P</b>	Fiorentini special tool	

Tab. 7.41

## 7.2 - EQUIPMENT NEEDED FOR THE DIFFERENT CONFIGURATIONS

Each table is distinguished by:

Term	Description
<b>Ch.</b>	Key, referring to the equipment shown in Tab. 7.41.
<b>Code</b>	Code, referring to equipment.
<b>DN</b>	Nominal diameter of the reference configuration.
<b>L.</b>	Length, referring to equipment.
<b>Ref.</b>	Equipment reference.
<b>Type</b>	Type (size) or code of equipment.

Tab. 7.42.

FT 518				
Equipment		Size [inches]		
Ref.	Type	3/4"	1"	2"
<b>A</b>	Ch.	17-19-24	17-19-24	17-19-24
<b>D</b>	Ch.	22	22	22
<b>E</b>	Ch.	6 - 1/4"	6 - 1/4"	6 - 1/4"
<b>F</b>	Ch.	6 - 1/4"	6 - 1/4"	6 - 1/4"
<b>G</b>	Ch.	8-11-15-22-24	8-11-15-22-24	8-11-15-22-24

Tab. 7.43

FT 518 + PM/518				
Equipment		Size [inches]		
Ref.	Type	3/4"	1"	2"
<b>A</b>	Ch.	17-19-24	17-19-24	17-19-24
<b>D</b>	Ch.	22	22	22
<b>E</b>	Ch.	6 - 1/4"	6 - 1/4"	6 - 1/4"
<b>F</b>	Ch.	6 - 1/4"	6 - 1/4"	6 - 1/4"
<b>G</b>	Ch.	8-11-15-22-24	8-11-15-22-24	8-11-15-22-24

Tab. 7.44

FT 518 + SB/518				
Equipment		Size [inches]		
Ref.	Type	3/4"	1"	2"
<b>A</b>	Ch.	17-19-24	17-19-24	17-19-24
<b>D</b>	Ch.	22-27	22-27	22-27
<b>E</b>	Ch.	3-4-6-8 - 1/4"	3-4-6-8 - 1/4"	3-4-6-8 - 1/4"
<b>F</b>	Ch.	3-4-6-8 - 1/4"	3-4-6-8 - 1/4"	3-4-6-8 - 1/4"
<b>G</b>	Ch.	8-11-15-22-24-27	8-11-15-22-24-27	8-11-15-22-24-27

Tab. 7.45

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## 8 - COMMISSIONING

### 8.1 - GENERAL WARNINGS

#### 8.1.1 - SAFETY REQUIREMENTS FOR COMMISSIONING

##### **⚠ DANGER**

During commissioning, the risks posed by possible discharges of flammable or noxious gases into the atmosphere must be assessed.

---

##### **⚠ DANGER**

In the case of installation on distribution networks for natural gas, the risk of explosive mixture (gas/air) formation inside the pipes should be considered if an inerting procedure of the line is not adopted.

---

##### **⚠ WARNING**

During commissioning operations, unauthorized personnel must stay out.  
The interdiction area must be marked with signs and/or boundaries.

---

##### **NOTICE**

Commissioning must be carried out by authorized and licensed personnel.

---

The equipment is delivered already calibrated.

Even if the built-in monitor PM/518 or the built-in slam-shut valve SB/518 are mounted on the equipment, they will already be calibrated.


##### **NOTICE**

It is possible that for various reasons (e.g., vibration during transport) the calibration of equipment accessories may vary, while remaining within the values indicated on the identification plates.

---

Before commissioning the equipment, it is necessary to verify that:

- All shut-off valves (inlet, outlet, bypass if any) are closed;
- the gas is at a temperature within the limits indicated on the nameplate.

Commissioning	
<b>Operator qualification</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Installer;</li> <li>• Licensed technician.</li> </ul>
<b>PPE required</b>	<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;">  </div> <p style="background-color: #ff9900; color: white; padding: 2px; margin-top: 5px;"><b>⚠ WARNING</b></p> <p>The PPE listed in this chart relates to the risk associated with the equipment. For the PPE required to protect against risks associated with the workplace, installation or operating conditions, refer to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• the regulations in force in the country of installation;</li> <li>• <u>any indications provided by the Safety Manager at the installation facility.</u></li> </ul>
<b>Equipment required</b>	Refer to chapter “7 - Commissioning/maintenance equipment”.

Tab. 8.46

## 8.2 - PRELIMINARY PROCEDURES FOR COMMISSIONING

### ⚠ DANGER

Before commissioning the equipment, it is mandatory to ensure that any explosion hazard or source of ignition has been eliminated.

### ⚠ WARNING

Before commissioning, it is necessary to ensure that the conditions of use are in accordance with the characteristics of the equipment.

### ⚠ CAUTION

To protect the equipment from damage, the following operations should never be carried out:

- pressurization through a valve located downstream of the equipment itself;
- depressurization through a valve located upstream of the equipment itself.

Commissioning can be performed by following two different procedures:

Types of commissioning	
<b>Insertion of an inert fluid</b>	Pressurizing the equipment by inserting an inert fluid (e.g., nitrogen) to avoid potentially explosive mixtures for services with combustible gases. <p style="background-color: #ff9900; color: white; padding: 2px; margin-top: 5px;"><b>⚠ WARNING</b></p> <p><u>During the pressurization phase, always check the equipment for leaks.</u></p>
<b>Direct insertion</b>	Direct insertion of the gas into the pipes by keeping the gas velocity within the pipes as limited as possible (maximum allowable value of 5 m/s).

Tab. 8.47

### 8.3 - VERIFICATION OF PROPER COMMISSIONING

Completely sprinkle the equipment with a foaming solution (or equivalent control system) in order to verify the tightness of the external surfaces of the regulator and connections made during installation.

### 8.4 - CALIBRATION OF ACCESSORIES PRESENT

#### **NOTICE**

**To perform proper calibration of the equipment and the accessories present, refer to the accuracy class shown on the identification plates (see section 2.8).**

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## 8.5 - REGULATOR COMMISSIONING PROCEDURE

In the application consisting of several pressure control lines, it is recommended to commission one line at a time starting with the one with the lowest set-point.

The set-point value is recalled on the test certificate attached to each piece of equipment.

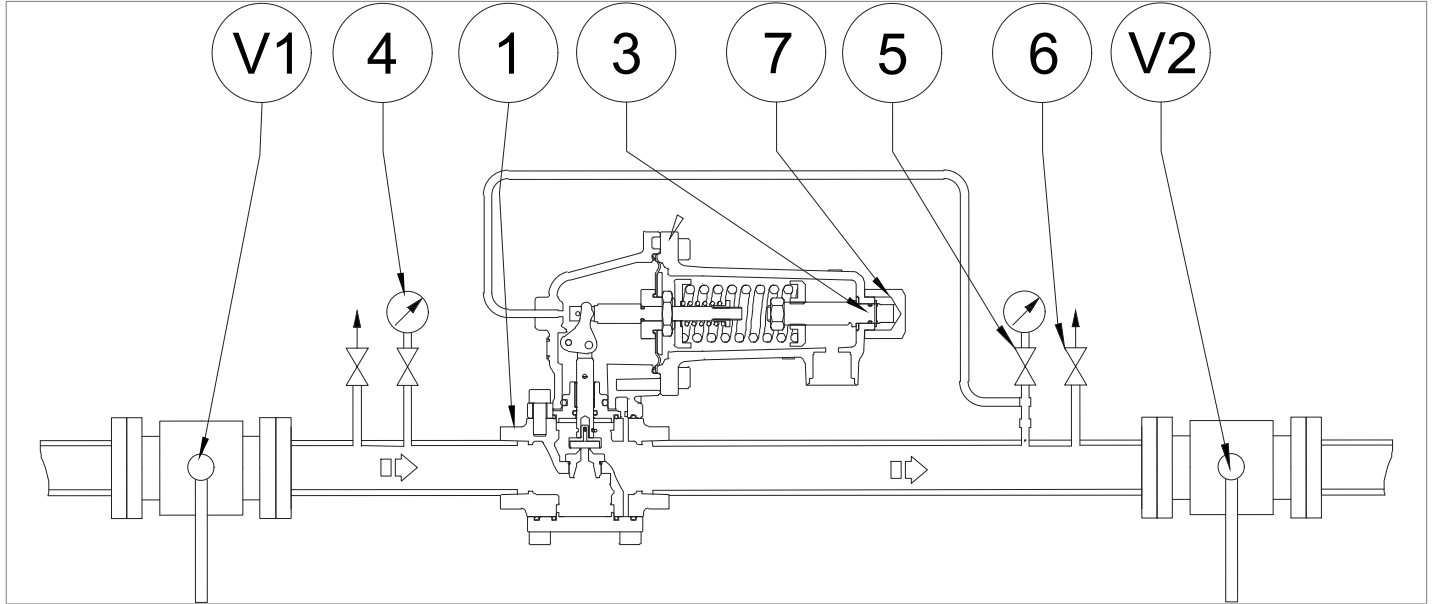


Fig. 8.16. Commissioning of the regulator with external sensing line

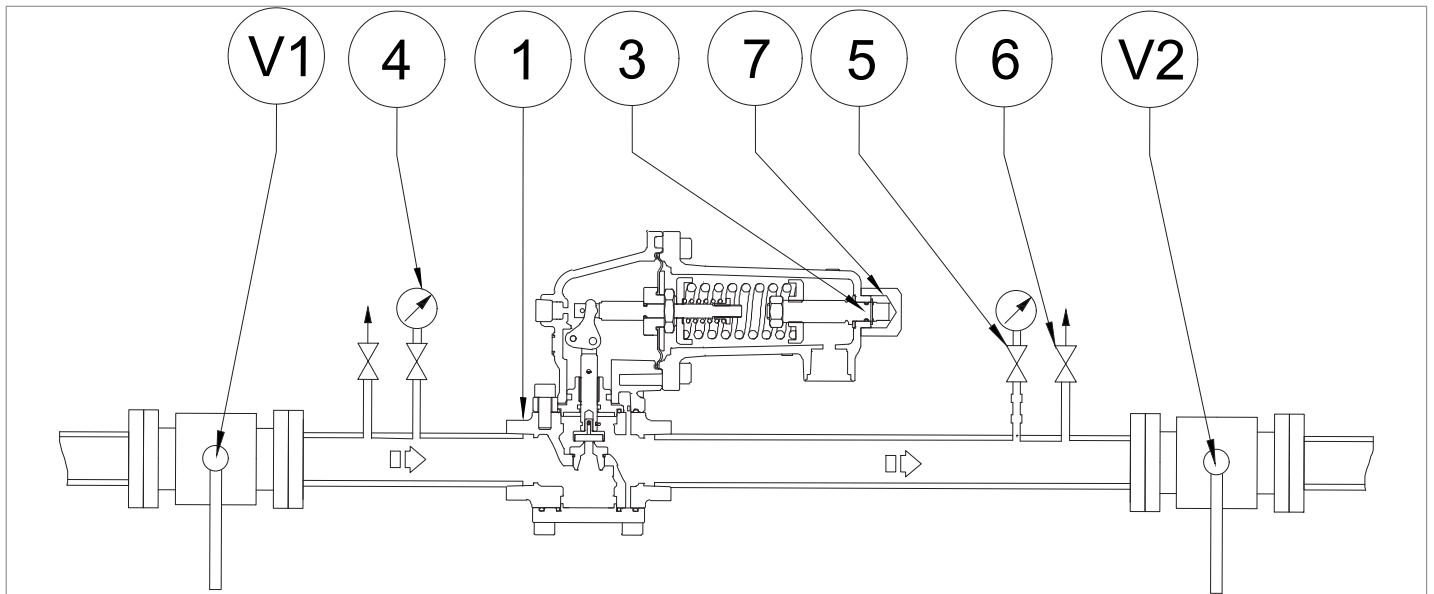


Fig. 8.17. Commissioning of regulator with internal sensing line

Step	Operation
1	Remove the cap (7) from the regulator (1).
2	Partially open the drain cock (6).
3	Very slowly open the upstream shut-off valve (V1). <b>NOTICE</b> <b>Check the pressure by referring to the pressure gauge (4) located upstream.</b>
4	Check the pressure of the line inlet pipe by referring to the upstream pressure gauge (4).
5	To calibrate the regulator (1) to the required calibration value, turn the adjusting screw (3): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• clockwise to increase the pressure value</li> <li>• counterclockwise to decrease the pressure value</li> </ul> <b>NOTICE</b> <b>Check the pressure by referring to the pressure gauge (5) located downstream.</b>
6	Close the drain cock (6).
7	Check that the downstream pressure (Pd), after an increment phase, does not exceed the closing pressure value: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• HP header: up to SG 20</li> <li>• LP header: up to SG 30</li> </ul> <b>NOTICE</b> <b>If the downstream pressure exceeds the shutdown pressure value, refer to Chapter 9 "Troubleshooting" to remove the causes of malfunctions.</b>
8	Check with a foaming substance the tightness of all joints located between the shut-off valves (V1, V2).
9	Insert the cap (7) into the regulator (1).
10	Very slowly open the downstream shut-off valve (V2) until the pipeline is completely flooded. <b>NOTICE</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>If the pressure of the downstream pipeline is lower than the calibration pressure, partialize the opening of the downstream shut-off valve (V2) so as not to exceed the value of the maximum flow rate of the system.</b></li> <li>• <b>Check the pressure by referring to the downstream pressure gauge (5).</b></li> </ul>

Tab. 8.48.

## 8.6 - COMMISSIONING PROCEDURE OF THE REGULATOR AND THE REGULATOR WITH IN-LINE MONITOR FUNCTION

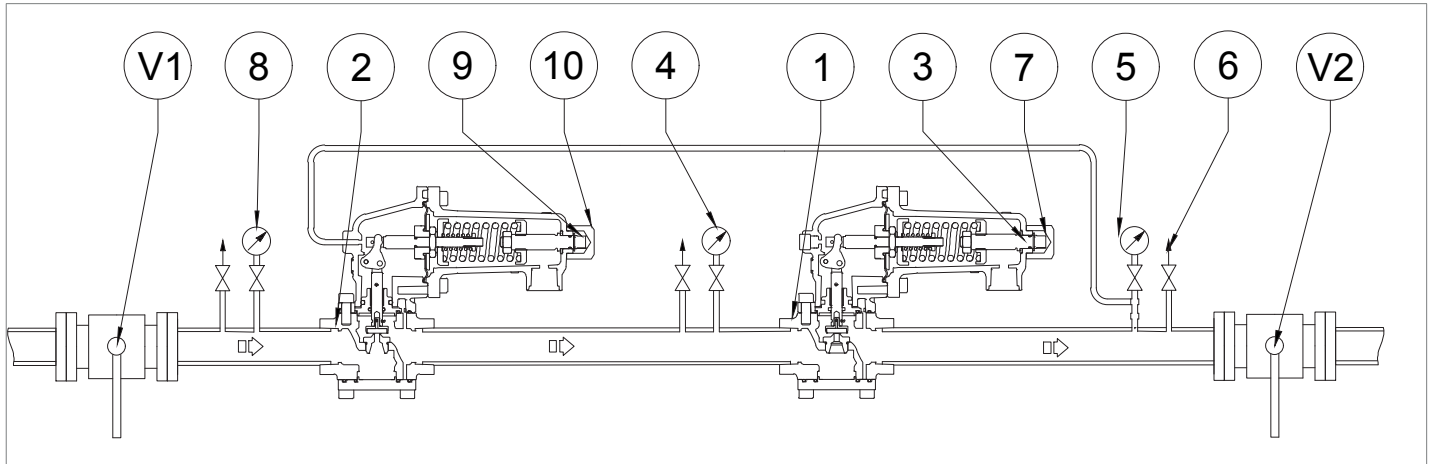


Fig. 8.18. Commissioning of in-line regulator and monitor with external sensing line

Step	Operation
1	Remove the cap (7) from the main regulator (1).
2	To calibrate the main regulator (1), turn the adjusting screw (3): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• clockwise to increase the pressure value</li> <li>• counterclockwise to decrease the pressure value</li> </ul> <p><b>NOTICE</b></p> <p><b>Check that the calibration value of the main regulator (1) is higher than the calibration value of the in-line monitor (2), referring to the pressure gauge (5) located downstream.</b></p>
3	Remove the cap (10) from the regulator in inline monitor function (2).
4	Partially open the drain cock (6).
5	Very slowly open the upstream shut-off valve (V1), checking that the downstream pressure (Pd) indicated by the downstream pressure gauge (5) does not exceed the required setting value by more than 50%.
6	Check the pressure of the line inlet pipe by referring to the upstream pressure gauge (8).
7	To calibrate the regulator with in-line monitor function (2) to the required calibration value, turn the adjusting screw (9): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• clockwise to increase the pressure value</li> <li>• counterclockwise to decrease the pressure value</li> </ul> <p><b>NOTICE</b></p> <p><b>Check the pressure by referring to the pressure gauge (5) located downstream.</b></p>
8	Close the drain cock (6).
9	Check that the downstream pressure (Pd), after an increment phase, does not exceed the closing pressure value: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• HP header: up to SG 20</li> <li>• LP header: up to SG 30</li> </ul>
10	Partially open the drain cock (6).

Step	Operation
11	<p>To calibrate the main regulator (1) to the required calibration value, turn the adjusting screw (3):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• clockwise to increase the pressure value</li> <li>• counterclockwise to decrease the pressure value</li> </ul> <p><b>NOTICE</b></p> <p><b>Check the pressure by referring to the pressure gauge (5) located downstream.</b></p>
12	<p>Verify that the regulator with in-line monitor function (2) is fully open (100%).</p> <p><b>NOTICE</b></p> <p><b>The main regulator (1) is fully open, when the pressure indicated on the intermediate pressure gauge (4) is the same as the upstream pressure gauge (8).</b></p>
13	Close the drain cock (6).
14	<p>Check that the downstream pressure (Pd), after an increment phase, does not exceed the closing pressure value:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• HP header: up to SG 20</li> <li>• LP header: up to SG 30</li> </ul>
15	Insert the cap (10) into the regulator in monitor function (2).
16	Check with a foaming substance the tightness of all joints located between the shut-off valves (V1, V2).
17	Insert the cap (7) into the main regulator (1).
18	<p>Slowly open downstream shut-off valve (V2) until the pipeline is completely flooded.</p> <p><b>NOTICE</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>If the pressure of the downstream pipeline is lower than the calibration pressure, partialize the opening of the downstream shut-off valve (V2) so as not to exceed the value of the maximum flow rate of the system.</b></li> <li>• <b>Check the pressure by referring to the downstream pressure gauge (5).</b></li> </ul>

Tab. 8.49.

**8.7 - COMMISSIONING PROCEDURE OF THE REGULATOR WITH BUILT-IN MONITOR**

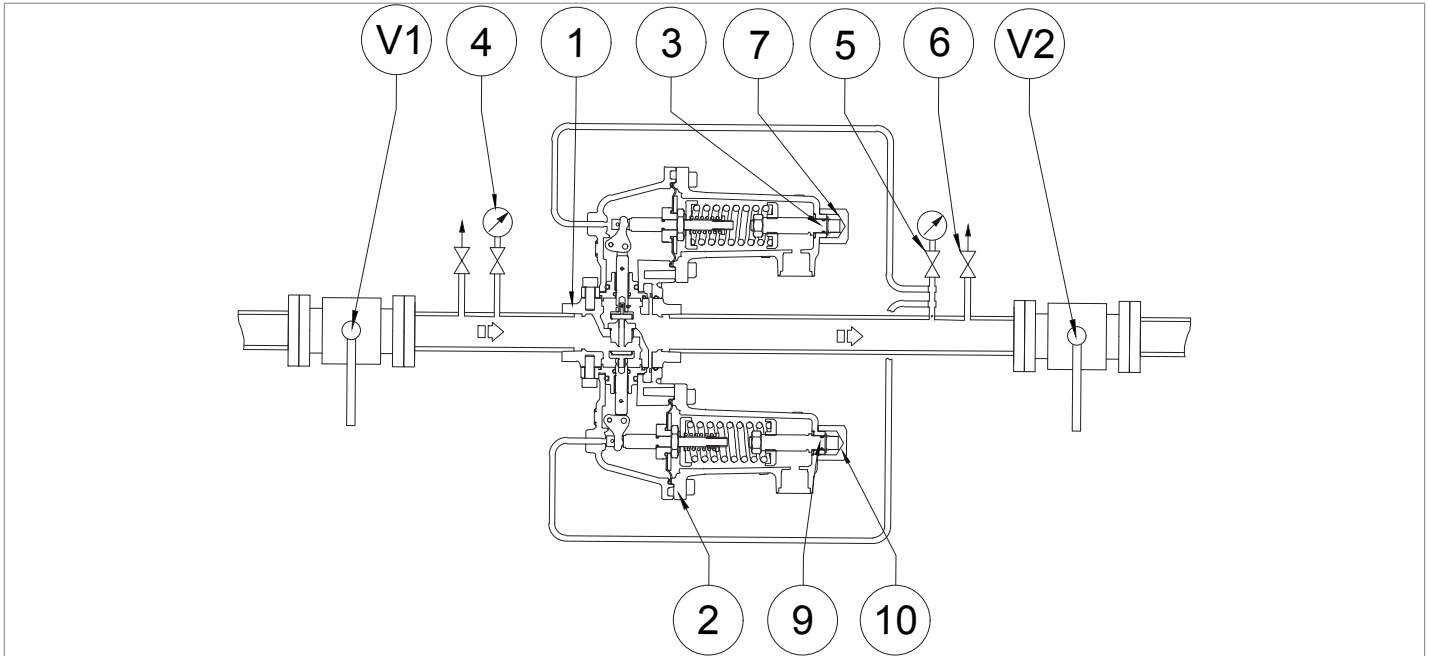


Fig. 8.19. Built-in regulator and monitor with external sensing line

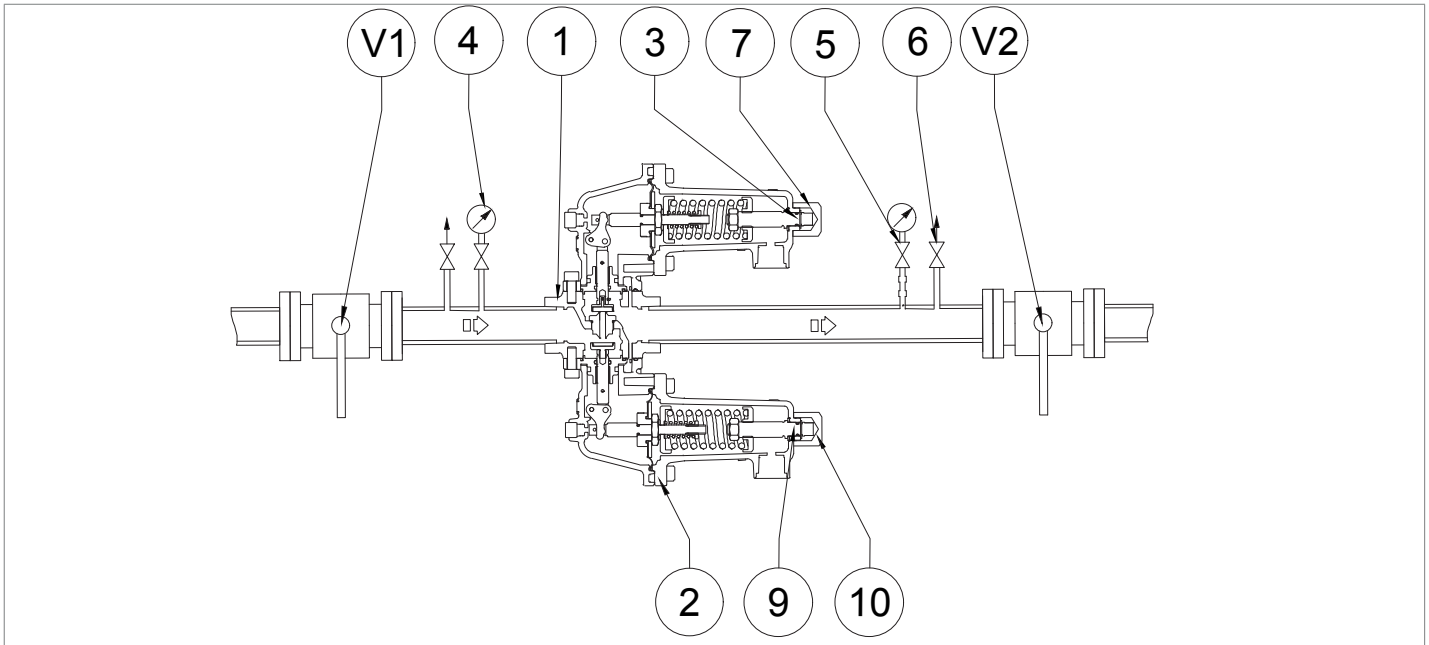


Fig. 8.20. Built-in regulator and monitor with internal sensing line

Step	Operation
1	Remove the cap (7) from the main regulator (1).
2	<p>To calibrate the main regulator (1), turn the adjusting screw (3):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• clockwise to increase the pressure value</li> <li>• counterclockwise to decrease the pressure value</li> </ul> <p><b>NOTICE</b></p> <p><b>Check that the calibration value of the main regulator (1) is higher than the calibration value of the in-line monitor PM/518 (2), referring to the pressure gauge (5) located downstream.</b></p>
3	Remove the cap (10) from the built-in monitor PM/518 (2).
4	Partially open the drain cock (6).
5	Very slowly open the upstream shut-off valve (V1), checking that the downstream pressure (Pd) indicated by the downstream pressure gauge (5) does not exceed the required setting value by more than 50%.
6	Check the pressure of the line inlet pipe by referring to the upstream pressure gauge (4).
7	<p>To calibrate the built-in monitor PM/518 (2) to the required calibration value, turn the adjustment screw (9):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• clockwise to increase the pressure value</li> <li>• counterclockwise to decrease the pressure value</li> </ul> <p><b>NOTICE</b></p> <p><b>Check the pressure by referring to the pressure gauge (5) located downstream.</b></p>
8	Close the drain cock (6).
9	<p>Check that the downstream pressure (Pd), after an increment phase, does not exceed the closing pressure value of the built-in monitor PM/518 (2):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• HP header: up to SG 20</li> <li>• LP header: up to SG 30</li> </ul>
10	Partially open the drain cock (6).
11	<p>To calibrate the main regulator (1) to the required calibration value, turn the adjusting screw (3):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• clockwise to increase the pressure value</li> <li>• counterclockwise to decrease the pressure value</li> </ul> <p><b>NOTICE</b></p> <p><b>Check the pressure by referring to the pressure gauge (5) located downstream.</b></p>
12	Close the drain cock (6).
13	<p>Check that the downstream pressure (Pd), after an increment phase, does not exceed the closing pressure value of the main regulator (1):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• HP header: up to SG 20</li> <li>• LP header: up to SG 30</li> </ul>
14	Insert the cap (10) into the built-in PM/518 monitor (2).

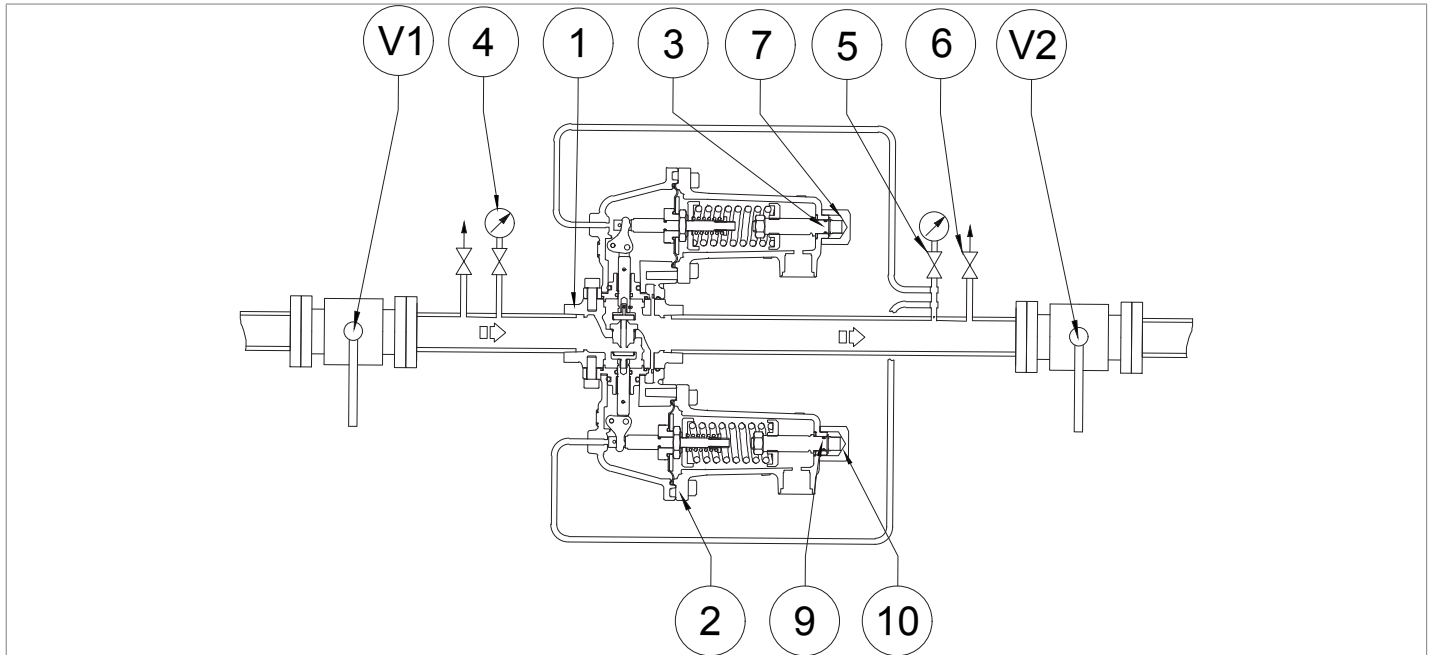


Fig. 8.19 Built-in regulator and monitor with external sensing line

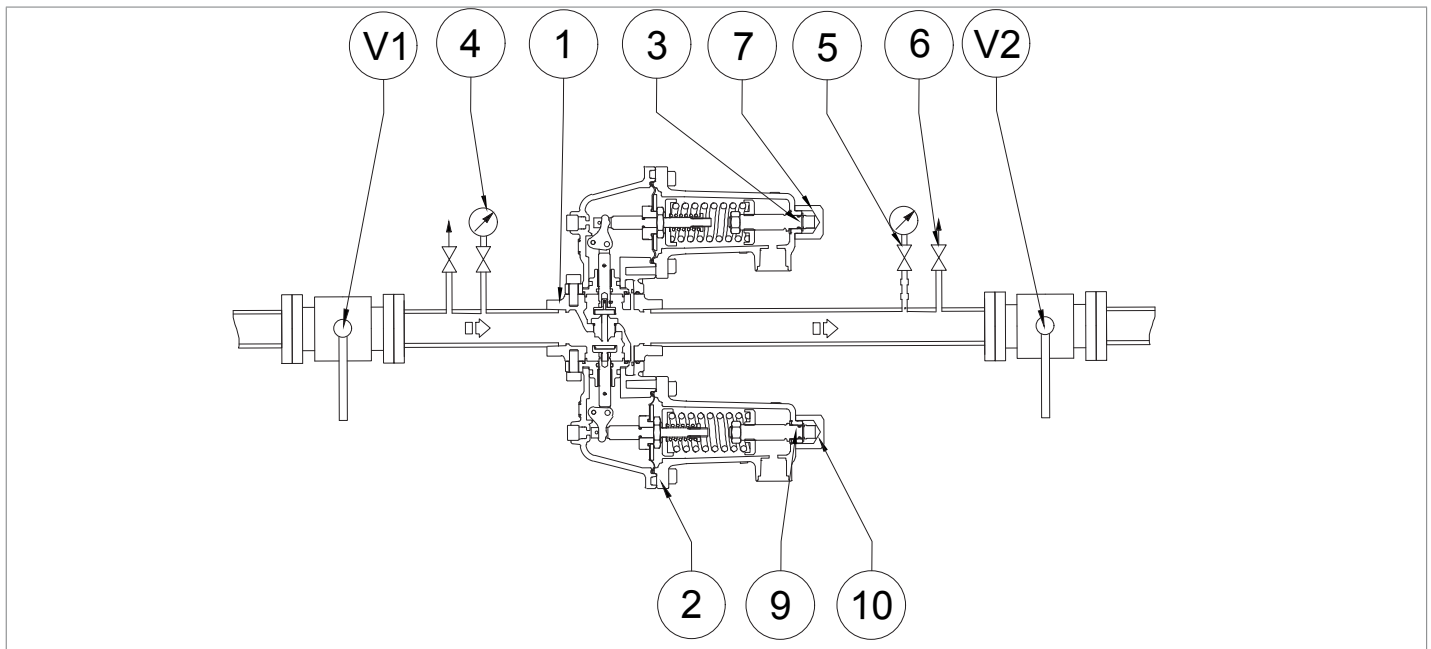


Fig. 8.20 Built-in regulator and monitor with internal sensing line

Step	Operation
15	Check with a foaming substance the tightness of all joints located between the shut-off valves (V1, V2).
16	Insert the cap (7) into the main regulator (1).
17	<p>Slowly open downstream shut-off valve (V2) until the pipeline is completely flooded.</p> <p><b>NOTICE</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>If the pressure of the downstream pipeline is lower than the calibration pressure, partialize the opening of the downstream shut-off valve (V2) so as not to exceed the value of the maximum flow rate of the system.</b></li> <li>• <b>Check the pressure by referring to the downstream pressure gauge (5).</b></li> </ul>

Tab. 8.50.

## 8.8 - PRESSURIZATION WITH EXTERNAL SOURCE

For lines where the slam-shut valve (2) is installed, it is possible to pressurize the chamber (A) of the main regulator head (1) using an external source.

Pressurization can occur:

- with external lines;
- manually.

The pressure input is monitored using pressure gauges or transducers.

For proper discharge of the pressure input, ensure the presence of an additional drain cock (3).

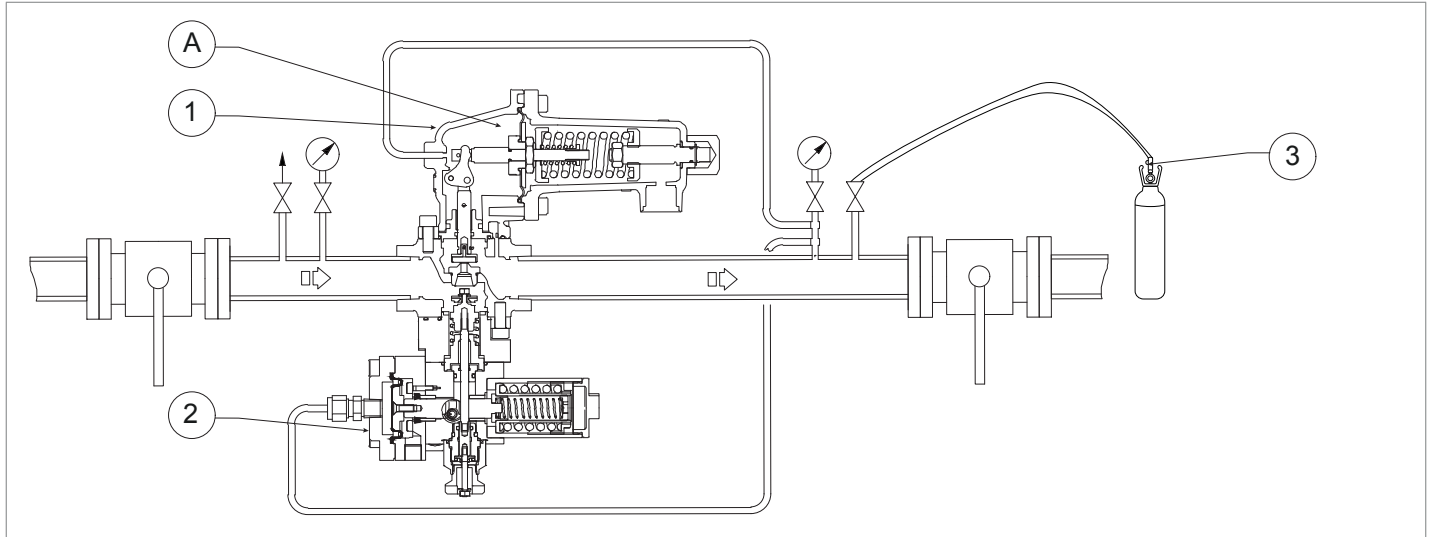


Fig. 8.21. Pressurization with external source

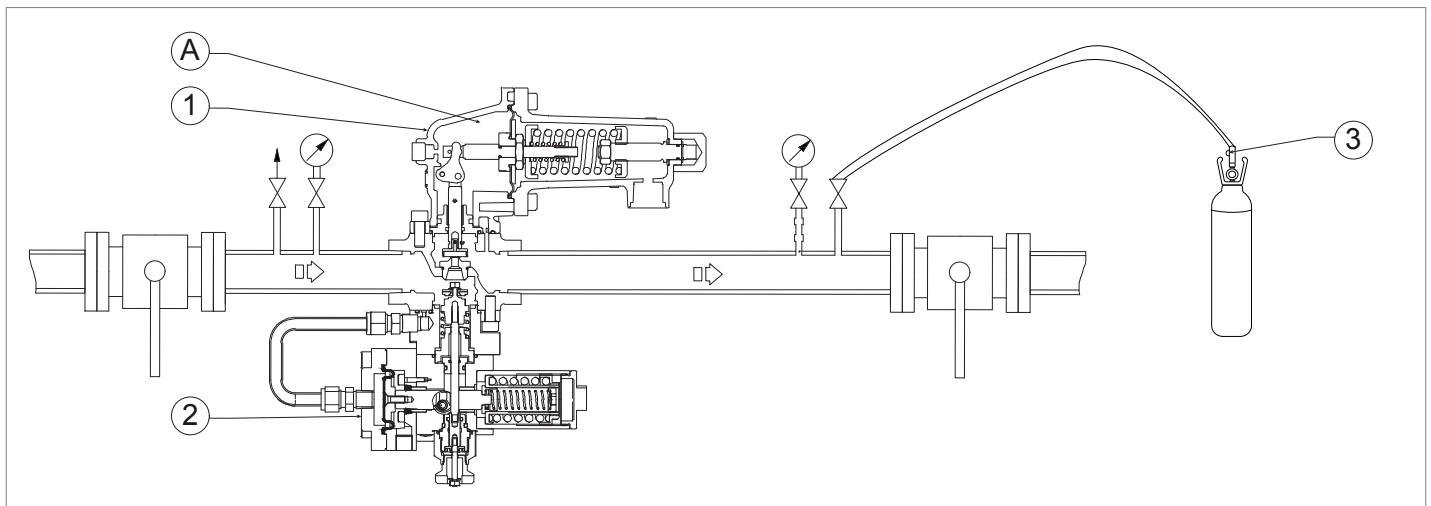


Fig. 8.22. Pressurization with external source

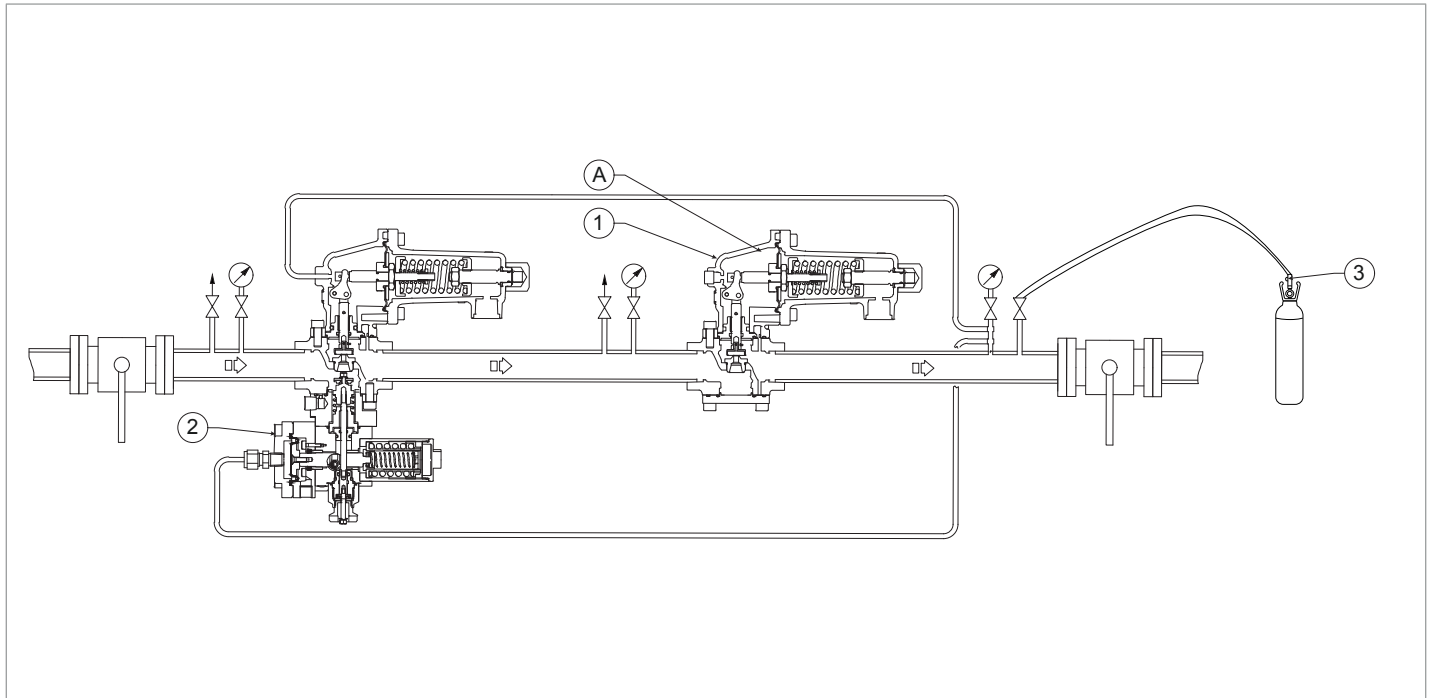


Fig. 8.23. *Pressurization with external source*

**8.9 - COMMISSIONING PROCEDURE OF THE REGULATOR AND BUILT-IN SLAM-SHUT VALVE**

**8.9.1 - LEAK TEST OF THE BUILT-IN SLAM-SHUT VALVE**

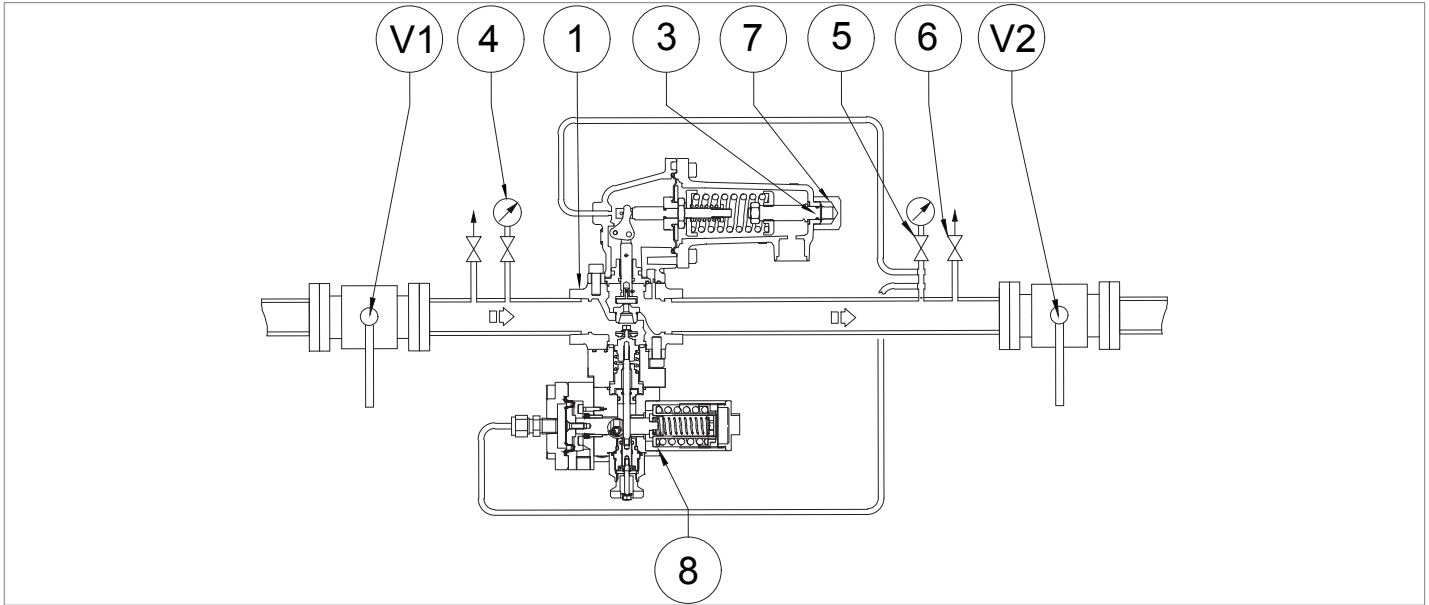


Fig. 8.24. Built-in regulator and slam-shut valve with external sensing line

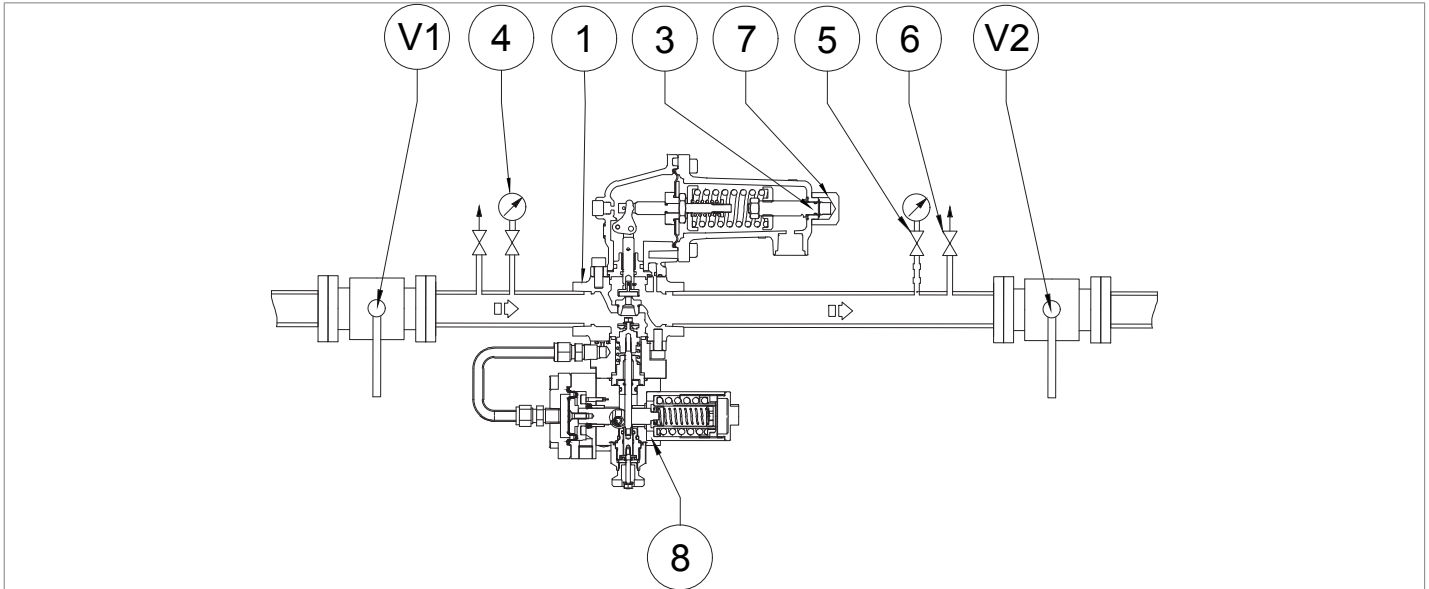


Fig. 8.25. Built-in regulator and slam-shut valve with internal sensing line

Step	Operation
1	Check that the slam-shut valve is in the closed position.
2	Open the drain cock (6) to completely drain the downstream section.
3	Slowly open the upstream shut-off valve (V1).
4	<p>Check the internal seal of the slam-shut valve through the drain valve (6).</p> <p><b>NOTICE</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Check the seal with a foaming substance;</b></li> <li>• <b>In case of leakage, refer to chapter 10 "Fault finding and troubleshooting" to remove the causes of malfunctions.</b></li> </ul>

Tab. 8.51.

**8.9.2 - COMMISSIONING OF THE REGULATOR AND BUILT-IN SLAM-SHUT VALVE**

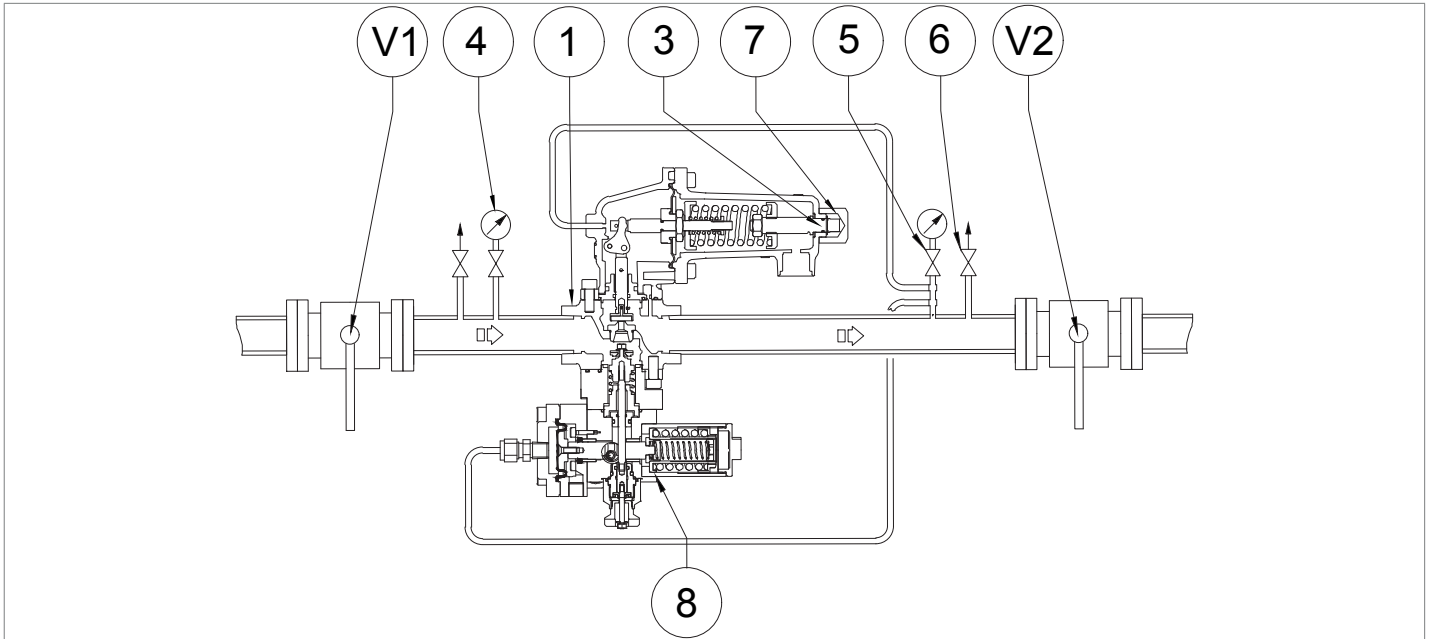


Fig. 8.26. Built-in regulator and slam-shut valve with external sensing line

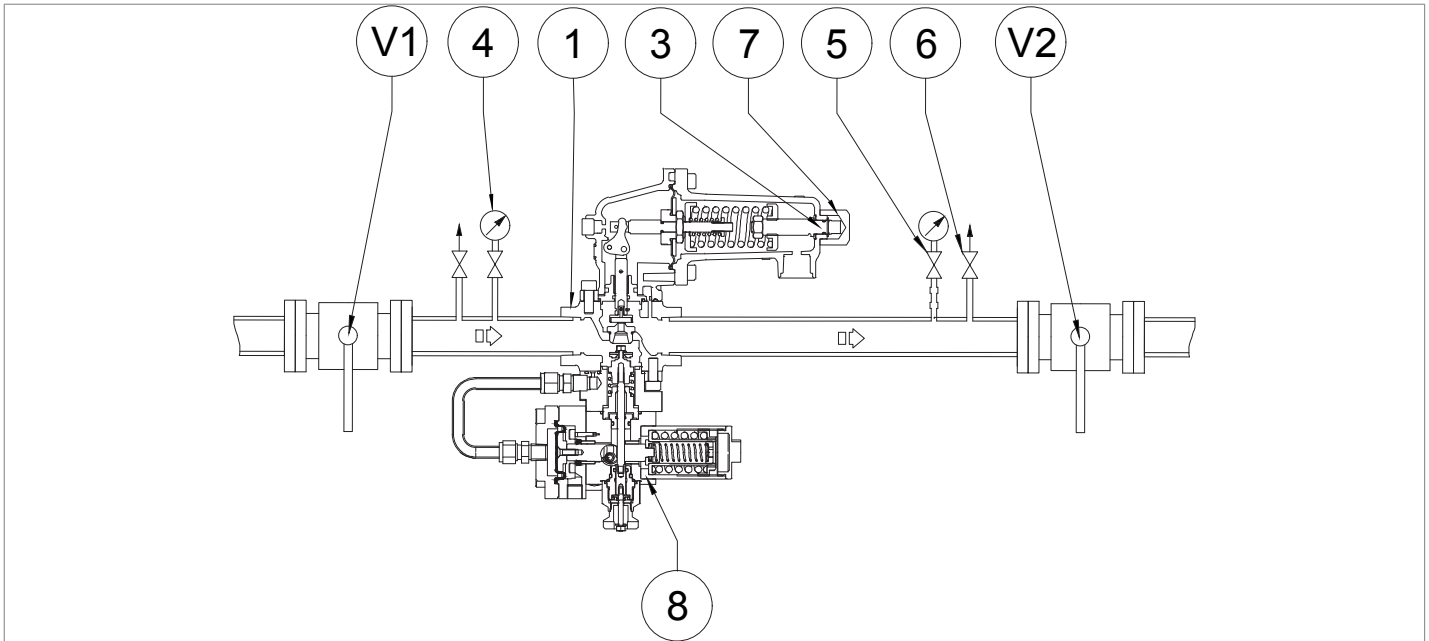


Fig. 8.27. Built-in regulator and slam-shut valve with internal sensing line

Step	Operation
1	Remove the cap (7) from the regulator (1).
2	Check that the drain cock (6) is partially open.
3	Check that the slam-shut valve (8) is in the closed position.
4	Partially open the upstream shut-off valve (V1), checking the pressure value indicated by the upstream pressure gauge (4).
5	<p>Perform the internal leakage test of the LA slam-shut valve, referring to paragraph 8.9.1.</p> <p><b>NOTICE</b></p> <p><b>In case of leakage, refer to chapter 10 "Fault finding and troubleshooting" to remove the causes of malfunctions.</b></p>
6	Slowly pressurize the control line, acting on the slam-shut valve knob (refer to the "Operation" section of paragraph 4.5.3.1), checking that the downstream pressure (Pd) indicated by the downstream pressure gauge (5) does not exceed the required calibration value by more than 50%.
7	<p>When the regulator is put into service, the pressure of the downstream pressure gauge (5) will be equal to the setting value of the main regulator.</p> <p><b>NOTICE</b></p> <p><b>In the first pressurization phase of the line, the pressure of the downstream pressure gauge (5) may exceed the required calibration value, depending on the response time of the regulator.</b></p>
8	Fully open the upstream shut-off valve (V1).
9	Check the pressure switch settings of the slam-shut valve by referring to paragraph 8.9.3.
10	<p>If the downstream pressure (Pd) is not at the required calibration value, act as below:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• value of downstream pressure (Pd) less than the required calibration value: load the calibration spring by turning the adjustment ring nut (3) clockwise</li> <li>• value of downstream pressure (Pd) higher than the required calibration value: discharge the calibration spring by turning the adjustment ring nut (3) counterclockwise</li> </ul>
11	Check the downstream pressure (Pd) by referring to the downstream pressure gauge (5).
12	Close the drain cock (6).
13	<p>Check that the downstream pressure (Pd), after an increment phase, does not exceed the closing pressure value of the main regulator (1):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• HP header: up to SG 20</li> <li>• LP header: up to SG 30</li> </ul>
14	Check all connections between shut-off valves (V1, V2) for tightness with a foaming substance.
15	In case external leakage is found, eliminate the leakage points and repeat the procedure from step 7.
16	<p>Very slowly open the downstream shut-off valve (V2) until the pipeline is completely flooded.</p> <p><b>NOTICE</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>If the pressure of the downstream pipeline is lower than the calibration pressure, partialize the opening of the downstream shut-off valve (V2) so as not to exceed the value of the maximum flow rate of the system.</b></li> <li>• <b>Check the pressure by referring to the downstream pressure gauge (5).</b></li> </ul>
17	Insert the cap (7) into the main regulator (1).

Tab. 8.52.

### 8.9.3 - PRESSURE SWITCH CALIBRATION PROCEDURE FOR THE BUILT-IN SLAM-SHUT VALVE

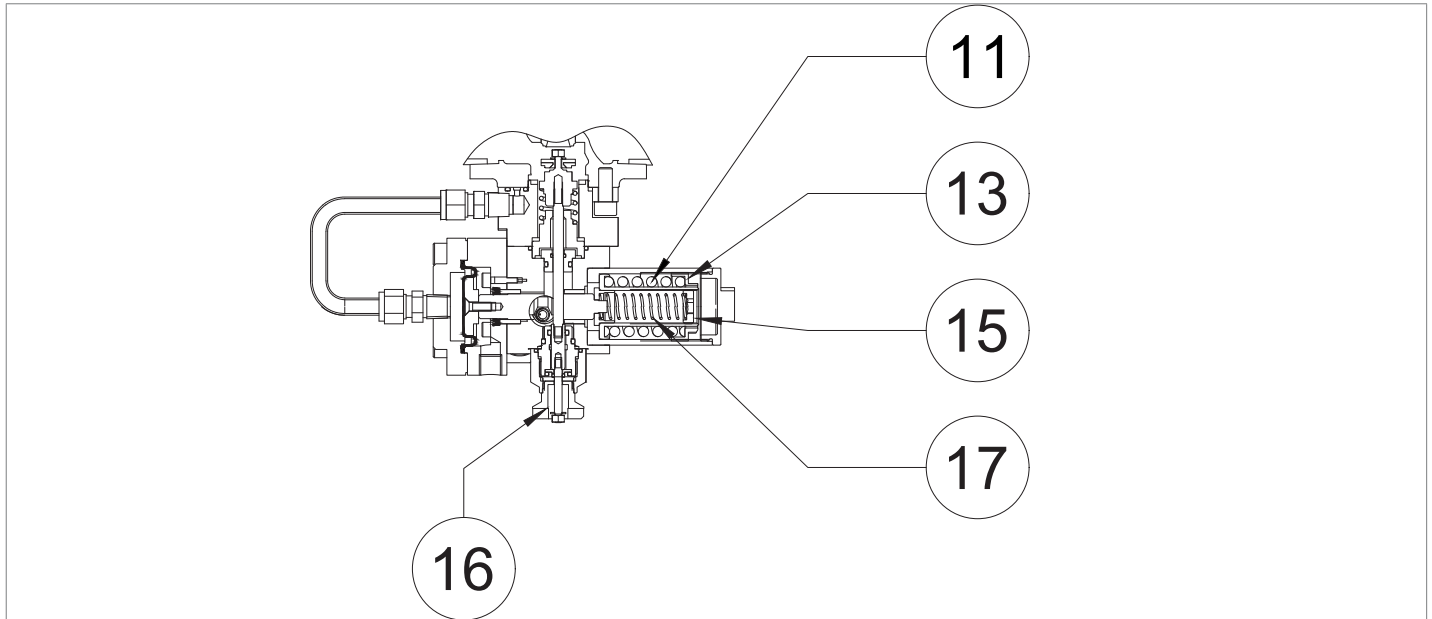


Fig. 8.28. Regulator, in-line monitor and built-in slam-shut valve

#### CALIBRATION OF SPRING TO TRIP FOR MAXIMUM PRESSURE

Step	Operation
1	<p>Increase the downstream pressure to the slam-shut valve's tripping value by connecting an external pressure source to the drain valve (Fig. 8.24 ref. 6) placed on the downstream pipeline, making sure to open an additional drain cock.</p> <p><b>NOTICE</b></p> <p><b>Check the pressure by referring to the pressure gauge (Fig. 8.24, ref. 5) placed downstream of the main regulator.</b></p> <p><b>If the slam-shut valve:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>trips before the expected pressure value: tighten (clockwise) the adjustment ring nut (13) so as to compress the spring (11) more;</li> <li>does not trip at the expected pressure value: unscrew (counterclockwise) the adjustment ring nut (13), so as to relieve the spring (11).</li> </ul>
2	Decrease the pressure of the downstream section by opening the drain cock (Fig. 8.24, ref. 6) to bring it up to the calibration value of the main regulator.
3	Close the additional drain cock (Fig. 8.24, ref. 6).
4	Arm the slam-shut valve by acting on the reset lever (16).
5	<p>Repeat steps 2-3-4 at least three times.</p> <p><b>NOTICE</b></p> <p><b>The calibration value must comply with the operating limits indicated on the nameplate.</b></p>
6	Disconnect the external pressure source from the drain cock (Fig. 8.24, ref. 5).

Tab. 8.53.

**CALIBRATION OF SPRING FOR TRIPPING BY MINIMUM PRESSURE (IF ANY)**

Step	Operation
1	Partially open the drain cock (Fig. 8.24, ref. 6) in the atmosphere and keep it open for the next steps.
2	Turn the adjustment ring nut counterclockwise Fig. 8.24, ref. 3) of the regulator to decrease the downstream pressure (Pd) to the minimum pressure required for the slam-shut valve to trip.  <div style="background-color: #0056b3; color: white; padding: 2px;"><b>NOTICE</b></div> <b>Check the value of the slam-shut valve tripping pressure indicated by the downstream pressure gauge (Fig. 8.24, ref. 5).</b>
3	If the slam-shut valve: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>trips before the expected pressure value: unscrew (counterclockwise direction) the adjustment ring nut (Fig. 8.24, ref. 3) so as to unload the spring (Fig. 8.28, ref. 17);</li> <li>does not trip at the expected pressure value: screw (clockwise) the adjustment ring nut (Fig. 8.24, ref. 3), so as to compress the spring more (Fig. 8.28, ref. 17).</li> </ul>
4	<b>After verifying that the slam-shut valve trips at the preset value, act as follows:</b> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Close the air vent valve (Fig. 8.24, ref. 6)</li> <li>Slowly open the upstream shut-off valve (V1) until the downstream pressure value (Pd) reaches the regulator's set value, referring to the downstream pressure gauge (Fig. 8.24, ref. 5)</li> <li>Close the upstream shut-off valve (V1)</li> <li>Slowly and partially open the air vent valve (Fig. 8.24, ref. 6) to decrease the downstream pressure by referring to the downstream pressure gauge (Fig. 8.24, ref. 5) until the minimum pressure trip value is reached</li> <li>Verify the correct calibration of the minimum spring by repeating steps 2-3-4 at least three times</li> <li>Perform calibration of the main regulator referring to par. 8.5</li> </ol>
5	Open the slam-shut valve by acting on the reset knob (Fig. 8.28, ref. 16) and keep it open manually.
6	Turn the adjustment screw clockwise (Fig. 8.24, ref. 3) to increase the downstream pressure to the set value of the regulator.
7	Arm the slam-shut valve by acting on the reset knob (Fig. 8.28, ref. 16).
8	Close the drain cock (Fig. 8.24, ref. 6).

*Tab. 8.54.*

## 8.10 - COMMISSIONING OF THE REGULATOR, REGULATOR WITH IN-LINE MONITOR FUNCTION AND SLAM-SHUT VALVE

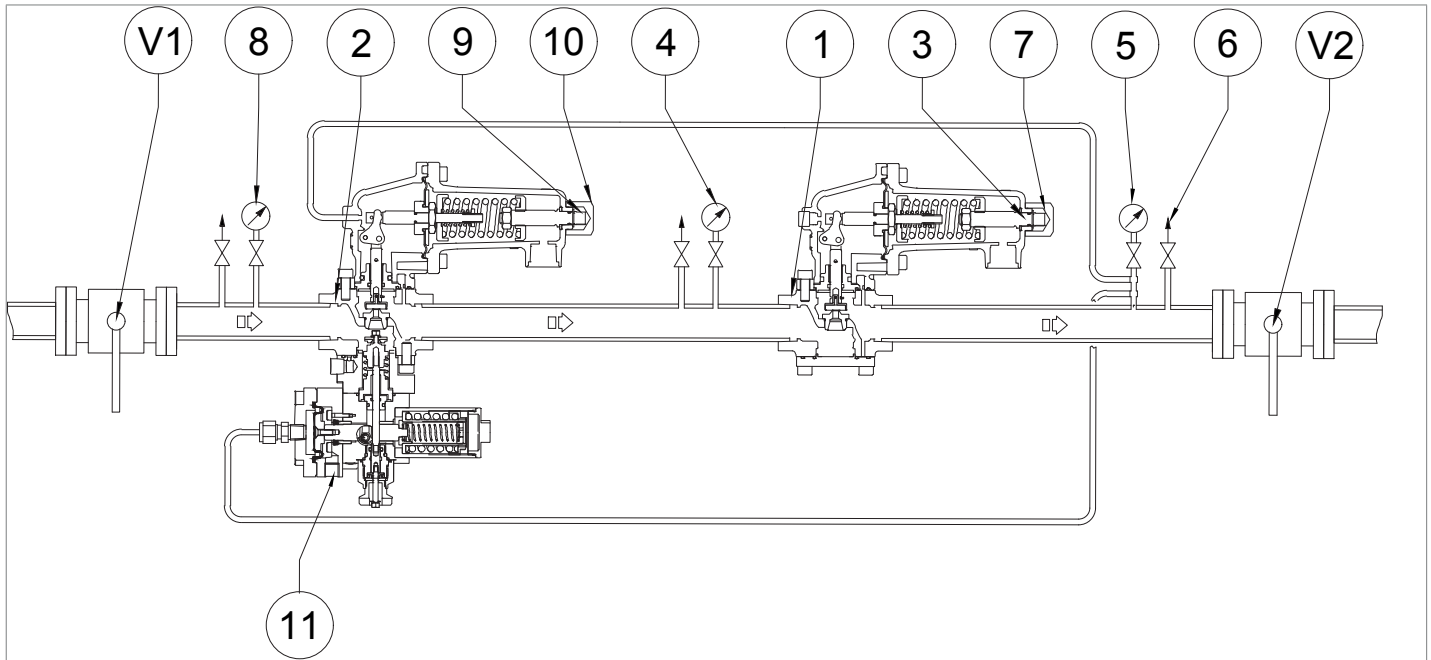


Fig. 8.29. Regulator, in-line monitor and built-in slam-shut valve

Step	Operation
1	Remove the cap (10) from the regulator in inline monitor function (2).
2	Remove the cap (7) from the main regulator (1).
3	Check that the built-in slam-shut valve (11) is in the closed position.
4	Check that the calibration value of the main regulator (1) is higher than the calibration value of the in-line monitor (2)
5	Partially open the drain cock (6).
6	Very slowly open the upstream shut-off valve (V1).
7	Perform the internal leakage test of the LA slam-shut valve, referring to paragraph 8.9.1. <b>NOTICE</b> <b>In case of leakage, refer to Chapter 9 "Fault finding and troubleshooting" to remove the causes of malfunctions.</b>
8	Slowly pressurize the control line, acting on the knob of the slam-shut valve (refer to the "Operation" section of par. 4.5.3.1), checking that the downstream pressure (Pd) indicated by the downstream pressure gauge (5) does not exceed the required calibration value by more than 50%.
9	At the time the regulator enters into service, the pressure of the downstream pressure gauge (5) will be equal to the calibration value of the main regulator
10	Fully open the upstream shut-off valve (V1).
11	Check the setting of the slam-shut valve pressure switch by referring to par. 8.9.3.
12	Check the downstream pressure (Pd) by referring to the downstream pressure gauge (5).

Step	Operation
13	Close the drain cock (6).
14	Check the closing pressure, according to the following values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• HP header: up to SG 20</li> <li>• LP header: up to SG 30</li> </ul>
15	Partially open the drain cock (6).
16	Verify that the regulator with in-line monitor function (2) is fully open (100%). <b>NOTICE</b> <b>The main regulator (1) is fully open, when the pressure indicated on the intermediate pressure gauge (4) is the same as the upstream pressure gauge (8).</b>
17	Close the drain cock (6).
18	Check that the downstream pressure (Pd), after an increment phase, does not exceed the closing pressure value: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• HP header: up to SG 20</li> <li>• LP header: up to SG 30</li> </ul>
19	Insert the cap (7) into the main regulator (1).
20	Insert the cap (10) into the regulator in monitor function (2).
21	Check with a foaming substance the tightness of all joints located between the shut-off valves (V1, V2).
22	Slowly open downstream shut-off valve (V2) until the pipeline is completely flooded. <b>NOTICE</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>If the pressure of the downstream pipeline is lower than the calibration pressure, partialize the opening of the downstream shut-off valve (V2) so as not to exceed the value of the maximum flow rate of the system.</b></li> <li>• <b>Check the pressure by referring to the downstream pressure gauge (5).</b></li> </ul>

Tab. 8.55.

## 8.11 - CALIBRATION OF DEVICES

### 8.11.1 - PRESSURE SWITCH MOD. 100

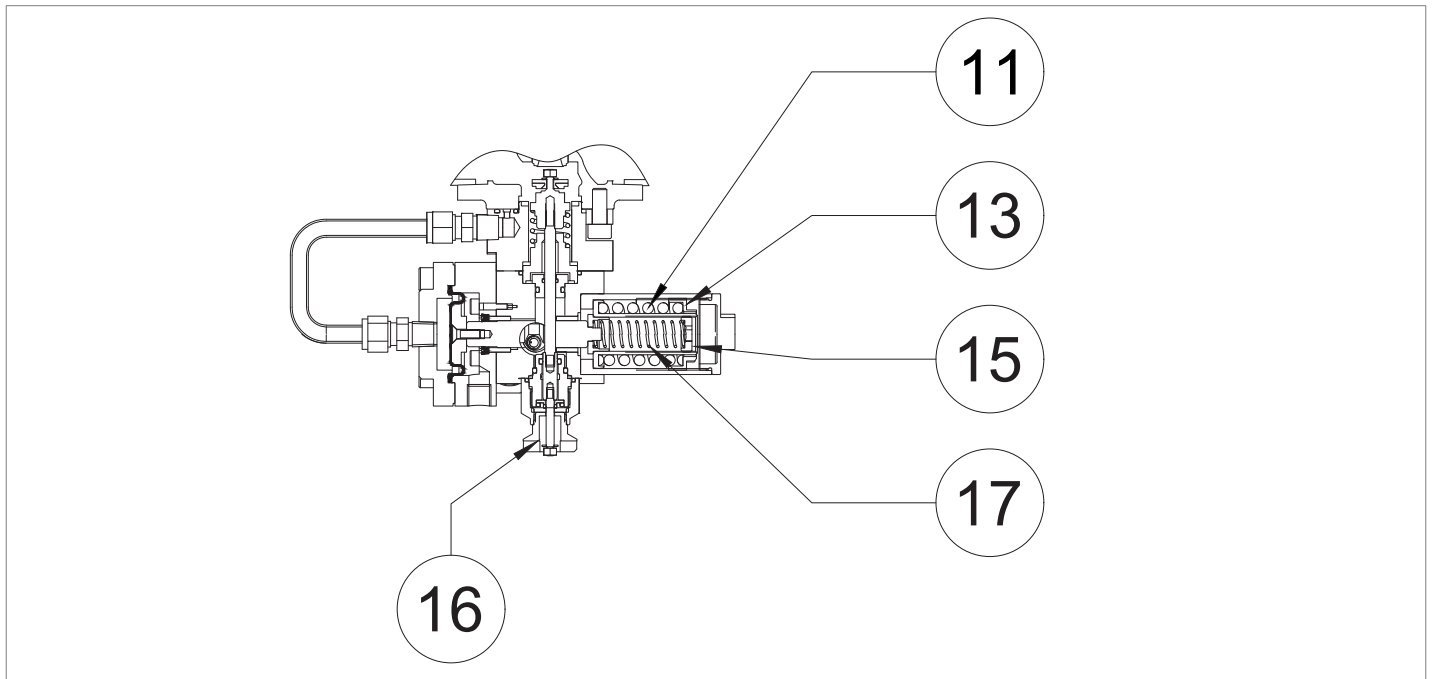


Fig. 8.30. Pressure switches mod. 100

Act on the maximum ring nut (13):

- counterclockwise to decrease the slam-shut trip pressure;
- clockwise to increase the slam-shut trip pressure.

Act on the minimum ring nut (15):

- counterclockwise to decrease the slam-shut trip pressure;
- clockwise to increase the slam-shut trip pressure.

**! NOTICE!**

**For calibration ranges, refer to chapter “13 - Calibration and flow rate tables”.**

## 9 - MAINTENANCE AND FUNCTIONAL TESTING

### 9.1 - GENERAL WARNINGS

#### **⚠ DANGER**

- Maintenance operations must be performed by personnel trained in workplace safety, qualified and authorized for the activities inherent in the equipment.
- Each maintenance operation requires a thorough and specialized knowledge of the equipment, the operations required, the risks involved, and the proper procedures for operating it safely.
- Repair or maintenance work not provided for in this manual may be carried out only with prior approval from PIETRO FIORENTINI S.p.A.. No liability related to damage to persons or property can be attributed to PIETRO FIORENTINI S.p.A. for interventions other than those described or performed in a manner other than those indicated.

#### **⚠ WARNING**

Before carrying out any work, it is important to make sure that the line on which the equipment is installed:

- has been intercepted upstream and downstream;
- has been discharged.

After releasing pressure from the line, trip the slam-shut valve.

#### **⚠ WARNING**

When in doubt, it is forbidden to operate. Contact PIETRO FIORENTINI S.p.A. for necessary clarification.

Operation and/or use of the equipment includes interventions that become necessary as a result of normal use such as:

- inspections and monitoring;
- functional verifications;
- routine maintenance;
- extraordinary maintenance.

#### **NOTICE**

Maintenance interventions are closely related:

- to the quality of the transported gas (impurities, moisture, gasoline, corrosive substances);
- to the efficiency of filtration;
- to the conditions under which the equipment is used.

Good management of the equipment requires to:

- comply with the intervals specified in the manual for functional checks and routine maintenance.
- not exceeding the time interval between interventions. The time interval is intended to be the maximum acceptable; it can be shortened instead;
- promptly check the cause of any abnormalities such as excessive noise, fluid leakage or the like and remedy them. Removing any causes of anomalies and/or malfunctions in a timely manner prevents further damage to equipment and ensures the safety of operators;

Before beginning equipment disassembly operations, it should be ensured that:

- spare parts and parts used in replacements have appropriate requirements in order to ensure the original performance of the equipment. Use genuine recommended spare parts;
- the operator has the necessary equipment (refer to chapter “7 - Commissioning/maintenance equipment”).

### NOTICE

**Recommended replacement parts are unambiguously identified with tags indicating:**

- **the assembly drawing number of the equipment in which they can be used (see Chapter 12 "Recommended Spare Parts");**
- **the location shown on the equipment assembly drawing.**


Equipment maintenance operations are operationally divided into three main categories:

### Commissioning maintenance operations

<b>Periodic checks and inspections</b>	All those checks that the operator must perform on a periodic basis for the proper maintenance and operation of the equipment.
<b>Routine maintenance</b>	All those operations that the operator needs to carry out in a preventive manner to ensure proper operation of the equipment over time. Routine maintenance includes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• inspection;</li> <li>• control;</li> <li>• adjustment;</li> <li>• cleaning;</li> <li>• lubrication;</li> <li>• replacement;</li> </ul> of all spare parts.
<b>Extraordinary maintenance</b>	All those operations that the operator has to perform when the equipment needs it. <p><b>⚠ WARNING</b></p> <p><b>Extraordinary maintenance:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>requires a thorough and specialized knowledge of the equipment, the operations required, the risks involved, and the proper procedures for operating it safely;</b></li> <li>• <b>is reserved for qualified, trained and licensed technicians.</b></li> </ul>

Tab. 9.56

## 9.2 - PERIODIC CHECKS AND VERIFICATIONS OF PROPER OPERATION

Periodic checks and inspections	
<b>Operator qualification</b>	Mechanical maintenance technician
<b>PPE required</b>	 <p><b>⚠ WARNING</b></p> <p>The PPE listed in this chart relates to the risk associated with the equipment. For the PPE required to protect against risks associated with the workplace, installation or operating conditions, refer to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• the regulations in force in the country of installation;</li> <li>• any indications provided by the Safety Manager at the installation facility.</li> </ul>

Tab. 9.57

Tab. 9.58 lists the checks and tests, i.e., operations that do not require any manual intervention on the individual equipment. Some can be replaced by monitoring carried out from a remote point by means of appropriate remote control devices:

Activity Description	Equipment/Accessories Involved	Evaluation criterion	Minimum frequency
<b>Significant performance check*</b>	Pressure regulators	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Absence of fluctuations in regulated pressure.</li> <li>• Values of significant pressures within established limits.</li> </ul>	Monthly
	Gas flow lock type safety devices (external position indicator)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Completely open position.</li> </ul>	
	Standby monitor (external position indicator)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Completely open position.</li> </ul>	
<b>Equipment external state visual inspection</b>	All	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Absence of visible damage.</li> <li>• External surface protection as UNI 9571-1:2012.</li> </ul>	Semiannual

Tab. 9.58

\* These checks can be performed remotely in the presence of a remote control system capable of analyzing significant performance related to the equipment and sending alerts/alarms when predetermined thresholds are reached.

## 9.3 - ROUTINE MAINTENANCE

### 9.3.1 - GENERAL SAFETY WARNINGS

#### **⚠ DANGER**

- Put the equipment in a safe condition (close the downstream and then upstream shut-off valve, drain the line completely);
  - Make sure the pressure upstream and downstream of the equipment is "0".
- 

#### **⚠ WARNING**

After releasing pressure from the line, trip the slam-shut valve.

---

#### **NOTICE**

Before installing new sealing elements (O-ring, diaphragm, etc.), their integrity should be checked.

---

### 9.3.2 - FREQUENCY OF REPLACEMENT OF COMPONENTS SUBJECT TO WEAR AND TEAR

#### NOTICE

The following directions apply only to the components of the equipment.

The non-metallic parts of the individual equipment concerned are divided into the following categories:

#### Preventive maintenance operations

<b>Category 1</b>	Consider the parts subject to wear and/or abrasion where by: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Wear and tear means the normal degradation of a part after prolonged use under ordinary operating conditions;</li> <li>• abrasion means the mechanical action on the surface of the involved part resulting from the passage of gas under ordinary operating conditions.</li> </ul>
<b>Category 2</b>	Consider the parts subject to aging only including parts that also require lubrication and/or cleaning activities.

Tab. 9.59

#### NOTICE






Check the state of wear/abrasion/aging of the components present within the minimum frequency specified in Tab. 9.60.

Category	Part description	Evaluation criterion	Minimum replacement frequency
<b>1</b>	Sealing rings of non-metal valve seats and plugs	Pressure regulators	6 years
		Safety devices	
		Pressure safety system equipment	
<b>1</b>	Nonmetallic parts with internal sealing function of valve seats and accessories of individual equipment	Pilots	6 years
		Pre-reducers	
		Accelerators	
		Miscellaneous	
<b>1</b>	Nonmetallic parts with a sealing function between parts of which, at least one, is in motion under ordinary working conditions/operation	Pressure regulators	6 years
		Gas flow block type safety devices	
		Relief devices with discharge to atmosphere	
<b>1</b>	Nonmetallic parts with sealing function involved in disassembly operations during maintenance	Equipment subject to maintenance	6 years
<b>2</b>	Non-metallic parts that provide "feedback" (sensitive elements) of the controlled pressure of safety equipment	Safety equipment and/or related accessories	6 years

Category	Part description	Evaluation criterion	Minimum replacement frequency
2	Nonmetallic parts with sealing and performance functions (diaphragms) of a piece of equipment	Pressure regulators and related accessories	6 years
		Gas flow block type safety devices	6 years
		Relief device with discharge to atmosphere	6 years
2	Nonmetallic parts of equipment with internal sealing function: under ordinary operating conditions during maintenance	Relief valves	6 years
		Control line disconnection equipment	In the presence of ascertained leaks
2	Non-metallic parts with only static sealing function	Miscellaneous equipment	In the presence of ascertained leaks
2	Lubricating parts subject to lubrication	Shut-off valves	Yearly
		Other equipment	Yearly
2	Filter elements	Filters	As needed

Tab. 9.60

## 9.4 - ROUTINE MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES

Routine maintenance	
<b>Operator qualification</b>	Mechanical maintenance technician
<b>PPE required</b>	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;">      </div> <p style="background-color: #ff9900; color: white; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;"><b>⚠ WARNING</b></p> <p>The PPE listed in this chart relates to the risk associated with the equipment. For the PPE required to protect against risks associated with the workplace, installation or operating conditions, refer to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• the regulations in force in the country of installation;</li> <li>• <u>any indications provided by the Safety Manager at the installation facility.</u></li> </ul>
<b>Equipment required</b>	Refer to chapter “7 - Commissioning/maintenance equipment”.

Tab. 9.61

## 9.4.1 - TIGHTENING TORQUES

### 9.4.1.1 - FT 518 REGULATOR TIGHTENING TORQUES

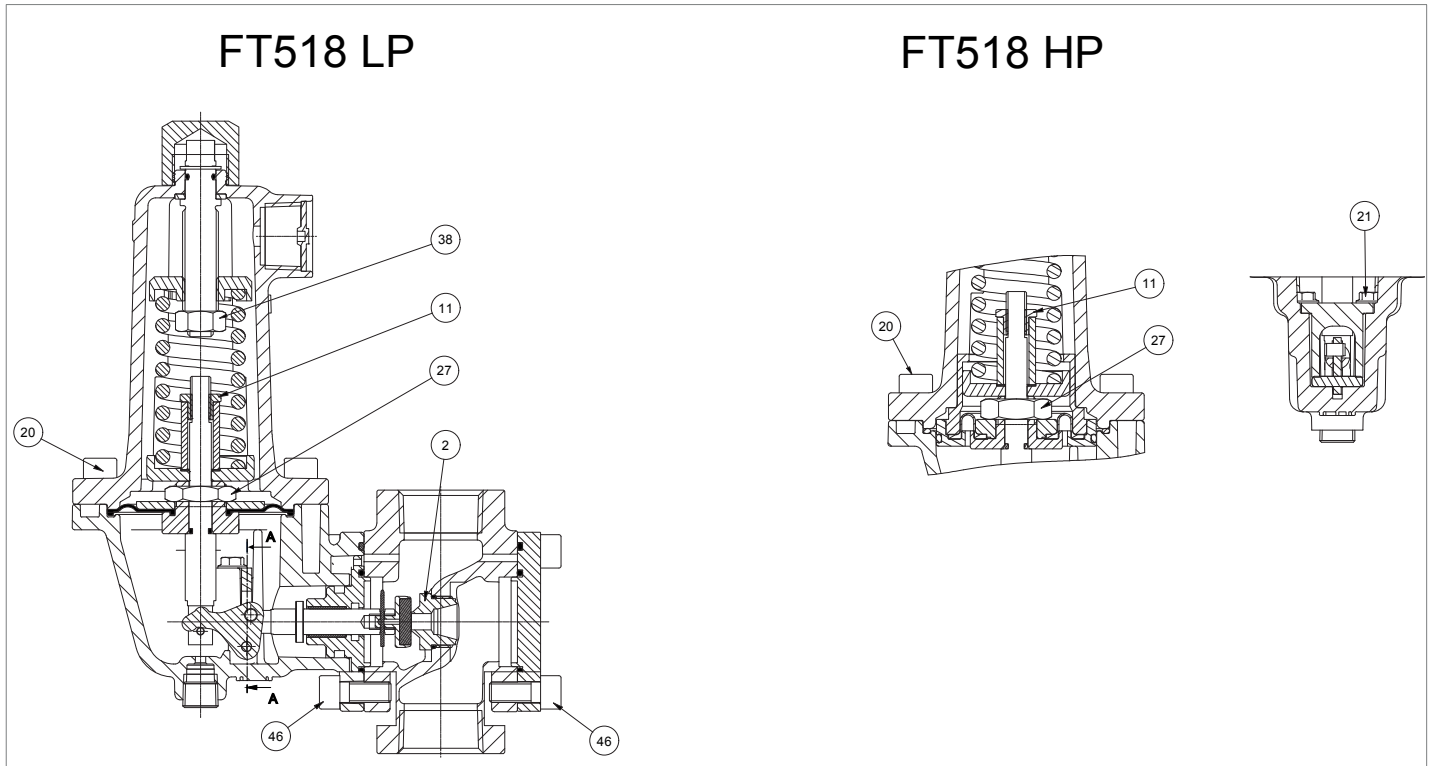


Fig. 9.31. FT 518 regulator tightening torques

#### FT 518 LP, HP VERSION

Pos.	Description	Torque (ft-lb)
2	Valve Seat	26
11	Nut	4
20	M8X20 screw	14
21	M5X8 screw	3
27	Nut	4
38	Nut	14
46	M8X20 screw	14

Tab. 9.62

### 9.4.1.2 - TIGHTENING TORQUES OF BUILT-IN MONITOR PM/518

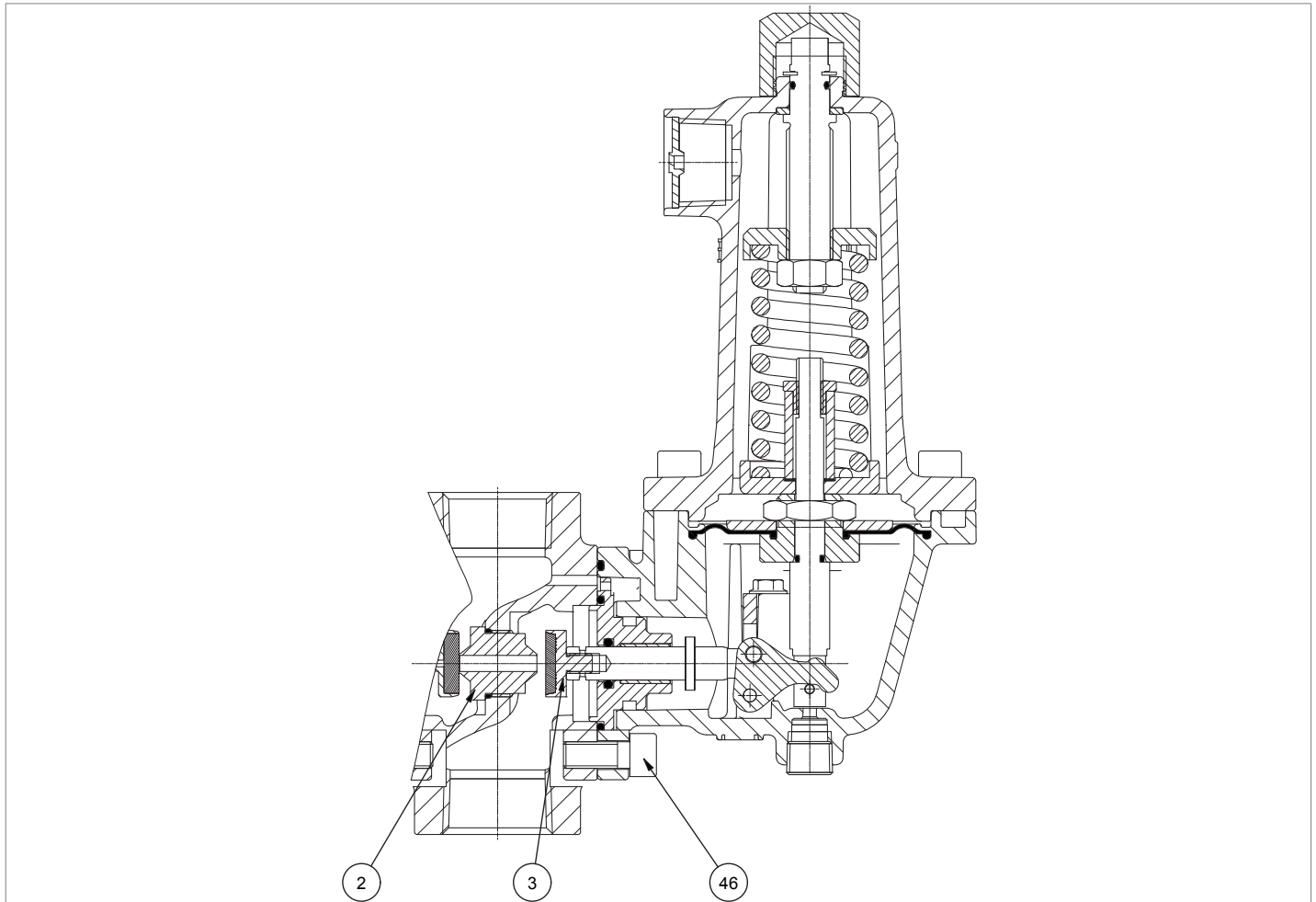


Fig. 9.32. Tightening torques of built-in monitor PM/518

#### PM/518 VERSION LP, HP

Pos.	Description	Torque (ft-lb)
2	Valve Seat	26
3	PM/518 Monitor plug	2
11	Nut	4
20	M8X20 screw	14
21	M5X8 screw	3
27	Nut	4
38	Nut	14
46	M8X20 screw	14

Tab. 9.63

### 9.4.1.3 - SB/518 BUILT-IN SLAM-SHUT VALVE TIGHTENING TORQUES

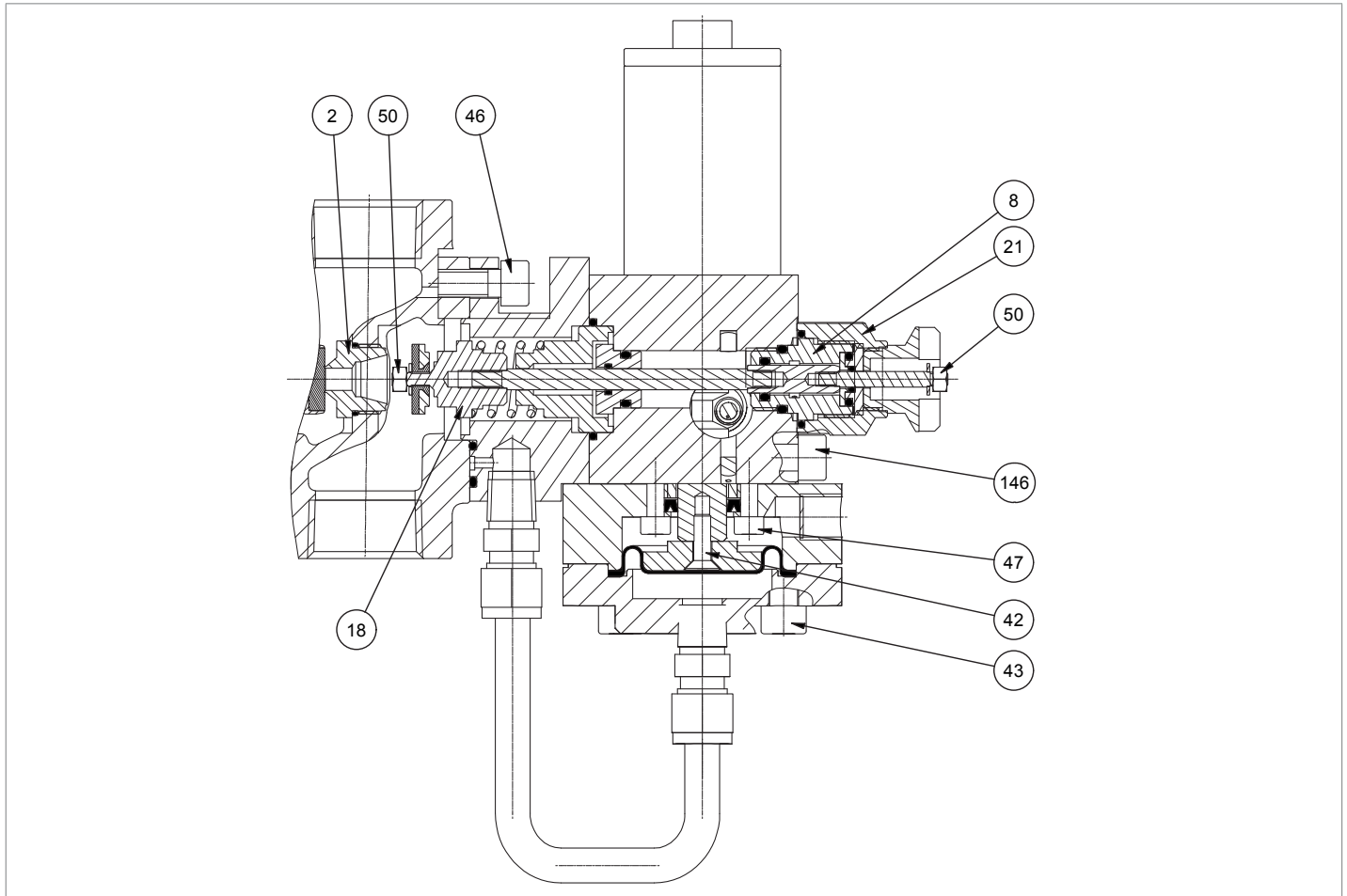


Fig. 9.33. SB/518 built-in slam-shut valve tightening torques

SB/518		
Pos.	Description	Torque (ft-lb)
2	Valve Seat	26
8	Rod guide	5
18	Plug support	1.8
21	Lock nut	7
42	M5X16 screw	5
43	M8X25 screw	11
46	M8X20 screw	14
47	M5X16 screw	3
50	M4 nut	1.1
146	M8X70 screw	14

Tab. 9.64

## 9.4.2 - REPLACEMENT OF ELEMENTS SUBJECT TO WEAR AND ABRASION

### 9.4.2.1 - INITIAL OPERATIONS

#### **⚠ WARNING**

After releasing pressure from the line, trip the slam-shut valve.

#### **⚠ CAUTION**

Before carrying out any work, it is important to make sure that the line on which the regulator is installed has been shut-off upstream and downstream that it has been discharged.

#### **⚠ CAUTION**

During assembly steps, be sure to tighten the screws following the tables (tightening torques) according to the size in which you are servicing.

Proceed as follows:

Step	Operation
1	Unscrew the conical seal fittings to disconnect all power and sensing lines.

Tab. 9.65

### 9.4.2.2 - CROSS PATTERN FOR TIGHTENING SCREWS

When indicated by the maintenance procedures, refer to the following diagram for tightening screws:

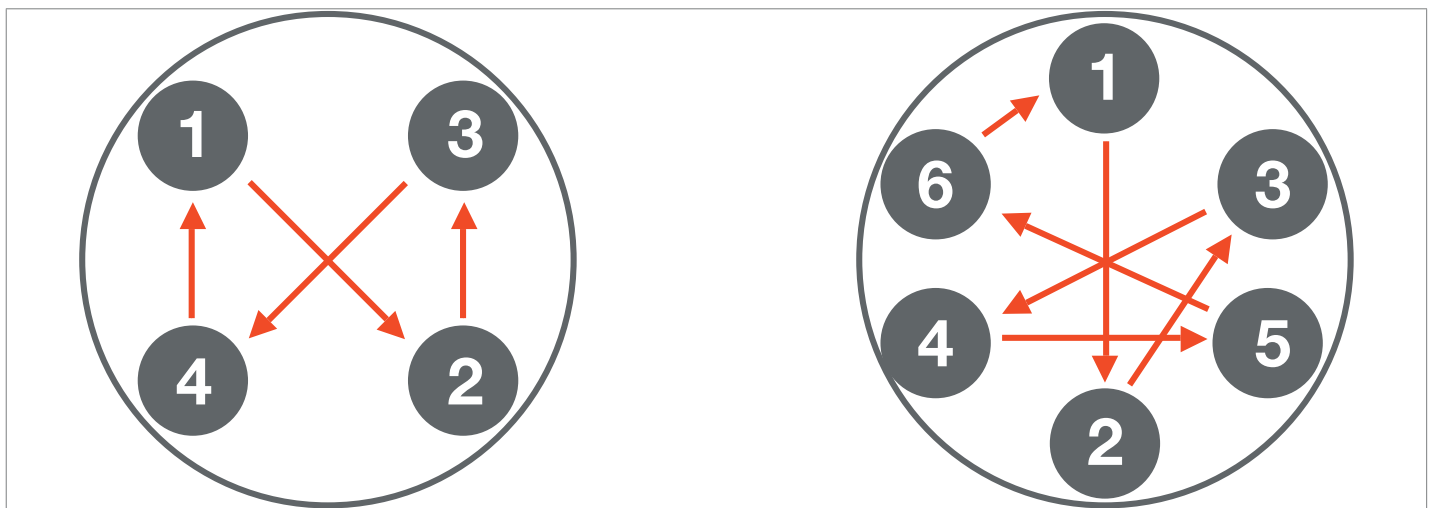


Fig. 9.34. Cross pattern

### 9.4.3 - MAINTENANCE PROCEDURE OF REGULATOR FT 518 AND REGULATOR WITH MONITOR FUNCTION

#### 9.4.3.1 - FT 518 REGULATOR LP VERSION

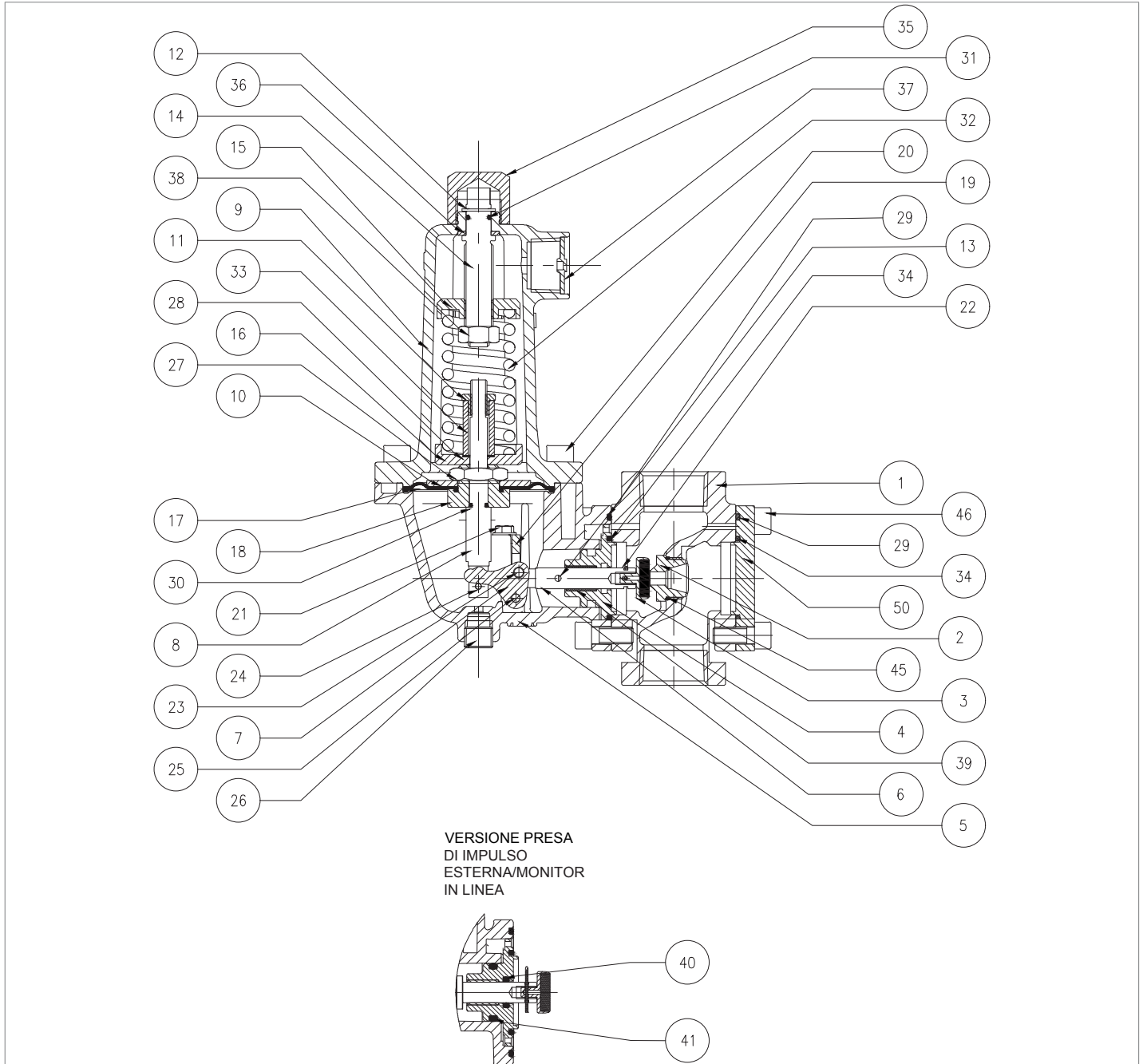
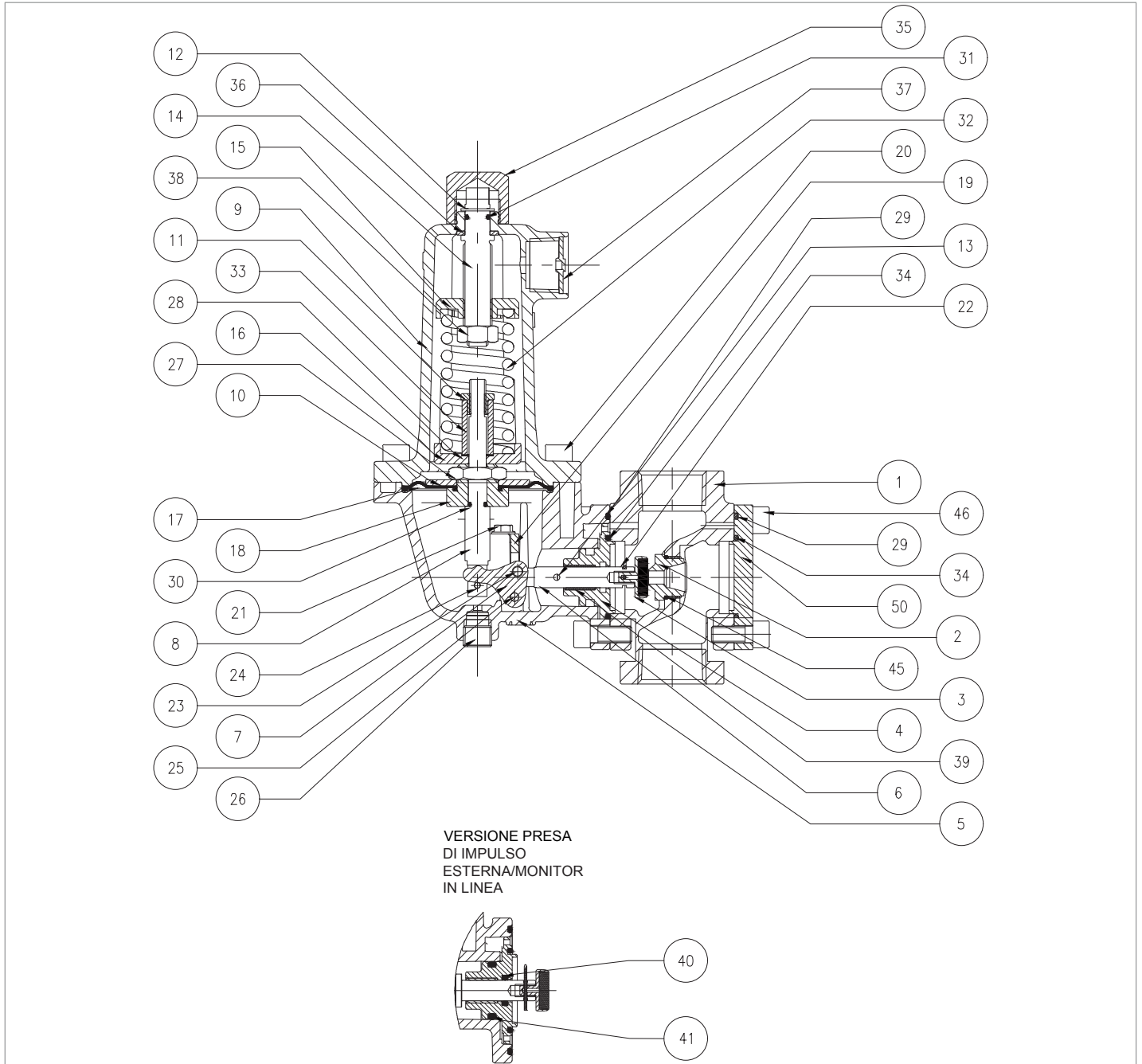


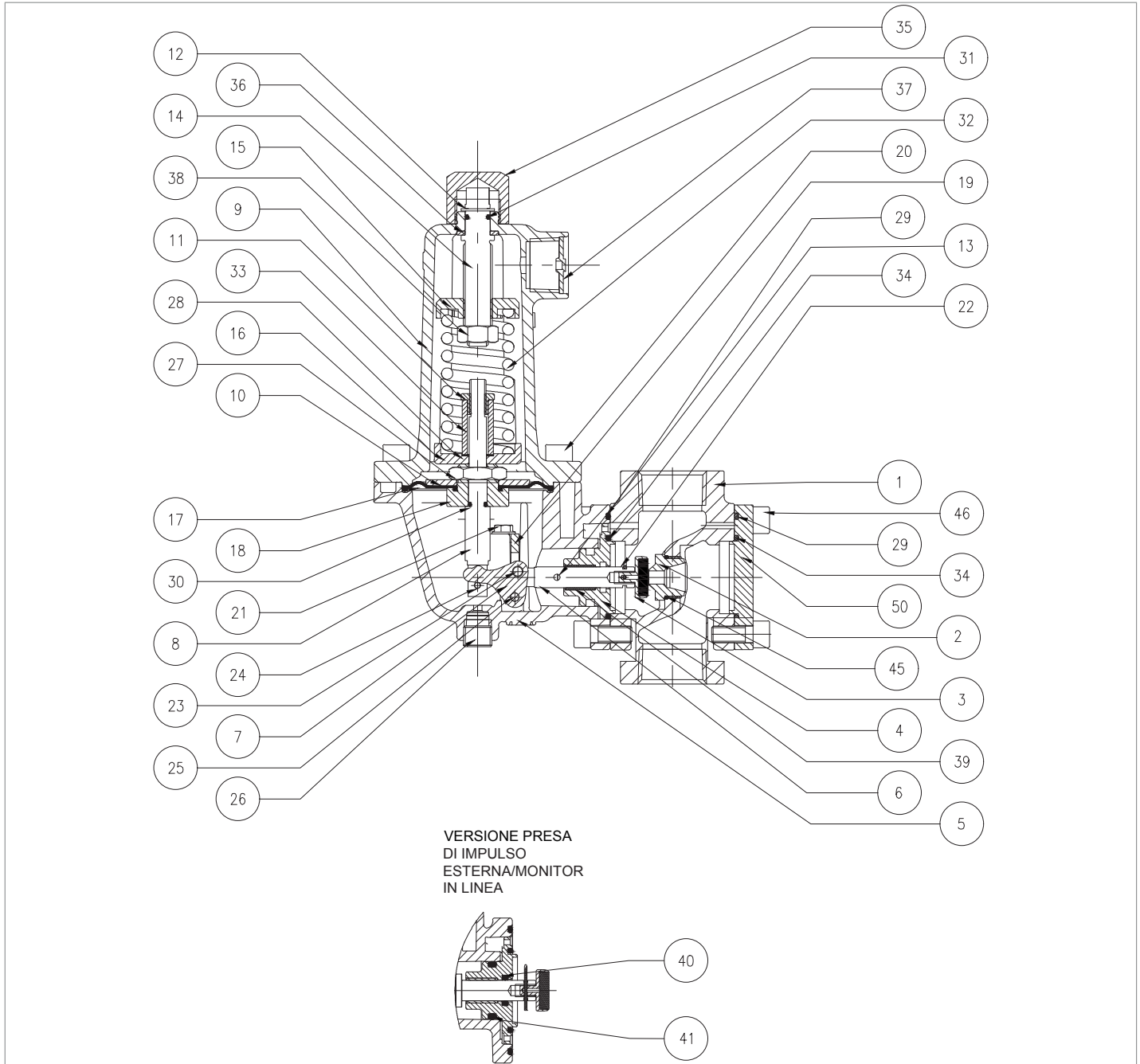
Fig. 9.35. FT 518 regulator LP version

Step	Operation
1	Unscrew and remove cap (35).
2	Unscrew adjustment screw (14).
3	Remove the Seeger ring (12).
4	Unscrew and remove the screws (20).
5	Remove the cover (9).
6	Remove the adjusting screw assembly (14, 31, 36, 15, 38).
7	Remove and replace the O-ring (31), lubricating it with synthetic grease. <b>NOTICE</b> <b>Before inserting the replacement O-ring, clean the retaining slots with a cleaning solution</b>
8	Assemble the adjusting screw unit (14, 31, 36, 15, 38).
9	Insert the Seeger ring (12).
10	Remove the spring (32).
11	Unscrew and remove the screws (46) of the regulator head.
12	Remove the regulator head
13	Remove the O-rings (34, 29) from the regulator head, lubricating them with synthetic grease. <b>NOTICE</b> <b>Before inserting the replacement O-ring, clean the retaining slots with a cleaning solution</b>
14	Slide off the rod guide assembly (6, 13, 39, 4, 22, 3) by lifting and removing the drive shaft assembly (8, 24, 30, 18, 17, 10, 27, 16, 28, 33, 11). <b>NOTICE</b> <b>This operation is to be carried out simultaneously.</b>
15	Remove the relief nut (11).
16	Remove the relief spring (33).
17	Remove the anti-friction ring (28).
18	Remove the spring holder (16).
19	Unscrew and remove the nut (27).
20	Slide off the diaphragm protection disc (10).
21	Pull out the diaphragm (17).
22	Slide out the diaphragm holder (18).
23	Remove and replace the O-ring (30) from the diaphragm support (18), lubricating it with synthetic grease. <b>NOTICE</b> <b>Before inserting the replacement O-ring, clean the retaining slots with a cleaning solution</b>
24	Position the diaphragm holder (18).



FT 518 regulator LP version

Step	Operation
25	Position the replacement diaphragm (17). <b>NOTICE</b> <b>The diaphragm lanyard must be inside the diaphragm seat (17).</b>
26	Position the diaphragm protection disc (10). <b>NOTICE</b> <b>The disc beam is positioned toward the diaphragm (17).</b>
27	Insert and fasten the nut (27), according to the tightening torque: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Tab. 9.62</li> </ul>
28	Position the spring holder (16).
29	Position the anti-friction ring (28).
30	Position the relief spring (33).
31	Insert and secure the nut (11).
32	Remove the cotter pin (22).
33	Remove the plug (3).
34	<b>VALID IN CASE OF EXTERNAL SENSING LINE</b> Slide out the rod (6).
35	<b>VALID IN CASE OF EXTERNAL SENSING LINE</b> Remove and replace the O-ring (40) from the plug guide (4), lubricating it with synthetic grease. <b>NOTICE</b> <b>Before inserting the replacement O-ring, clean the retaining slots with a cleaning solution</b>
36	<b>VALID IN CASE OF EXTERNAL SENSING LINE</b> Remove and replace the O-ring (41) from the plug guide (4), lubricating it with synthetic grease. <b>NOTICE</b> <b>Before inserting the replacement O-ring, clean the retaining slots with a cleaning solution</b>
37	<b>VALID IN CASE OF EXTERNAL SENSING LINE</b> Insert the rod (6).
38	Insert the replacement plug (3).
39	Position the cotter pin (22).
40	Place the rod guide assembly (6, 13, 39, 4, 22, 3) inside the intermediate body (5). <b>NOTICE</b> <b>Take care that the pin (23) fixed on the lever (7) is placed inside the shaft groove (6).</b>
41	Insert drive shaft assembly (8, 24, 30, 18, 17, 10, 27, 16, 28, 33, 11). <b>NOTICE</b> <b>Take care that the lever (7) is placed between the pin (24) and the rod (8).</b>



*FT 518 regulator LP version*

Step	Operation
42	<p>Push the plug (3) inward.</p> <p><b>NOTICE</b></p> <p><b>Check the lowering of the rod (8).</b></p>
43	Remove the valve seat (2) from the body (1).
44	<p>Remove and replace the O-ring (45) from the valve seat (2), lubricating it with synthetic grease.</p> <p><b>NOTICE</b></p> <p><b>Before inserting the replacement O-ring, clean the retaining slots with a cleaning solution</b></p>
45	<p>Place the valve seat (2) into the body (1), according to the tightening torque:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Tab. 9.62</li> </ul>
46	Place the replacement O-rings (34, 29) in the regulator head.
47	Assemble the intermediate body (5) into the body (1).
48	<p>Insert and fasten the screws (46) of the regulator head according to the tightening torque:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Tab. 9.62</li> </ul> <p><b>NOTICE</b></p> <p><b>Tighten the screws according to the cross pattern in paragraph 9.4.2.2.</b></p>
49	Place the spring (32).
50	Place the cover (9).
51	<p>Insert and fasten the screws (20) into the cover (9), according to the tightening torque:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Tab. 9.62</li> </ul> <p><b>NOTICE</b></p> <p><b>Tighten the screws according to the cross pattern in paragraph 9.4.2.2.</b></p>
52	Put the cap (35) in place.
53	Unscrew and remove the screws (46) from the blind flange (50).
54	Remove the blind flange (50).
55	<p>Remove and replace the O-rings (29, 34) from the blind flange (50), lubricating them with synthetic grease.</p> <p><b>NOTICE</b></p> <p><b>Before inserting the replacement O-ring, clean the retaining slots with a cleaning solution</b></p>
56	Place the blind flange (50) into the body (1).
57	<p>Insert and fasten the screws (46) in the blind flange (50) according to the tightening torques:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Tab. 9.62</li> </ul> <p><b>NOTICE</b></p> <p><b>Tighten the screws according to the cross pattern in paragraph 9.4.2.2.</b></p>

Tab. 9.66

**⚠ WARNING**

**Make sure that all parts have been assembled correctly.**

**9.4.3.2 - FT 518 REGULATOR HP VERSION**

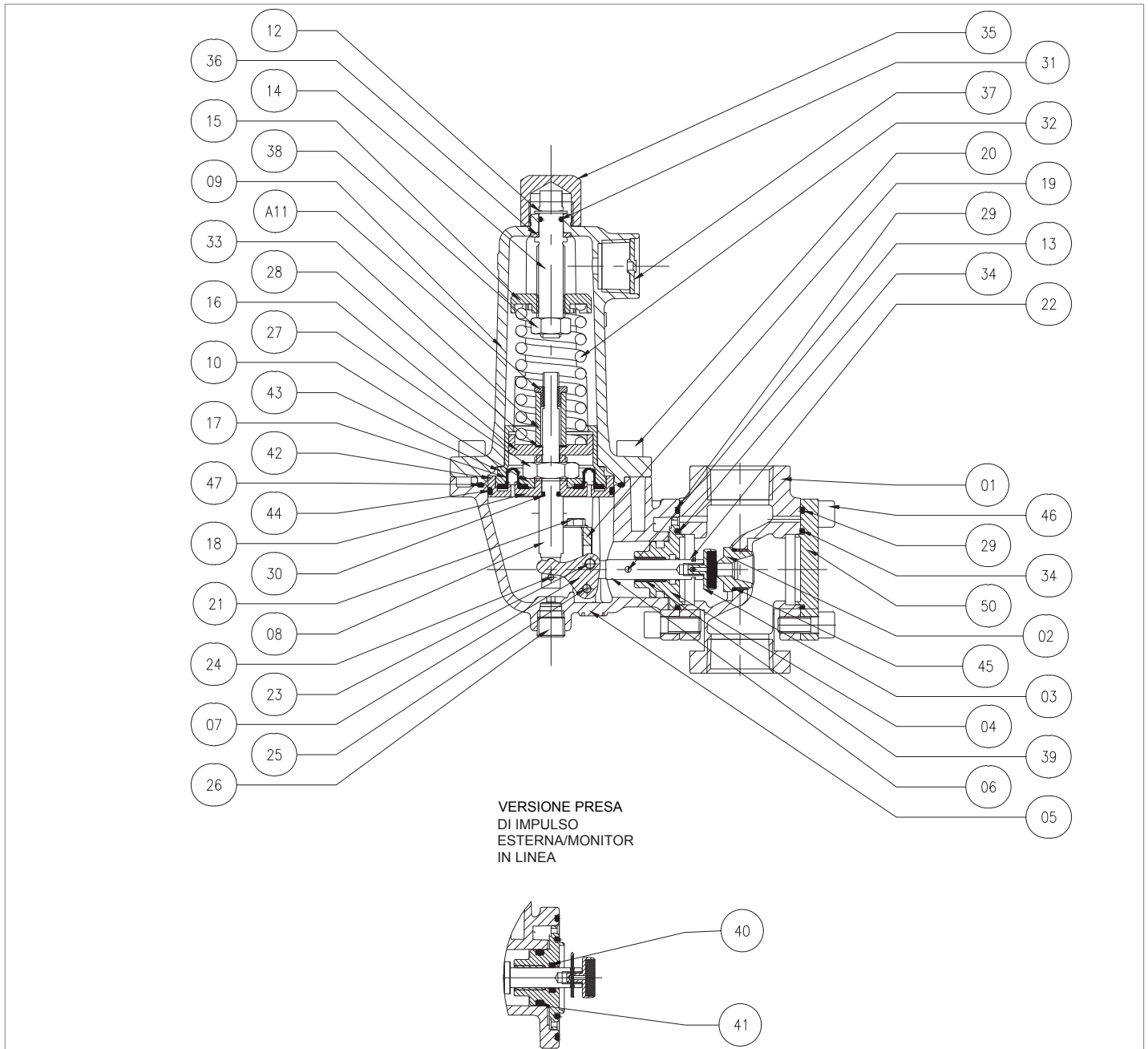
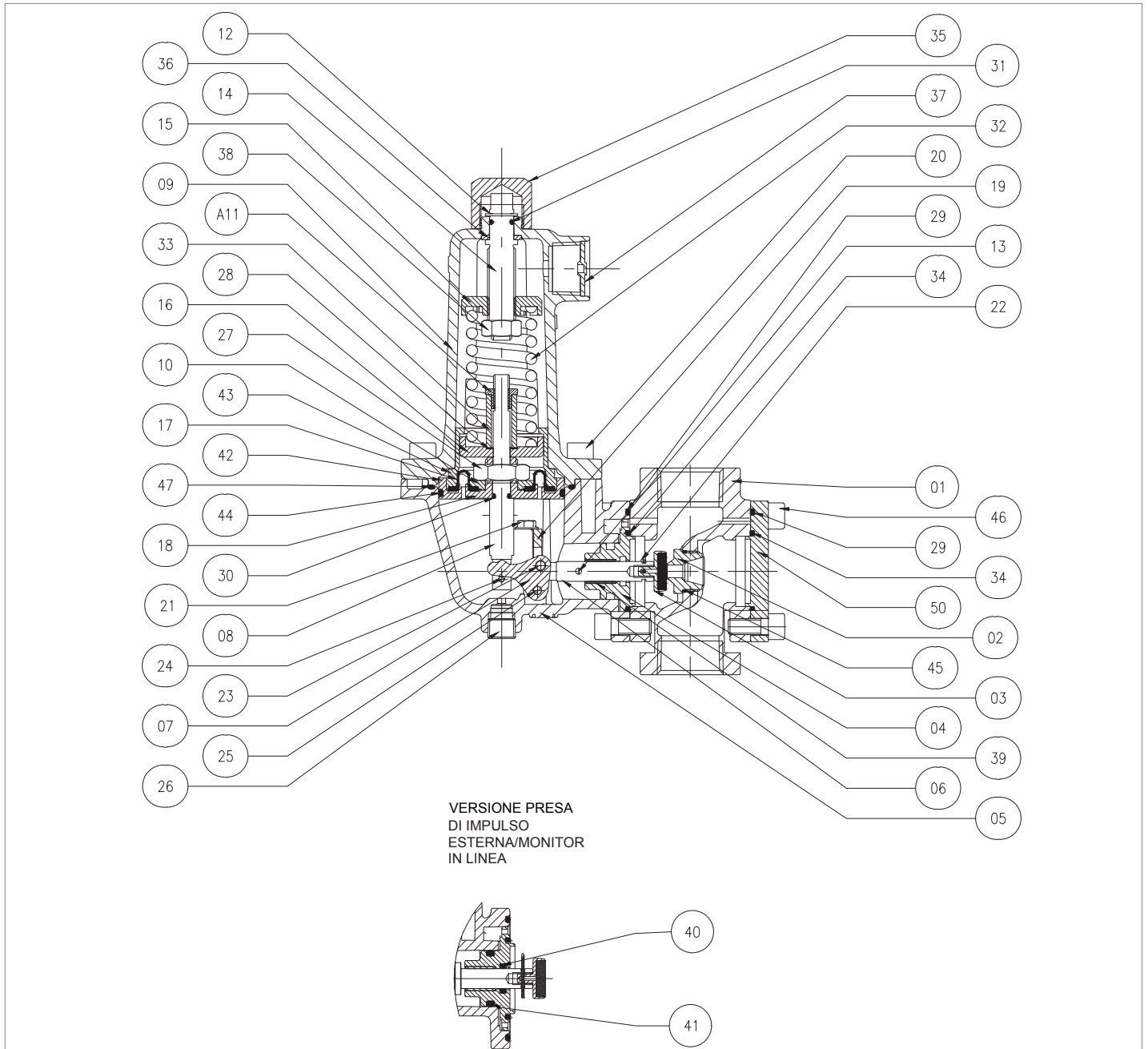


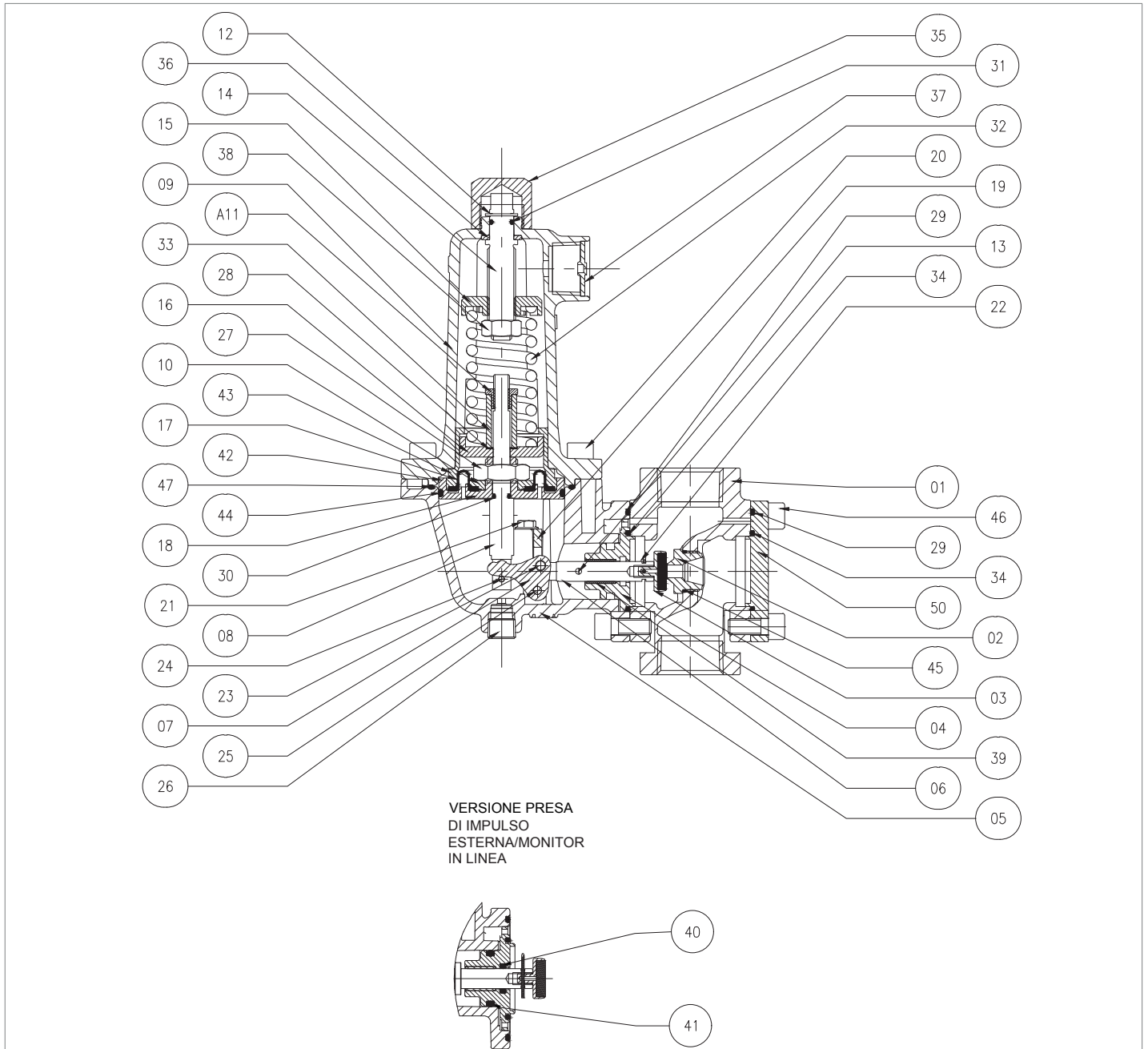
Fig. 9.36. FT 518 regulator HP version

Step	Operation
1	Unscrew and remove cap (35).
2	Unscrew adjustment screw (14).
3	Remove the Seeger ring (12).
4	Unscrew and remove the screws (20).
5	Remove the cover (9).
6	Remove the adjusting screw assembly (14, 31, 36, 15, 38).
7	<p>Remove and replace the O-ring (31), lubricating it with synthetic grease.</p> <p><b>NOTICE</b></p> <p><b>Before inserting the replacement O-ring, clean the retaining slots with a cleaning solution</b></p>
8	Assemble the adjusting screw unit (14, 31, 36, 15, 38).
9	Insert the Seeger ring (12).
10	Remove the spring (32).
11	Remove the upper reduction disc (43).
12	Unscrew and remove the screws (46) from the regulator head.
13	Remove the regulator head.
14	<p>Remove and replace the O-rings (34, 29) from the regulator head, lubricating them with synthetic grease.</p> <p><b>NOTICE</b></p> <p><b>Before inserting the replacement O-ring, clean the retaining slots with a cleaning solution</b></p>
15	<p>Slide off the rod guide assembly (6, 13, 39, 4, 22, 3) by lifting and removing the drive shaft assembly (8, 24, 30, 18, 17, 10, 27, 16, 28, 33, 11).</p> <p><b>NOTICE</b></p> <p><b>This operation is to be carried out simultaneously.</b></p>
16	Remove the relief nut (11).
17	Remove the relief spring (33).
18	Remove the anti-friction ring (28).
19	Remove the spring holder (16).
20	Unscrew and remove the nut (27).
21	Slide off the diaphragm protection disc (10).
22	Remove the diaphragm (17).
23	Remove the diaphragm holder (18).
24	<p>Remove and replace the O-ring (30), lubricating it with synthetic grease.</p> <p><b>NOTICE</b></p> <p><b>Before inserting the replacement O-ring, clean the retaining slots with a cleaning solution</b></p>



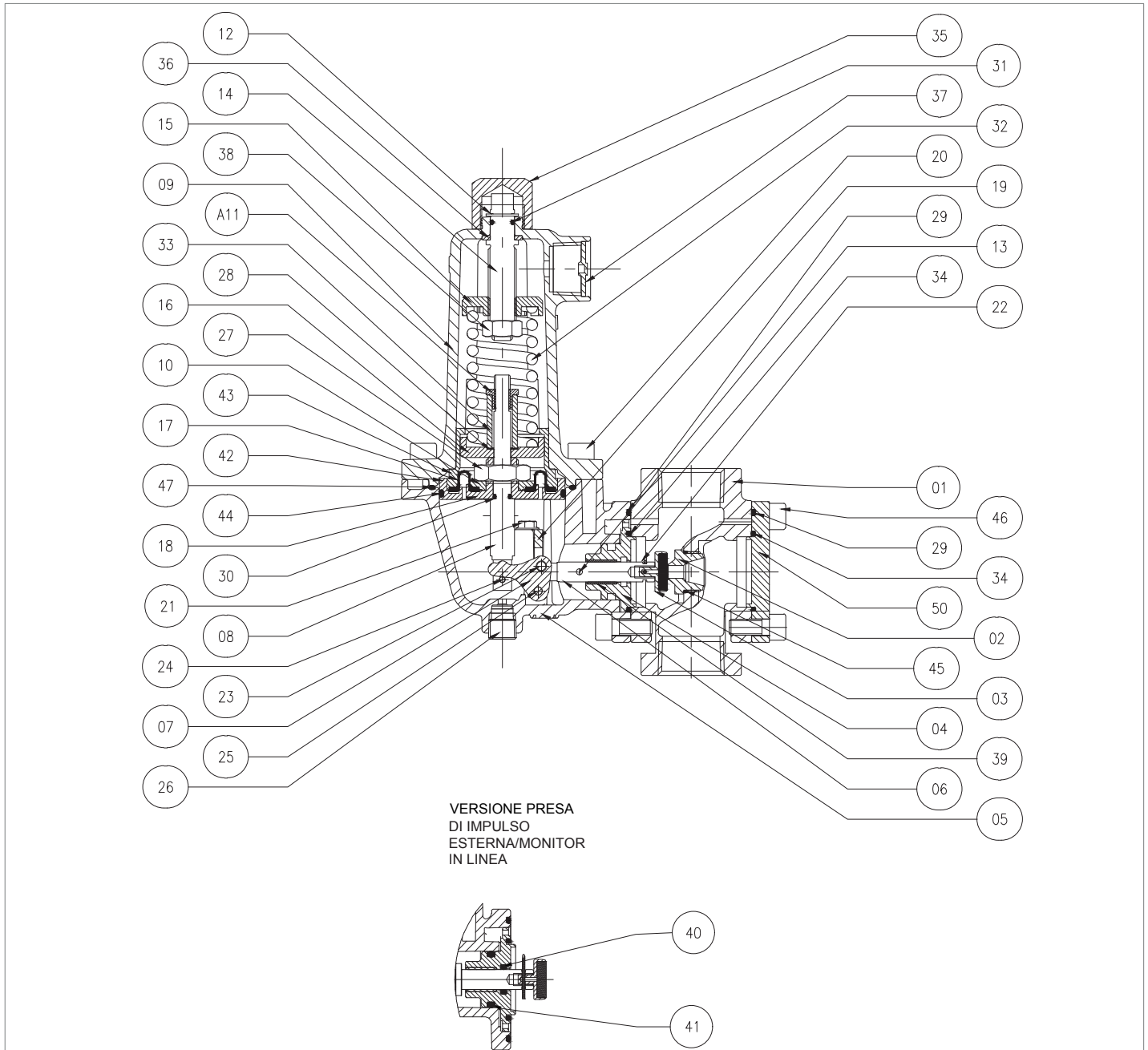
FT 518 regulator HP version

Step	Operation
25	Position the diaphragm holder (18).
26	Position the replacement diaphragm (17). <b>NOTICE</b> <b>The diaphragm lanyard must be inside the diaphragm seat (17).</b>
27	Position the diaphragm protection disc (10). <b>NOTICE</b> <b>The disc beam is positioned toward the diaphragm (17).</b>
28	Insert and fasten the nut (27), according to the tightening torque: • Tab. 9.62
29	Position the spring holder (16).
30	Position the anti-friction ring (28).
31	Position the relief spring (33).
32	Insert and fasten the nut (11), according to the tightening torque: • Tab. 9.62
33	Remove the cotter pin (22).
34	Remove the plug (3).
35	<b>VALID IN CASE OF EXTERNAL SENSING LINE</b> Slide out the rod (6).
36	<b>VALID IN CASE OF EXTERNAL SENSING LINE</b> Remove and replace the O-ring (40) from the plug guide (4), lubricating it with synthetic grease. <b>NOTICE</b> <b>Before inserting the replacement O-ring, clean the retaining slots with a cleaning solution</b>
37	<b>VALID IN CASE OF EXTERNAL SENSING LINE</b> Remove and replace the O-ring (41) from the plug guide (4), lubricating it with synthetic grease. <b>NOTICE</b> <b>Before inserting the replacement O-ring, clean the retaining slots with a cleaning solution</b>
38	<b>VALID IN CASE OF EXTERNAL SENSING LINE</b> Insert the rod (6).
39	Insert the replacement plug (3).
40	Position the cotter pin (22).
41	Remove the lower reduction disc (42).
42	Remove and replace the O-ring (44) from the lower reduction disc (42), lubricating it with synthetic grease. <b>NOTICE</b> <b>Before inserting the replacement O-ring, clean the retaining slots with a cleaning solution</b>



FT 518 regulator HP version

Step	Operation
43	Place the lower reduction disc (42) in the intermediate body (5).
44	Remove and replace the O-ring (47) from the intermediate body (5), lubricating it with synthetic grease. <b>NOTICE</b> <b>Before inserting the replacement O-ring, clean the retaining slots with a cleaning solution</b>
45	Place the rod guide assembly (6, 13, 39, 4, 22, 3) inside the intermediate body (5). <b>NOTICE</b> <b>Take care that the pin (23) fixed on the lever (7) is placed inside the shaft groove (6).</b>
46	Insert drive shaft assembly (8, 24, 30, 18, 17, 10, 27, 16, 28, 33, 11). <b>NOTICE</b> <b>Take care that the lever (7) is placed between the pin (24) and the rod (8).</b>
47	Push the plug (3) inward. <b>NOTICE</b> <b>Check the lowering of the rod (8).</b>
48	Remove the valve seat (2) from the body (1).
49	Remove and replace the O-ring (45) from the valve seat (2), lubricating it with synthetic grease. <b>NOTICE</b> <b>Before inserting the replacement O-ring, clean the retaining slots with a cleaning solution</b>
50	Place the valve seat (2) into the body (1), according to the tightening torque: • Tab. 9.62
51	Place the replacement O-rings (34, 29) in the regulator head.
52	Assemble the intermediate body (5) into the body (1).
53	Insert and fasten the screws (46) of the regulator head, according to the tightening torque: • Tab. 9.62 <b>NOTICE</b> <b>Tighten the screws according to the cross pattern in paragraph 9.4.2.2.</b>
54	Position the upper reduction disc (43).
55	Place the spring (32).
56	Place the cover (9).
57	Insert and fasten the screws (20) into the cover (9), according to the tightening torque: • Tab. 9.62 <b>NOTICE</b> <b>Tighten the screws according to the cross pattern in paragraph 9.4.2.2.</b>



FT 518 regulator HP version

Step	Operation
58	Put the cap (35) in place.
59	Unscrew and remove the screws (46) from the blind flange (50).
60	Remove the blind flange (50).
61	Remove and replace the O-rings (29, 34) from the blind flange (50), lubricating them with synthetic grease. <div style="background-color: #0056b3; color: white; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;"><b>NOTICE</b></div> <b>Before inserting the replacement O-ring, clean the retaining slots with a cleaning solution</b>
62	Place the blind flange (50) into the body (1).
63	Insert and fasten the screws (46) in the blind flange (50) according to the tightening torques: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Tab. 9.62</li> </ul> <div style="background-color: #0056b3; color: white; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;"><b>NOTICE</b></div> <b>Tighten the screws according to the cross pattern in paragraph 9.4.2.2.</b>

Tab. 9.67

**⚠ WARNING**

**Make sure that all parts have been assembled correctly.**

**9.4.4 - PM/518 BUILT-IN MONITOR MAINTENANCE PROCEDURE**

**9.4.4.1 - BUILT-IN MONITOR PM/518 LP VERSION**

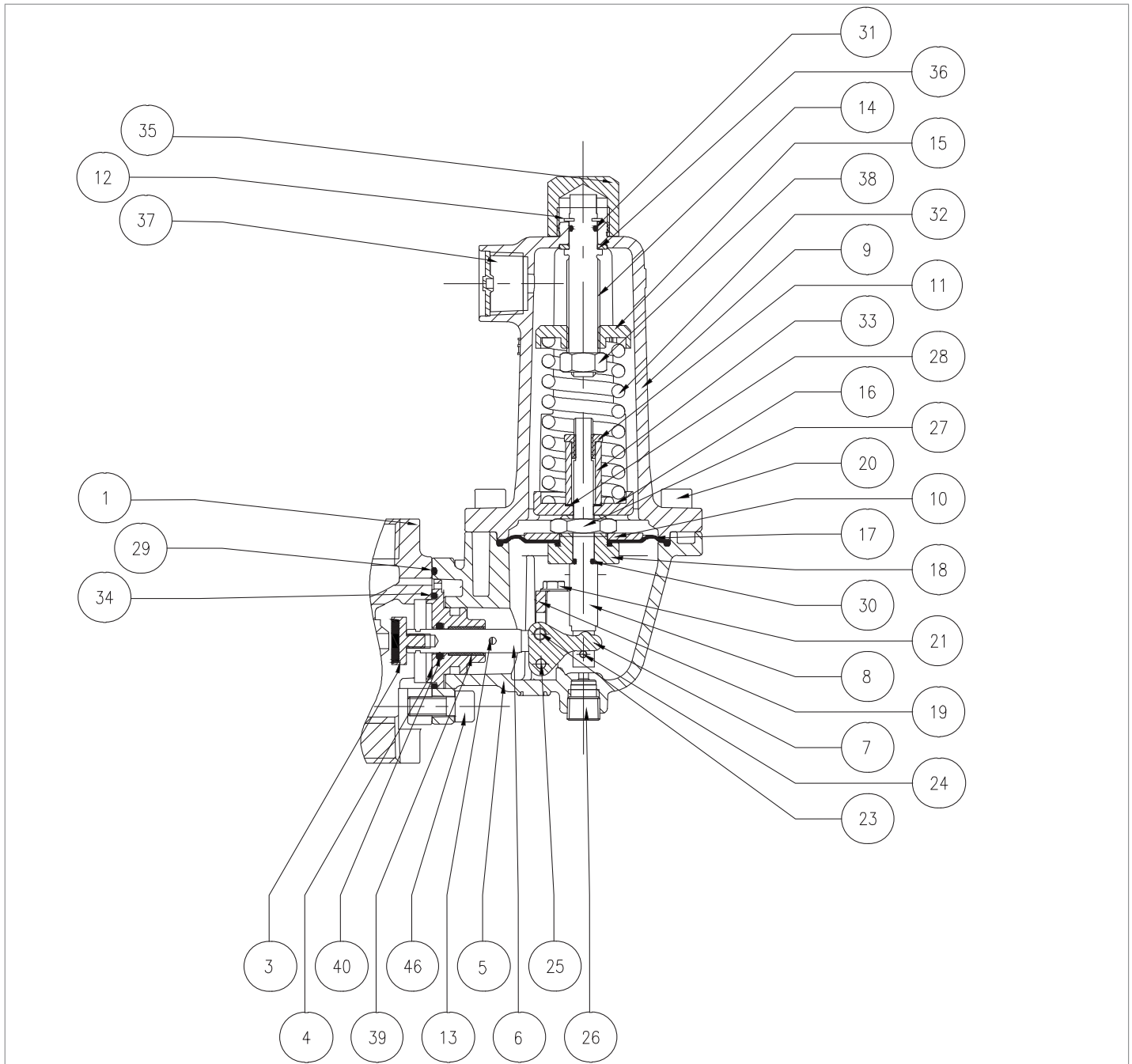
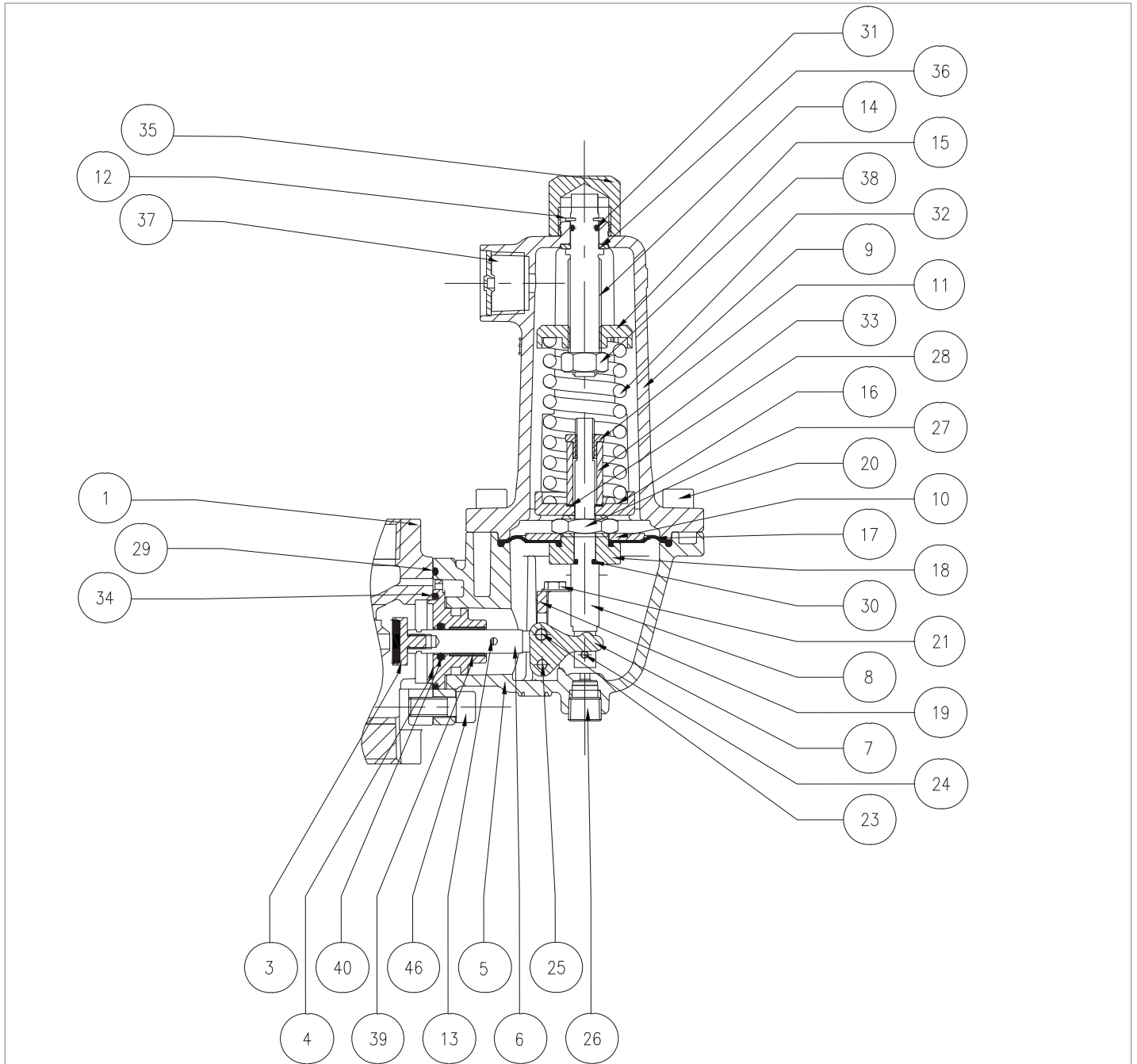


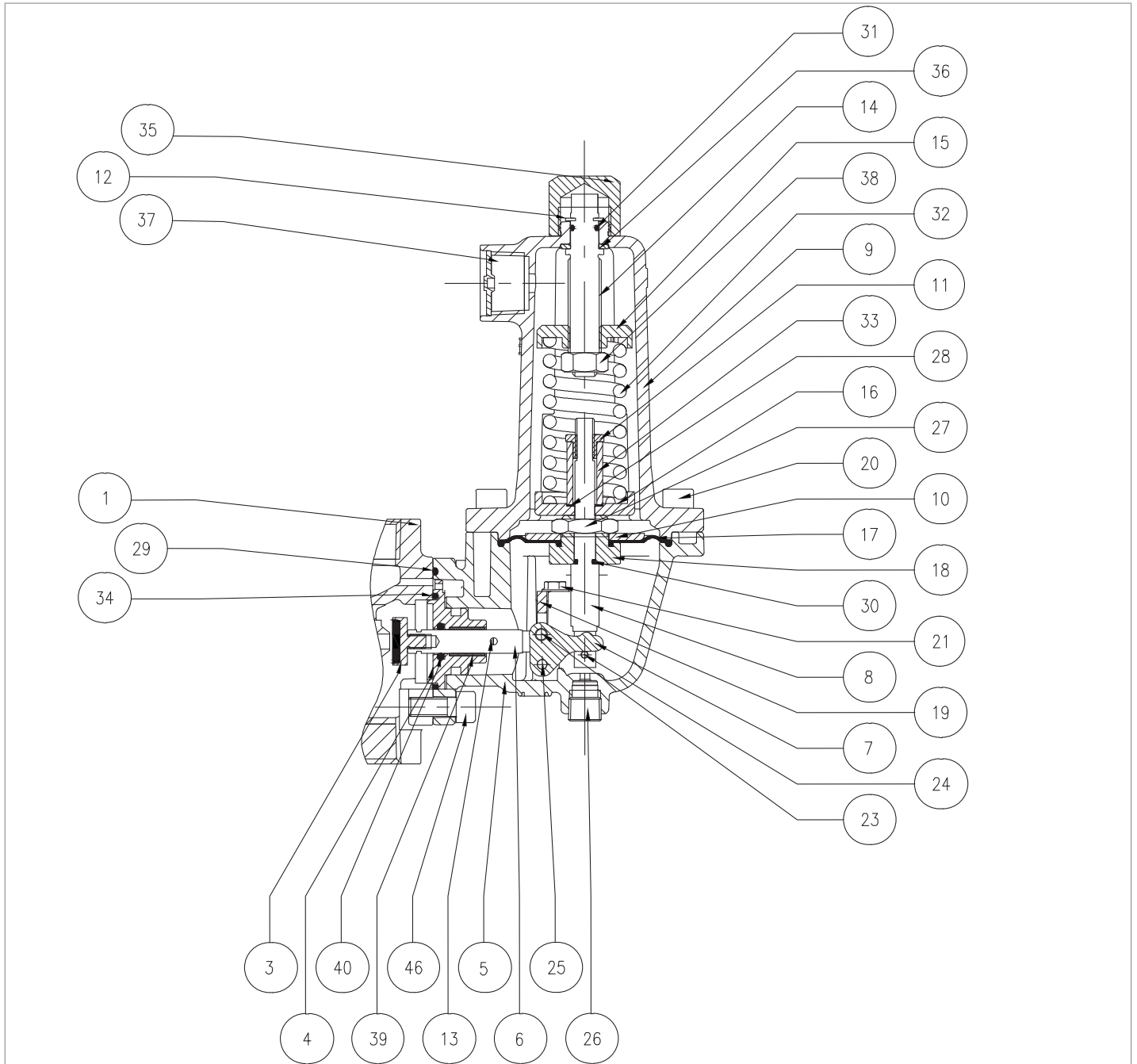
Fig. 9.37. Built-in monitor PM/518 LP version

Step	Operation
1	Unscrew and remove the cap (35).
2	Unscrew the adjusting screw (14).
3	Remove the Seeger ring (12).
4	Unscrew and remove the screws (20).
5	Remove the cover (9).
6	Remove the adjusting screw assembly (14, 31, 36, 15, 38).
7	Remove and replace the O-ring (31), lubricating it with synthetic grease. <b>NOTICE</b> <b>Before inserting the replacement O-ring, clean the retaining slots with a cleaning solution</b>
8	Assemble the adjusting screw unit (14, 31, 36, 15, 38).
9	Insert the Seeger ring (12).
10	Remove the spring (32).
11	Unscrew and remove the screws (46) of the monitor head.
12	Remove the regulator head.
13	Remove and replace the O-rings (34, 29) from the regulator head, lubricating them with synthetic grease. <b>NOTICE</b> <b>Before inserting the replacement O-ring, clean the retaining slots with a cleaning solution</b>
14	Slide out the rod guide assembly (6, 13, 39, 4, 3) by lifting and removing the drive shaft assembly (8, 24, 30, 18, 17, 10, 27, 16, 28, 33, 11). <b>NOTICE</b> <b>This operation is to be carried out simultaneously.</b>
15	Remove the relief nut (11).
16	Remove the relief spring (33).
17	Remove the anti-friction ring (28).
18	Remove the spring holder (16).
19	Unscrew and remove the nut (27).
20	Slide off the diaphragm protection disc (10).
21	Pull out the diaphragm (17).
22	Slide out the diaphragm holder (18).
23	Remove and replace the O-ring (30), lubricating it with synthetic grease. <b>NOTICE</b> <b>Before inserting the replacement O-ring, clean the retaining slots with a cleaning solution</b>
24	Position the diaphragm holder (18).



*Built-in monitor PM/518 LP version*

Step	Operation
25	Position the replacement diaphragm (17). <b>NOTICE</b> <b>The diaphragm lanyard must be inside the diaphragm seat (17).</b>
26	Position the diaphragm protection disc (10). <b>NOTICE</b> <b>The disc beam is positioned toward the diaphragm (17).</b>
27	Insert and fasten the nut (27), according to the tightening torque: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Tab. 9.63</li> </ul>
28	Position the spring holder (16).
29	Position the anti-friction ring (28).
30	Position the relief spring (33).
31	Insert and fasten the nut (11), according to the tightening torque: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Tab. 9.63</li> </ul>
32	Remove the plug (3).
33	Slide out the rod (6).
34	Remove and replace the O-ring (40) from the plug guide (4), lubricating it with synthetic grease. <b>NOTICE</b> <b>Before inserting the replacement O-ring, clean the retaining slots with a cleaning solution</b>
35	Insert the rod (6).
36	Insert the replacement plug (3), according to the tightening torque: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Tab. 9.63</li> </ul>
37	Place the rod guide assembly (6, 13, 39, 4, 3) inside the intermediate body (5). <b>NOTICE</b> <b>Take care that the pin (23) fixed on the lever (7) is placed inside the shaft groove (6).</b>
38	Insert drive shaft assembly (8, 24, 30, 18, 17, 10, 27, 16, 28, 33, 11). <b>NOTICE</b> <b>Take care that the lever (7) is placed between the pin (24) and the rod (8).</b>
39	Push the plug (3) inward. <b>NOTICE</b> <b>Check the lowering of the rod (8).</b>
40	Place the replacement O-rings (34, 29) in the monitor head.
41	Assemble the intermediate body (5) into the body (1).



*Built-in monitor PM/518 LP version*

Step	Operation
42	Insert and fasten the screws (46), according to the tightening torque: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Tab. 9.63</li> </ul> <div style="background-color: #0056b3; color: white; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;"><b>NOTICE</b></div> <p><b>Tighten the screws according to the cross pattern in paragraph 9.4.2.2.</b></p>
43	Place the spring (32).
44	Place the cover (9).
45	Insert and fasten the screws (20) into the cover (9), according to the tightening torque: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Tab. 9.63</li> </ul> <div style="background-color: #0056b3; color: white; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;"><b>NOTICE</b></div> <p><b>Tighten the screws according to the cross pattern in paragraph 9.4.2.2.</b></p>
46	Put the cap (35) in place.

Tab. 9.68

**⚠ WARNING**

**Make sure that all parts have been assembled correctly.**

**9.4.4.2 - BUILT-IN MONITOR PM/518 HP VERSION**

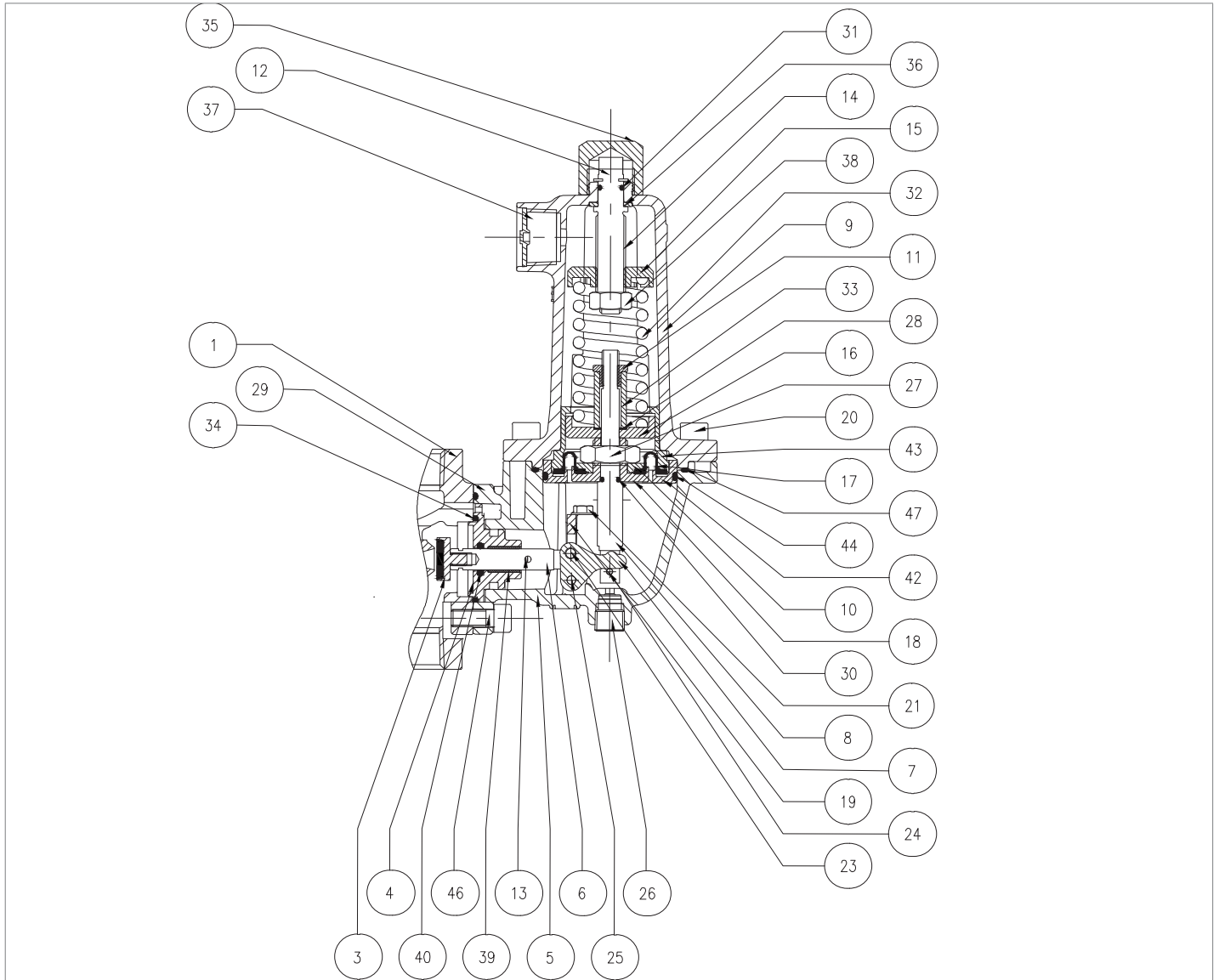
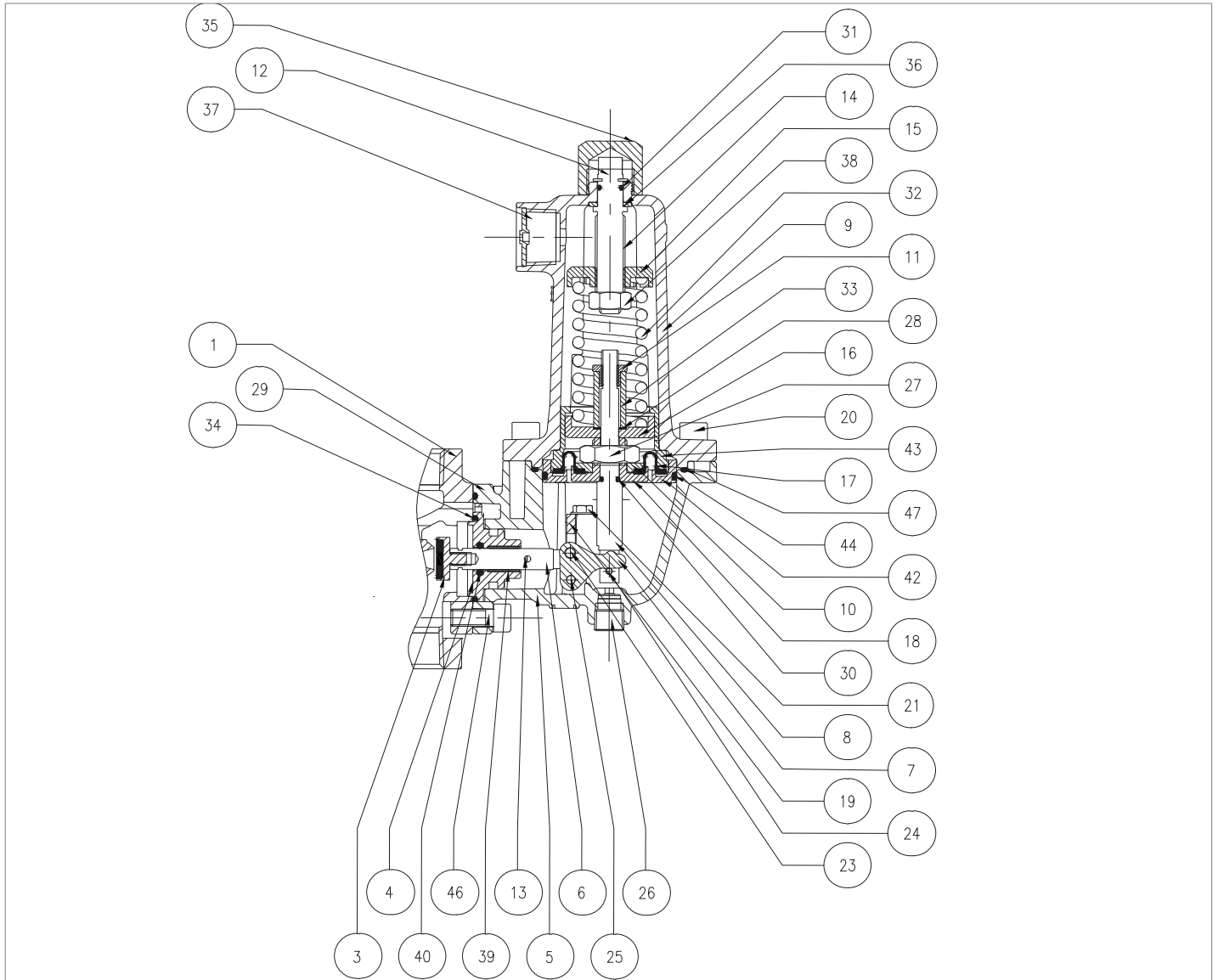


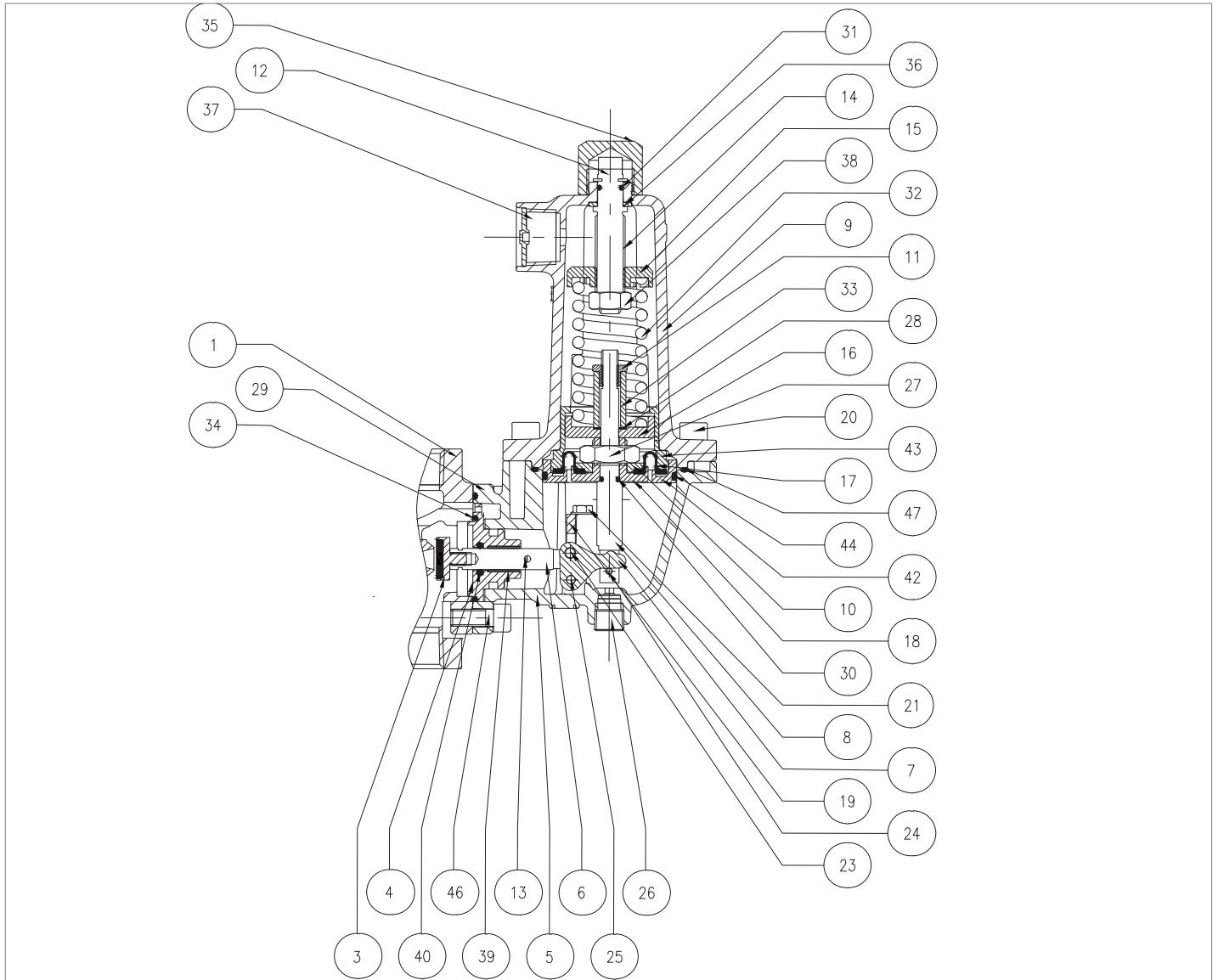
Fig. 9.38. Built-in monitor PM/518 HP version

Step	Operation
1	Unscrew and remove cap (35).
2	Unscrew adjustment screw (14).
3	Remove the Seeger ring (12).
4	Unscrew and remove the screws (20).
5	Remove the cover (9).
6	Remove the adjusting screw assembly (14, 31, 36, 15, 38).
7	Remove and replace the O-ring (31), lubricating it with synthetic grease. <b>NOTICE</b> <b>Before inserting the replacement O-ring, clean the retaining slots with a cleaning solution</b>
8	Assemble the adjusting screw unit (14, 31, 36, 15, 38).
9	Insert the Seeger ring (12).
10	Remove the spring (32).
11	Remove the upper reduction disc (43).
12	Unscrew and remove the screws (46) from the monitor head.
13	Remove the regulator head.
14	Remove and replace the O-rings (34, 29) from the monitor head, lubricating it with synthetic grease. <b>NOTICE</b> <b>Before inserting the replacement O-ring, clean the retaining slots with a cleaning solution</b>
15	Slide out the rod guide assembly (6, 13, 39, 4, 3) by lifting and removing the drive shaft assembly (8, 24, 30, 18, 17, 10, 27, 16, 28, 33, 11). <b>NOTICE</b> <b>This operation is to be carried out simultaneously.</b>
16	Remove the relief nut (11).
17	Remove the relief spring (33).
18	Remove the anti-friction ring (28).
19	Remove the spring holder (16).
20	Unscrew and remove the nut (27).
21	Slide off the diaphragm protection disc (10).
22	Remove the diaphragm (17).
23	Remove the diaphragm holder (18).
24	Remove and replace the O-ring (30), lubricating it with synthetic grease. <b>NOTICE</b> <b>Before inserting the replacement O-ring, clean the retaining slots with a cleaning solution</b>
25	Position the diaphragm holder (18).



*Built-in monitor PM/518 HP version*

Step	Operation
26	<p>Position the replacement diaphragm (17).</p> <p><b>NOTICE</b></p> <p><b>The diaphragm lanyard must be inside the diaphragm seat (17).</b></p>
27	<p>Position the diaphragm protection disc (10).</p> <p><b>NOTICE</b></p> <p><b>The disc beam is positioned toward the diaphragm (17).</b></p>
28	<p>Insert and fasten the nut (27), according to the tightening torque:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Tab. 9.63</li> </ul>
29	Position the spring holder (16).
30	Position the anti-friction ring (28).
31	Position the relief spring (33).
32	<p>Insert and fasten the nut (11), according to the tightening torque:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Tab. 9.63</li> </ul>
33	Remove the plug (3).
34	Slide out the rod (6).
35	<p>Remove and replace the O-ring (40) from the plug guide (4), lubricating it with synthetic grease.</p> <p><b>NOTICE</b></p> <p><b>Before inserting the replacement O-ring, clean the retaining slots with a cleaning solution</b></p>
36	Insert the rod (6).
37	<p>Insert the replacement plug (3), according to the tightening torque:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Tab. 9.63</li> </ul>
38	Remove the lower reduction disc (42).
39	<p>Remove and replace the O-ring (44) from the lower reduction disc (42), lubricating it with synthetic grease.</p> <p><b>NOTICE</b></p> <p><b>Before inserting the replacement O-ring, clean the retaining slots with a cleaning solution</b></p>
40	Place the lower reduction disc (42) in the intermediate body (5).
41	<p>Remove and replace the O-ring (47) from the intermediate body (5), lubricating it with synthetic grease.</p> <p><b>NOTICE</b></p> <p><b>Before inserting the replacement O-ring, clean the retaining slots with a cleaning solution</b></p>
42	<p>Place the rod guide assembly (6, 13, 39, 4, 3) inside the intermediate body (5).</p> <p><b>NOTICE</b></p> <p><b>Take care that the pin (23) fixed on the lever (7) is placed inside the shaft groove (6).</b></p>



*Built-in monitor PM/518 HP version*

Step	Operation
43	Insert drive shaft assembly (8, 24, 30, 18, 17, 10, 27, 16, 28, 33, 11). <b>NOTICE</b> <b>Take care that the lever (7) is placed between the pin (24) and the rod (8).</b>
44	Push the plug (3) inward. <b>NOTICE</b> <b>Check the lowering of the rod (8).</b>
45	Remove the valve seat (2) from the body (1).
46	Remove and replace the O-ring (45) from the valve seat (2), lubricating it with synthetic grease. <b>NOTICE</b> <b>Before inserting the replacement O-ring, clean the retaining slots with a cleaning solution</b>
47	Place the valve seat (2) into the body (1), according to the tightening torque: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Tab. 9.63</li> </ul>
48	Place the replacement O-rings (34, 29) in the monitor head.
49	Assemble the intermediate body (5) into the body (1).
50	Insert and fasten the screws (46) of the monitor head, according to the tightening torque: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Tab. 9.63</li> </ul>
51	Position the upper reduction disc (43).
52	Place the spring (32).
53	Place the cover (9).
54	Insert and fasten the screws (20) into the cover (9), according to the tightening torque: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Tab. 9.63</li> </ul>
55	Put the cap (35) in place.

Tab. 9.69

**⚠ WARNING**

**Make sure that all parts have been assembled correctly.**

## 9.4.5 - SB/518 BUILT-IN SLAM-SHUT VALVE MAINTENANCE PROCEDURE

### 9.4.5.1 - BUILT-IN SB/518 SLAM-SHUT VALVE

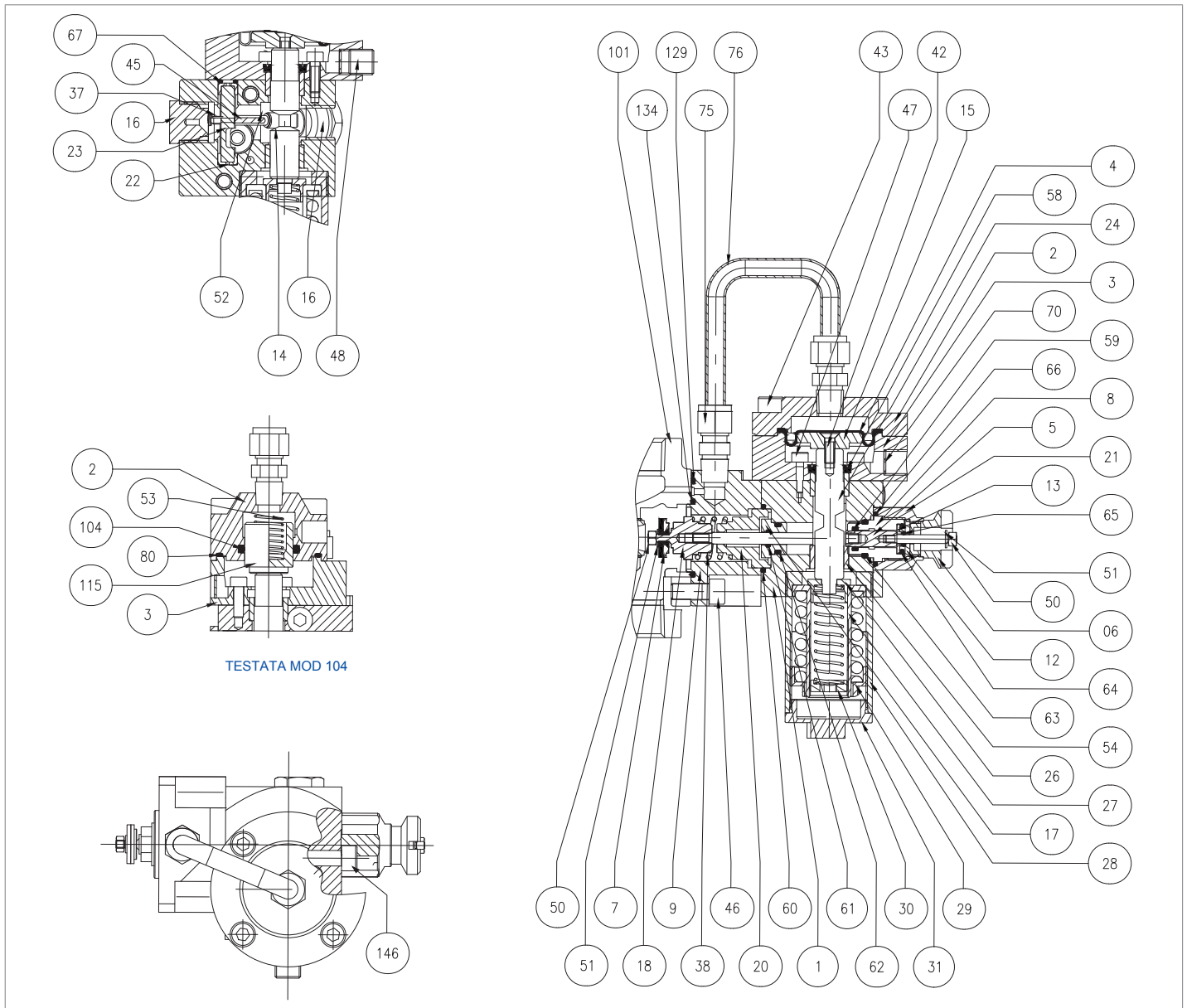
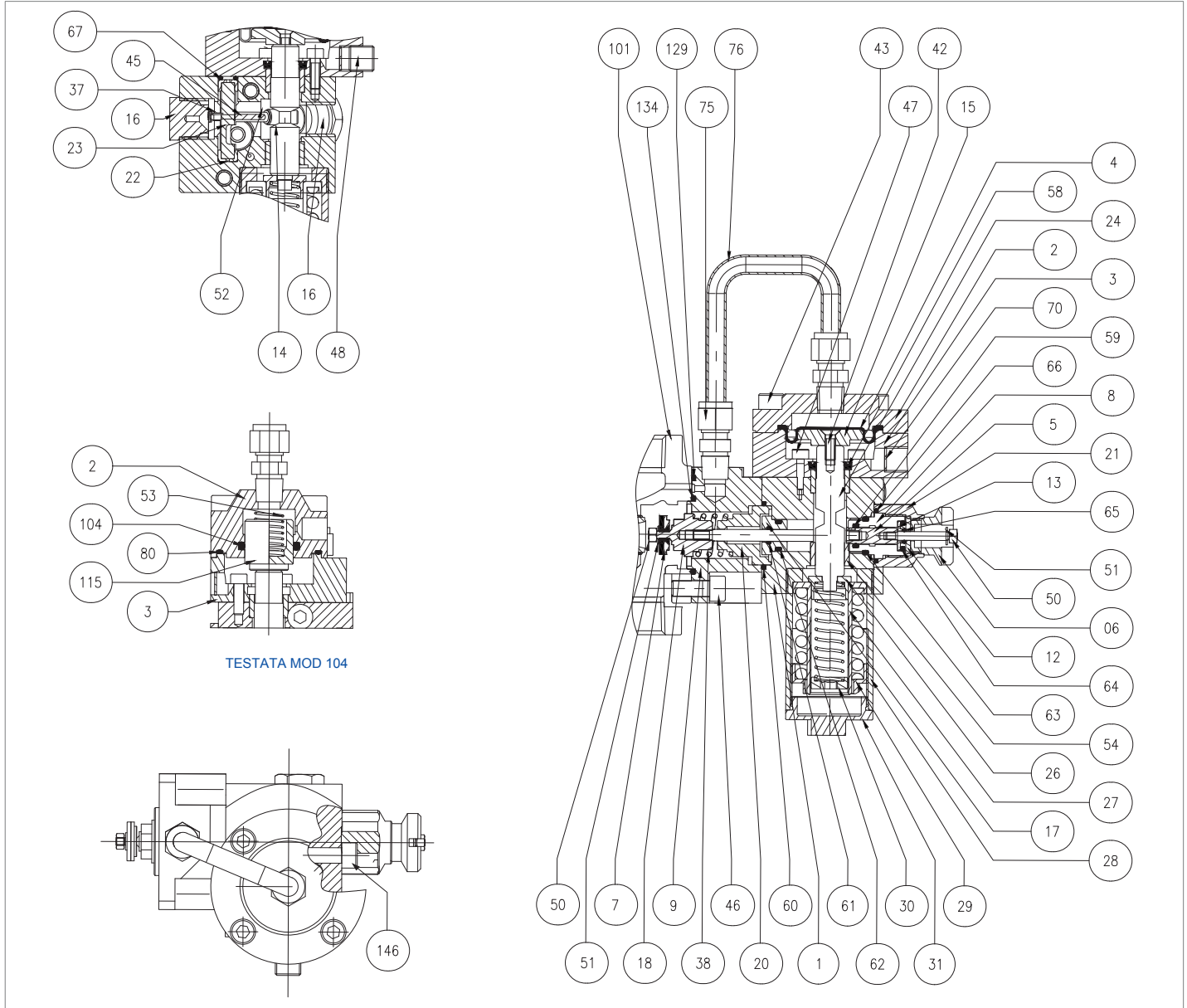


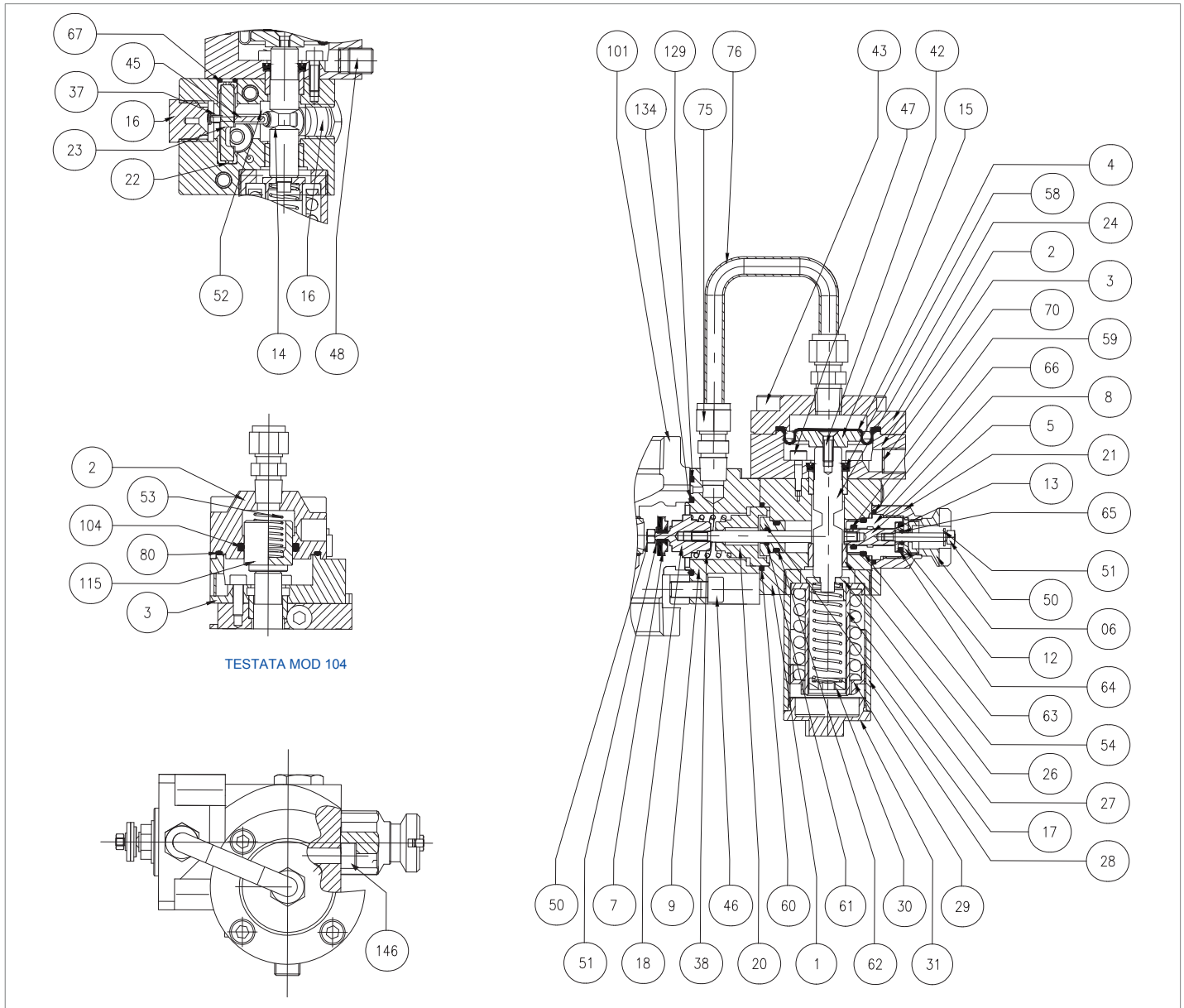
Fig. 9.39. Built-in SB/518 slam-shut valve

Step	Operation
1	<p><b>⚠ WARNING</b></p> <p><b>Check that the slam-shut valve is in the closed position.</b></p>
2	Remove the tube (76) from the sensing line.
3	Unscrew and remove the screws (146).
4	Slide the pressure switch off the intermediate flange (9) and place it on a deck with an anti-shock surface.
5	Unscrew and remove the screws (46).
6	Remove the intermediate flange (9) from the body (101).
7	<p>Remove and replace the O-rings (129, 134) from the intermediate flange (9), lubricating them with synthetic grease.</p> <p><b>NOTICE</b></p> <p><b>Before inserting the replacement O-ring, clean the retaining slots with a cleaning solution</b></p>
8	Place the intermediate flange (9) together with the O-rings (129, 134) in the body (101).
9	<p>Insert and fasten the screws (46), according to the tightening torque:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Tab. 9.64</li> </ul> <p><b>NOTICE</b></p> <p><b>Tighten the screws according to the cross pattern in paragraph 9.4.2.2.</b></p>
10	Unscrew and remove the screws (43) from the cover (2).
11	<p><b>VALID FOR PRESSURE SWITCH 104</b></p> <p>Remove the cover (2) together with the piston (115), spring (53) and O-rings (104, 80).</p>
12	<p><b>VALID FOR PRESSURE SWITCH 104</b></p> <p>Slide out the piston (115) from top to bottom together with the spring (53).</p>
13	<p><b>VALID FOR PRESSURE SWITCH 104</b></p> <p>Remove and replace the O-rings (104, 80) from the piston (115), lubricating them with synthetic grease.</p> <p><b>NOTICE</b></p> <p><b>Before inserting the replacement O-ring, clean the retaining slots with a cleaning solution</b></p>
14	<p><b>VALID FOR PRESSURE SWITCH 104</b></p> <p>Insert the piston (115) together with the spring (53) into the cover (2).</p>
15	<p><b>VALID FOR PRESSURE SWITCH 103</b></p> <p>Remove the cover (2).</p>
16	<p><b>VALID FOR PRESSURE SWITCH 103</b></p> <p>Remove the diaphragm (4).</p>
17	<p><b>VALID FOR PRESSURE SWITCH 103</b></p> <p>Unscrew and remove the screw (42).</p> <p><b>NOTICE</b></p> <p><b>During this step, hold the diaphragm protection disc (15) still.</b></p>



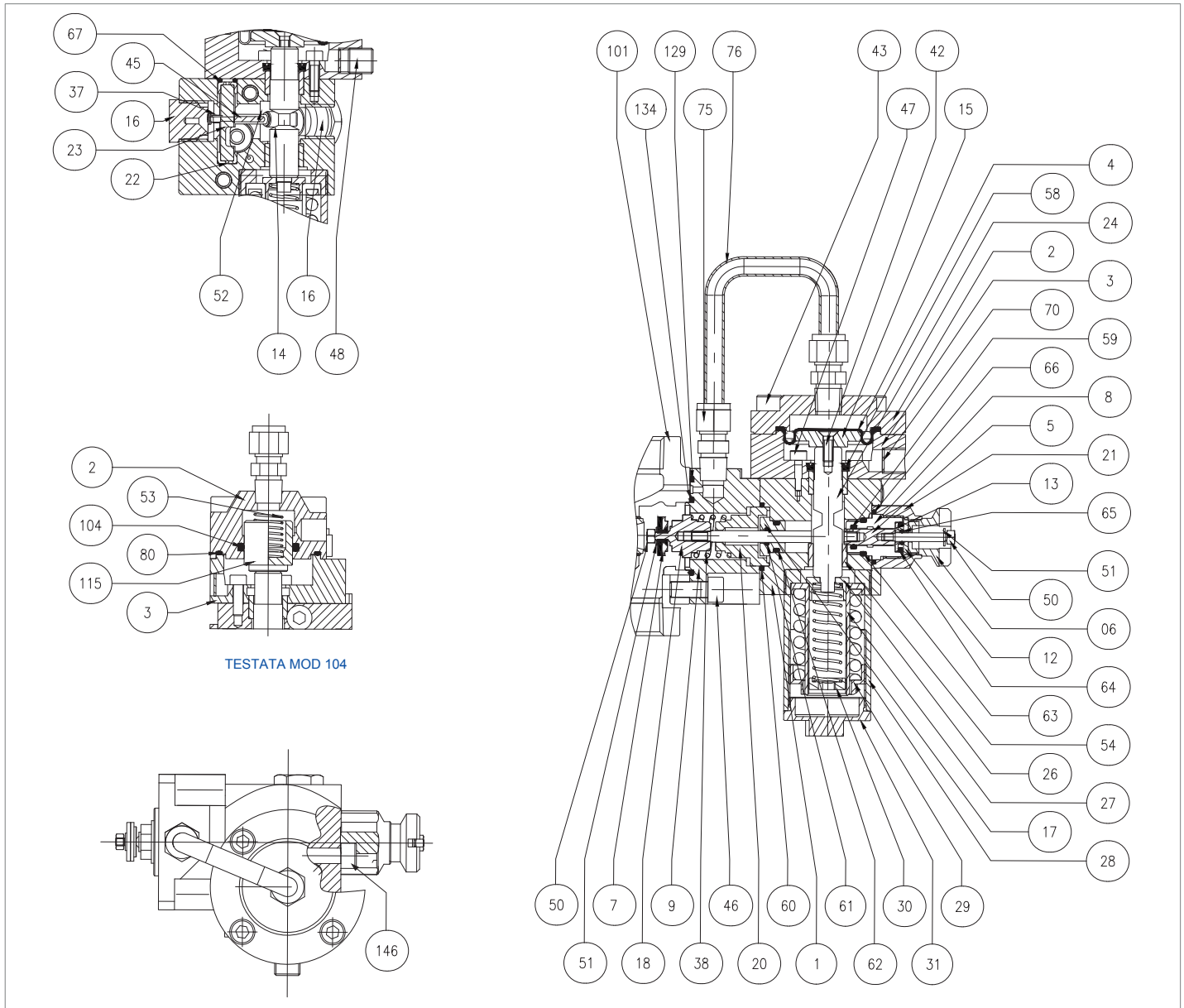
*Built-in SB/518 slam-shut valve*

Step	Operation
18	<b>VALID FOR PRESSURE SWITCH 103</b> Remove the diaphragm protection disc (15) from the rod (24).
19	Unscrew and remove the screws (47).
20	Remove the flange (3) from the slam-shut valve body (1).
21	Remove the lip ring (58).
22	Remove and replace the O-ring (67) from the flange (3), lubricating it with synthetic grease. <b>NOTICE</b> <b>Before inserting the replacement O-ring, clean the retaining slots with a cleaning solution</b>
23	Unscrew and remove the nut (50) of the gasket (7) together with the washer (51). <b>NOTICE</b> <b>During this step, hold the plug holder (18) in place.</b>
24	Remove the gasket (7).
25	Unscrew and remove nut (50) of reset knob (6) together with washer (51). <b>NOTICE</b> <b>During this step, hold the plug holder (18) in place.</b>
26	Slide off from right to left the rod (5), plug holder (18) spring (38), rod guide (20) and valve guide (17) from the body (1).
27	Remove the reset knob (6) from the lock nut (21).
28	Unscrew and remove the lock nut (21), O-ring (66) from the balance rod guide (8).
29	Replace the O-ring (66), lubricating it with synthetic grease. <b>NOTICE</b> <b>Before inserting the replacement O-ring, clean the retaining slots with a cleaning solution</b>
30	Unscrew the balancing rod guide (8) together with the protection discs (12, 13) and O-rings (64, 65).
31	Replace the O-rings (59, 63), lubricating them with synthetic grease. <b>NOTICE</b> <b>Before inserting the replacement O-ring, clean the retaining slots with a cleaning solution</b>
32	Remove the protection disc (12).
33	Remove and replace the O-rings (64, 65) from the protective disc (12), lubricating them with synthetic grease. <b>NOTICE</b> <b>Before inserting the replacement O-ring, clean the retaining slots with a cleaning solution</b>
34	Place the protective disc (12).



*Built-in SB/518 slam-shut valve*

Step	Operation
35	Place the balancing rod guide (8), O-rings (59, 63, 64, 65) and protection discs (12, 13).
36	Unscrew and remove the plug holder (18).
37	Remove the plug guide (20).
38	Slide off the valve guide (17) together with the O-rings (61, 62) from the slam-shut valve body (1).
39	Remove and replace the O-rings (61, 62) from the valve guide (17), lubricating them with synthetic grease. <b>NOTICE</b> <b>Before inserting the replacement O-ring, clean the retaining slots with a cleaning solution</b>
40	Place the valve guide (17) and O-rings (61, 62) into the slam-shut valve body (1).
41	Position the plug guide (20).
42	Remove and replace the O-ring (60), lubricating it with synthetic grease. <b>NOTICE</b> <b>Before inserting the replacement O-ring, clean the retaining slots with a cleaning solution</b>
43	Fix the plug support (18), according to the tightening torque: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Tab. 9.64</li> </ul>
44	Insert and secure the locking nut (21), together with the O-ring (66), according to the tightening torque: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Tab. 9.64</li> </ul>
45	Place the reset knob (6) in the lock nut (21).
46	Place the rod (5), plug holder (18) spring (38), rod guide (20) and valve guide (17) into the body (1) from left to right.
47	Insert and secure the nut (50) together with the washer (51) in the reset knob (6), according to the tightening torque: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Tab. 9.64</li> </ul> <b>NOTICE</b> <b>During this step, manually compress the spring (38).</b>
48	Place the gasket (7). <b>NOTICE</b> <b>Place the rubber part of the bypass at the tapered part of the plug holder (18).</b>
49	Insert and secure the nut (50) together with the washer (51) of the gasket (7), according to the tightening torque: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Tab. 9.64</li> </ul> <b>NOTICE</b> <b>During this step, hold the plug holder (18) in place.</b>



*Built-in SB/518 slam-shut valve*

Step	Operation
50	Position the replacement lip ring (58). <b>NOTICE</b> <b>The concave part faces the intermediate flange (9).</b>
51	Place the flange (3) into the body of the slam-shut valve (1).
52	Insert and fasten the screws (47), according to the tightening torque: • Tab. 9.64 <b>NOTICE</b> <b>Tighten the screws according to the cross pattern in paragraph 9.4.2.2.</b>
53	<b>VALID FOR PRESSURE SWITCH 103</b> Position the diaphragm protection disc (15).
54	<b>VALID FOR PRESSURE SWITCH 103</b> Insert and fasten the screw (42), according to the tightening torque: • Tab. 9.64
55	<b>VALID FOR PRESSURE SWITCH 103</b> Place the cover (2) in the flange (3).
56	<b>VALID FOR PRESSURE SWITCH 104</b> Place the cover (2), spring (53), piston (115), O-rings (104, 80) on the flange (3).
57	Insert and fasten the screws (43), according to the tightening torque: • Tab. 9.64 <b>NOTICE</b> <b>Tighten the screws according to the cross pattern in paragraph 9.4.2.2.</b>
58	Insert the pressure switch into the intermediate flange (9).
59	Insert and fasten the screws (146), according to the tightening torque: • Tab. 9.64
60	Insert the tube (76) into the sensing line.

Tab. 9.70

**⚠ WARNING**

**Make sure that all parts have been assembled correctly.**

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## 10 - FAULT FINDING AND TROUBLESHOOTING

Listed below are the situations (the causes and interventions) that could, over time, occur in the form of malfunctions of various kinds.

These are phenomena related to gas conditions in addition to the natural aging and wear of materials.

### 10.1 - GENERAL WARNINGS

#### **⚠ DANGER**

**Maintenance operations shall be carried out by qualified personnel:**

- **trained on safety in places also according to the regulations in force at the place of installation of the work equipment;**
  - **qualified and authorized for the activities inherent to the equipment.**
- 

#### **⚠ WARNING**

**No liability related to personal injury or property damage can be attributed to PIETRO FIORENTINI S.p.A. for interventions:**

- **other than those described;**
  - **performed in ways other than those indicated;**
  - **performed by unsuitable personnel.**
- 

#### **NOTICE**

**In the event of a malfunction since no qualified personnel are available for the specific task, contact the PIETRO FIORENTINI S.p.A. Authorized Service Center**

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## 10.2 - SPECIFIC QUALIFICATION OF THE OPERATOR

Commissioning	
<b>Operator qualification</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Mechanical maintenance technician;</li> <li>• Electrical maintenance technician;</li> <li>• Installer;</li> <li>• User technician.</li> </ul>
<b>PPE required</b>	<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;">  </div> <p style="background-color: #ff9900; color: white; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;"><b>⚠ WARNING</b></p> <p><b>The PPE listed in this chart relates to the risk associated with the equipment. For the PPE required to protect against risks associated with the workplace, installation or operating conditions, refer to:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>the regulations in force in the country of installation;</b></li> <li>• <b>any indications provided by the Safety Manager at the installation facility.</b></li> </ul>
<b>Equipment required</b>	Refer to chapter “7 - Commissioning/maintenance equipment”.

Tab. 10.71

## 10.3 - TROUBLESHOOTING PROCEDURES

The following steps should be taken for proper troubleshooting:

- close the upstream and downstream shut-off valves;
- refer to the troubleshooting tables listed below.

## 10.4 - TROUBLESHOOTING TABLES

### NOTICE

Refer to chapter “9 - Maintenance and functional testing” for pictures of the regulator FT 518 and its accessories.

#### 10.4.1 - FT 518 REGULATOR TROUBLESHOOTING

Fault	Equipment	Possible causes	Intervention
<b>Operating faults</b>	FT 518 LP	Diaphragm (17) worn out	Replace
		Spring (32) snared or out of plane	Reposition and replace if required
		AC out of class due to spring (32) not suitable	Replace
		SG out of class due to dirty or worn plug (45)	Clean and if necessary replace
		Incorrect rod (6) and lever (7) attachment	Verify assembly
		Incorrect coupling of drive shaft (8) and lever (7)	Verify assembly
	FT 518 HP	Rod (6) ruined	Check and if necessary replace
		Bushing (39) ruined	Check and if necessary replace
		Diaphragm (17) worn out	Replace
		Spring (32) snared or out of plane	Reposition and replace if required
		AC out of class due to spring (32) not suitable	Replace
		SG out of class due to dirty or worn plug (45)	Clean and if necessary replace
		Incorrect rod (6) and lever (7) attachment	Verify assembly
		Incorrect coupling of drive shaft (8) and lever (7)	Verify assembly
		Rod (6) ruined	Check and if necessary replace
		Bushing (39) ruined	Check and if necessary replace
		Interface between diaphragm holder (16) and upper reduction disc (43) ruined	Check and if necessary replace

Fault	Equipment	Possible causes	Intervention
<b>Lack of tightness or zero flow rate</b>	FT 518 LP	Plug (3) damaged	Replace
		Diaphragm holder group (10, 17, 18, 27) blocked	Check coupling with lever (7), clean and reassemble if necessary
		Rod guide assembly (3, 4, 6, 13, 22, 29, 34, 39) blocked	Check attachment with lever (7), clean and reposition if necessary
	FT 518 HP	Plug (3) damaged	Replace
		Diaphragm holder group (10, 17, 18, 27) blocked	Check coupling with lever (7), clean and reassemble if necessary
		Rod guide assembly (3, 4, 6, 13, 22, 29, 34, 39) blocked	Check attachment with lever (7), clean and reposition if necessary
<b>Downstream pressure increases during delivery</b>	FT 518 LP	Diaphragm holder group (10, 17, 18, 27) blocked	Check coupling with lever (7), clean and reassemble if necessary
		Rod guide assembly (3, 4, 6, 13, 22, 29, 34, 39) blocked	Check attachment with lever (7), clean and reposition if necessary
		Downstream sensing line obstructed	Clean
		Plug (17) damaged	Replace
	FT 518 HP	Diaphragm holder group (10, 17, 18, 27) blocked	Check attachment with lever (7), clean and reposition if necessary
		Rod guide assembly (3, 4, 6, 13, 22, 29, 34, 39) blocked	Check attachment with lever (7), clean and reposition if necessary
		Downstream sensing line obstructed	Clean
		Plug (17) damaged	Replace
<b>Downstream pressure decreases during delivery</b>	FT 518 LP	Diaphragm holder group (10, 17, 18, 27) blocked	Reassemble
		Rod guide assembly (3, 4, 6, 13, 22, 29, 34, 39) blocked	Reassemble
		Downstream sensing line obstructed	Clean
		Plug (17) damaged	Replace
	FT 518 HP	Diaphragm holder group (10, 17, 18, 27) blocked	Reassemble
		Rod guide assembly (3, 4, 6, 13, 22, 29, 34, 39) blocked	Reassemble
		Downstream sensing line obstructed	Clean
		Plug (17) damaged	Replace

Fault	Equipment	Possible causes	Intervention
<b>External leakage</b>	FT 518 LP	Sealing failure of the O-ring (29)	Clean and if necessary replace
		Sealing failure of the O-ring (30)	Clean and if necessary replace
		Sealing failure of the O-ring (34)	Clean and if necessary replace
		Diaphragm (17) damaged	Replace
		Screws (20) not tightened according to the tightening torque	Fasten the screws according to the tightening torque in Tab. 9.62
		Screws (46) not tightened according to the tightening torque	Fasten the screws according to the tightening torque in Tab. 9.62
	FT 518 HP	Sealing failure of the O-ring (29)	Clean and if necessary replace
		Sealing failure of the O-ring (30)	Clean and if necessary replace
		Sealing failure of the O-ring (34)	Clean and if necessary replace
		Sealing failure of the O-ring (44)	Clean and if necessary replace
		Diaphragm (17) damaged	Replace
		Screws (20) not tightened according to the tightening torque	Fasten the screws according to the tightening torque in Tab. 9.62
		Screws (46) not tightened according to the tightening torque	Fasten the screws according to the tightening torque in Tab. 9.62

Tab. 10.72.

## 10.4.2 - TROUBLESHOOTING FT 518 WITH IN-LINE MONITOR FUNCTION

Fault	Equipment	Possible causes	Intervention
<b>Operating faults</b>	FT 518 LP/M	Diaphragm (17) worn out	Replace
		Spring (32) snared or out of plane	Reposition and replace if required
		AC out of class due to spring (32) not suitable	Replace
		SG out of class due to dirty or worn plug (45)	Clean and if necessary replace
		Incorrect rod (6) and lever (7) attachment	Verify assembly
		Incorrect coupling of drive shaft (8) and lever (7)	Verify assembly
		Rod (6) ruined	Check and if necessary replace
		Bushing (39) ruined	Check and if necessary replace
		Downstream pressure (Pd) increases when the main regulator is in the closed position and the in-line monitor in the open position	Check the condition of the O-rings (40, 41) and replace if necessary
	FT 518 HP/M	Diaphragm (17) worn out	Replace
		Spring (32) snared or out of plane	Reposition and replace if required
		AC out of class due to spring (32) not suitable	Replace
		SG out of class due to dirty or worn plug (45)	Clean and if necessary replace
		Incorrect rod (6) and lever (7) attachment	Verify assembly
		Incorrect coupling of drive shaft (8) and lever (7)	Verify assembly
		Rod (6) ruined	Check and if necessary replace
		Bushing (39) ruined	Check and if necessary replace
		Interface between diaphragm holder (16) and upper reduction disc (43) ruined	Check and if necessary replace
Downstream pressure (Pd) increases when the main regulator is in the closed position and the in-line monitor in the open position	Check the condition of the O-rings (40, 41) and replace if necessary		

Fault	Equipment	Possible causes	Intervention
<b>Lack of tightness or zero flow rate</b>	FT 518 LP/M	Plug (3) damaged	Replace
		Diaphragm holder group (10, 17, 18, 27) blocked	Check coupling with lever (7), clean and reassemble if necessary
		Rod guide assembly (3, 4, 6, 13, 22, 29, 34, 39) blocked	Check attachment with lever (7), clean and reposition if necessary
	FT 518 HP/M	Plug (3) damaged	Replace
		Diaphragm holder group (10, 17, 18, 27) blocked	Check coupling with lever (7), clean and reassemble if necessary
		Rod guide assembly (3, 4, 6, 13, 22, 29, 34, 39) blocked	Check attachment with lever (7), clean and reposition if necessary
<b>Downstream pressure increases during delivery</b>	FT 518 LP/M	Diaphragm holder group (10, 17, 18, 27) blocked	Check coupling with lever (7), clean and reassemble if necessary
		Rod guide assembly (3, 4, 6, 13, 22, 29, 34, 39) blocked	Check attachment with lever (7), clean and reposition if necessary
		Downstream sensing line obstructed	Clean
		Plug (17) damaged	Replace
	FT 518 HP/M	Diaphragm holder group (10, 17, 18, 27) blocked	Check attachment with lever (7), clean and reposition if necessary
		Rod guide assembly (3, 4, 6, 13, 22, 29, 34, 39) blocked	Check attachment with lever (7), clean and reposition if necessary
		Downstream sensing line obstructed	Clean
		Plug (17) damaged	Replace
<b>Downstream pressure decreases during delivery</b>	FT 518 LP/M	Diaphragm holder group (10, 17, 18, 27) blocked	Reassemble
		Rod guide assembly (3, 4, 6, 13, 22, 29, 34, 39) blocked	Reassemble
		Downstream sensing line obstructed	Clean
		Plug (17) damaged	Replace
	FT 518 HP/M	Diaphragm holder group (10, 17, 18, 27) blocked	Reassemble
		Rod guide assembly (3, 4, 6, 13, 22, 29, 34, 39) blocked	Reassemble
		Downstream sensing line obstructed	Clean
		Plug (17) damaged	Replace

Fault	Equipment	Possible causes	Intervention
<b>External leakage</b>	FT 518 LP	Sealing failure of the O-ring (29)	Clean and if necessary replace
		Sealing failure of the O-ring (30)	Clean and if necessary replace
		Sealing failure of the O-ring (34)	Clean and if necessary replace
		Diaphragm (17) damaged	Replace
		Screws (20) not tightened according to the tightening torque	Fasten the screws according to the tightening torque in Tab. 9.62
		Screws (46) not tightened according to the tightening torque	Fasten the screws according to the tightening torque in Tab. 9.62
	FT 518 HP	Sealing failure of the O-ring (29)	Clean and if necessary replace
		Sealing failure of the O-ring (30)	Clean and if necessary replace
		Sealing failure of the O-ring (34)	Clean and if necessary replace
		Sealing failure of the O-ring (44)	Clean and if necessary replace
		Diaphragm (17) damaged	Replace
		Screws (20) not tightened according to the tightening torque	Fasten the screws according to the tightening torque in Tab. 9.62
		Screws (46) not tightened according to the tightening torque	Fasten the screws according to the tightening torque in Tab. 9.62

Tab. 10.73.

### 10.4.3 - TROUBLESHOOTING BUILT-IN MONITOR PM/518

Fault	Equipment	Possible causes	Intervention
<b>Operating faults</b>	FT 518 + PM/518 LP	Diaphragm (17) worn out	Replace
		Spring (32) snared or out of plane	Reposition and replace if required
		AC out of class due to spring (32) not suitable	Replace
		SG out of class due to dirty or worn plug (45)	Clean and if necessary replace
		Incorrect rod (6) and lever (7) attachment	Verify assembly
		Incorrect coupling of drive shaft (8) and lever (7)	Verify assembly
		Rod (6) ruined	Check and if necessary replace
		Bushing (39) ruined	Check and if necessary replace
		Downstream pressure increases in closure	Check the condition of the O-ring (40) and replace if necessary
		FT 518 + PM/518 HP	Diaphragm (17) worn out
	Spring (32) snared or out of plane		Reposition and replace if required
	AC out of class due to spring (32) not suitable		Replace
	SG out of class due to dirty or worn plug (45)		Clean and if necessary replace
	Incorrect rod (6) and lever (7) attachment		Verify assembly
	Incorrect coupling of drive shaft (8) and lever (7)		Verify assembly
	Rod (6) ruined		Check and if necessary replace
	Bushing (39) ruined		Check and if necessary replace
	Interface between diaphragm holder (16) and upper reduction disc (43) ruined		Check and if necessary replace
	Downstream pressure increases in closure		Check the condition of the O-ring (40) and replace if necessary

Fault	Equipment	Possible causes	Intervention
<b>Lack of tightness or zero flow rate</b>	FT 518 + PM/518 LP	Plug (3) damaged	Replace
		Diaphragm holder group (10, 17, 18, 27) blocked	Check coupling with lever (7), clean and reassemble if necessary
		Rod guide assembly (3, 4, 6, 13, 22, 29, 34, 39) blocked	Check attachment with lever (7), clean and reposition if necessary
	FT 518 + PM/518 HP	Plug (3) damaged	Replace
		Diaphragm holder group (10, 17, 18, 27) blocked	Check coupling with lever (7), clean and reassemble if necessary
		Rod guide assembly (3, 4, 6, 13, 22, 29, 34, 39) blocked	Check attachment with lever (7), clean and reposition if necessary
<b>Downstream pressure increases during delivery</b>	FT 518 + PM/518 LP	Diaphragm holder group (10, 17, 18, 27) blocked	Check coupling with lever (7), clean and reassemble if necessary
		Rod guide assembly (3, 4, 6, 13, 22, 29, 34, 39) blocked	Check attachment with lever (7), clean and reposition if necessary
		Downstream sensing line obstructed	Clean
		Plug (17) damaged	Replace
	FT 518 + PM/518 HP	Diaphragm holder group (10, 17, 18, 27) blocked	Check attachment with lever (7), clean and reposition if necessary
		Rod guide assembly (3, 4, 6, 13, 22, 29, 34, 39) blocked	Check attachment with lever (7), clean and reposition if necessary
		Downstream sensing line obstructed	Clean
		Plug (17) damaged	Replace
<b>Downstream pressure decreases during delivery</b>	FT 518 + PM/518 LP	Diaphragm holder group (10, 17, 18, 27) blocked	Reassemble
		Rod guide assembly (3, 4, 6, 13, 22, 29, 34, 39) blocked	Reassemble
		Downstream sensing line obstructed	Clean
		Plug (17) damaged	Replace
	FT 518 + PM/518 HP	Diaphragm holder group (10, 17, 18, 27) blocked	Reassemble
		Rod guide assembly (3, 4, 6, 13, 22, 29, 34, 39) blocked	Reassemble
		Downstream sensing line obstructed	Clean
		Plug (17) damaged	Replace

Fault	Equipment	Possible causes	Intervention
<b>External leakage</b>	FT 518 + PM/518 LP	Sealing failure of the O-ring (29)	Clean and if necessary replace
		Sealing failure of the O-ring (30)	Clean and if necessary replace
		Sealing failure of the O-ring (34)	Clean and if necessary replace
		Diaphragm (17) damaged	Replace
		Screws (20) not tightened according to the tightening torque	Fasten the screws according to the tightening torque in Tab. 9.62
		Screws (46) not tightened according to the tightening torque	Fasten the screws according to the tightening torque in Tab. 9.62
	FT 518 + PM/518 HP	Sealing failure of the O-ring (29)	Clean and if necessary replace
		Sealing failure of the O-ring (30)	Clean and if necessary replace
		Sealing failure of the O-ring (34)	Clean and if necessary replace
		Sealing failure of the O-ring (44)	Clean and if necessary replace
		Diaphragm (17) damaged	Replace
		Screws (20) not tightened according to the tightening torque	Fasten the screws according to the tightening torque in Tab. 9.63
		Screws (46) not tightened according to the tightening torque	Fasten the screws according to the tightening torque in Tab. 9.63

Tab. 10.74.

#### 10.4.4 - TROUBLESHOOTING BUILT-IN SB/518 SLAM-SHUT VALVE

**⚠ WARNING**

If the built-in slam-shut valve has tripped, close the inlet and outlet valves (V1 and V2) of the line and relieve the pressure before any operation.

Fault	Equipment	Possible causes	Intervention
<b>Operating fault</b>	BUILT-IN SLAM-SHUT VALVE	Diaphragm (4) worn out	Replace
		Calibration springs snared or out of plane	Reposition and replace if required
		AG out of intervention class due to unsuitable calibration springs	Replace
		Sealing failure due to dirty or worn plug (7)	Clean and if necessary replace
<b>Sealing failure</b>	BUILT-IN SLAM-SHUT VALVE	Plug (7) damaged	Replace
<b>External leakage</b>	BUILT-IN SLAM-SHUT VALVE	Sealing failure of the O-ring (29)	Clean and if necessary replace
		Sealing failure of the O-ring (34)	Clean and if necessary replace
		Sealing failure of the O-ring (60)	Clean and if necessary replace
		Sealing failure of the O-ring (63)	Clean and if necessary replace
		Sealing failure of the O-ring (65)	Clean and if necessary replace
		Sealing failure of the O-ring (66)	Clean and if necessary replace
		Sealing failure of the O-ring (67)	Clean and if necessary replace
<b>Failure to rearm</b>	BUILT-IN SLAM-SHUT VALVE	The downstream pressure is not consistent with the min. and/or max. slam-shut setting	Adjust the downstream pressure and reset the slam-shut valve
		Broken or chipped levers	Change the standard box containing the entire assembly
<b>Incorrect release pressure</b>	BUILT-IN SLAM-SHUT VALVE	Incorrect max and/or min spring calibration.	Perform the calibration again by turning the ring nuts. If minimum calibration is also required, recalibrate the maximum and minimum springs several times in this sequence
		Lever mechanisms with friction	Change the standard box containing the entire assembly

*Tab. 10.75*

## 11 - UNINSTALLATION AND DISPOSAL

### 11.1 - GENERAL SAFETY WARNINGS


#### **⚠ DANGER**

Ensure that there are no effective ignition sources in the work area set up for equipment de-installation and/or disposal.

#### **⚠ WARNING**

Before proceeding with uninstallation and disposal operations, ensure that the equipment is secured by disconnecting it from all power supplies.

### 11.2 - QUALIFICATION OF THE OPERATORS IN CHARGE

Commissioning	
Operator qualification	Installer
PPE required	 <p><b>⚠ WARNING</b></p> <p>The PPE listed in this chart relates to the risk associated with the equipment. For the PPE required to protect against risks associated with the workplace, installation or operating conditions, refer to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• the regulations in force in the country of installation;</li> <li>• <u>any indications provided by the Safety Manager at the installation facility.</u></li> </ul>
Equipment required	Refer to chapter “7 - Commissioning/maintenance equipment”.

Tab. 11.76

### 11.3 - UNINSTALLING

#### **⚠ CAUTION**

Before uninstalling the equipment, completely drain the fluid in the reduction line and inside the equipment.

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#### **NOTICE**

Refer to the installation procedures for uninstalling the equipment (see chapter “6 - Installation”) by proceeding in reverse order.

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### 11.4 - INFORMATION NEEDED IN CASE OF RE-INSTALLATION

#### **NOTICE**

In case the equipment after uninstallation is to be reused, refer to chapter:

- “6 - Installation”;
  - “8 - Commissioning”.
-

## 11.5 - DISPOSAL INFORMATION

### NOTICE

Please remember to comply with the laws in force in the country where the equipment is installed. Illegal or improper disposal will result in the application of the penalties provided for in the regulations in force in the country of installation.

### NOTICE

Proper disposal avoids harm to humans and the environment and promotes the reuse of valuable raw materials.

The equipment is made of materials that can be recycled by specialized companies. For proper disposal of the equipment, proceed as shown in Tab. 11.77:

Step	Operation
1	Prepare a large, clutter-free work area so that equipment dismantling operations can be carried out safely.
2	Separate the various components by material type in a way that facilitates recycling through separate collection.
3	Entrust the materials obtained in <b>Step 2</b> to a specialized company.

Tab. 11.77

The equipment in all possible configurations consists of the following materials:

Material	Disposal/recycling directions
Plastic	It must be disassembled and disposed of separately.
Lubricants/Oils	They must be collected and delivered to the appropriate specialized and authorized collection and disposal centers.
Iron	Dismantle and collect separately. It must be recycled through the appropriate collection centers.
Steel	Dismantle and collect separately. It must be recycled through the appropriate collection centers.
Aluminum	Dismantle and collect separately. It must be recycled through the appropriate collection centers.
Pneumatic/electrical components	They will have to be disassembled to be reused in case they are still in good condition or, if possible, overhauled and recycled.

Tab. 11.78

### NOTICE

Refer to “9 - Maintenance and functional testing” to best identify the composition of the equipment and its parts.

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## 12 - RECOMMENDED SPARE PARTS

### 12.1 - GENERAL WARNINGS

#### **NOTICE**

By using spare parts without PIETRO FIORENTINI S.p.A. trademark, the stated performance cannot be guaranteed.

It is recommended to use the original PIETRO FIORENTINI S.p.A. spare parts  
PIETRO FIORENTINI S.p.A. is not responsible for damage caused by the use of non-original spare parts or components.

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### 12.2 - HOW TO REQUEST SPARE PARTS

#### **NOTICE**

For specific information, consult the PIETRO FIORENTINI S.p.A. sales network

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## 13 - CALIBRATION AND FLOW RATE TABLES

### 13.1 - FT 518 REGULATOR CALIBRATION TABLES

FT 518 LP							
Pos.	Spring article code	Spring color	d	Lo	De	Min.	Max
1	2701270	Grey	3.5	100	35	5.0036	9.9927
2	2701541	White	4.			10.0073	20
3	2701800	Yellow	4.5			20.0145	31.9942
4	2702080	Orange	5			32.0087	49.9927
5	2702290	Red	5.5			50.0073	80
6	2702460	Green	6			80.0145	124.9891

**d** = Wire Diameter (mm) **Lo** = Spring Length (mm) **De** = External Diameter (mm)

Tab. 13.79

FT 518 HP							
Pos.	Spring article code	Spring color	d	Lo	De	Min.	Max
1	2702460	Green	6	100	35	109.9927	219.9855
2	2702660	Black	6.5			220	319.9855
3	2702820	Blue	7			320	499.9855

**d** = Wire Diameter (mm) **Lo** = Spring Length (mm) **De** = External Diameter (mm)

Tab. 13.80

### 13.2 - SB/518 SLAM-SHUT VALVE CALIBRATION TABLES

Calibration tables of possible pressure switches in built-in slam-shut valves are provided below:

SB/518 Mod. 103 - Max pressure							
Pos.	Spring article code	Spring color	d	Lo	De	Min.	Max
1	2701040	White/Orange	3	60	35	14.5033	17.4039
2	2701260	White	3.5			17.4184	29.005
3	2701530	Yellow	4			29.021	52.2117
4	2701790	Yellow/Black	4.5			52.2263	87.0196
5	2702070	Orange	5			87.0341	108.7745
6	2702280	White/Red	5.5			108.789	159.5359

**d** = Wire Diameter (mm) **Lo** = Spring Length (mm) **De** = External Diameter (mm)

Tab. 13.81

SB/518 Mod. 103 - Min pressure							
Pos.	Spring article code	Spring color	d	Lo	De	Min.	Max
1	2700513	Red	2	40	15	5.8013	14.5033
2	2700713	Green	2.3			14.5178	26.1059
3	2700750	Black	2.5			26.1204	39.1588
4	2700985	Brown	3			29.1733	98.6222

**d** = Wire Diameter (mm) **Lo** = Spring Length (mm) **De** = External Diameter (mm)

Tab. 13.82

SB/518 Mod. 104 - Max pressure							
Pos.	Spring article code	Spring color	d	Lo	De	Min.	Max
1	2701790	Yellow/Black	4.5	60	35	145.0326	217.5489
2	2702070	Orange	5			217.5635	261.0587
3	2702280	White/Red	5.5			261.0732	558.3756

**d** = Wire Diameter (mm) **Lo** = Spring Length (mm) **De** = External Diameter (mm)

Tab. 13.83

SB/518 Mod. 104 - Min pressure							
Pos.	Spring article code	Spring color	d	Lo	De	Min.	Max
1	2700750	Black	2.5	40	15	65.2647	98.6222
2	2700985	Brown	3			98.6367	298.7672

**d** = Wire Diameter (mm) **Lo** = Spring Length (mm) **De** = External Diameter (mm)

Tab. 13.84

### 13.3 - FT 518 REGULATOR FLOW RATE TABLES

#### 13.3.1 - FT 518 - 3/32 STD - LP - 3/4"

FT 518 3/32 STD - LP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	1000	1000	1000	1000	-
150	1400	1400	1400	1400	1200
200	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800
300	2700	2700	2900	2700	2600
500	4300	4300	4400	4100	4100
750	6400	6400	6400	6400	6200
1000	8700	8900	8900	8900	8500

**Cg = 9 | K1 = 120**

Tab. 13.85

FT 518 3/32 STD - LP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	1300	1300	1300	1300	-
150	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900
200	2500	2500	2500	2500	2500
300	3600	3600	3600	3600	3600
500	5800	5800	5800	5800	5800
750	8600	8600	8600	8600	8600
1000	11400	11400	11400	11400	11400

**Cg = 9 | K1 = 120**

Tab. 13.86

**13.3.2 - FT 518 - 1/8 STD - LP - 3/4"**

FT 518 1/8 STD - LP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	1800	1500	1700	1700	-
150	2500	2500	2500	2500	2200
200	3200	3200	3400	3200	3200
300	4600	4600	4800	4500	4500
500	7800	7800	7600	7600	7500
750	11700	11700	11200	11300	11300
1000	13500	14500	15600	13500	14900

**C<sub>g</sub> = 16 | K<sub>1</sub> = 120**

*Tab. 13.87*

FT 518 1/18 STD - LP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	2300	2300	2300	2200	-
150	3300	3300	3300	3300	2400
200	4300	4300	4300	4300	4100
300	6300	6300	6300	6300	6300
500	10300	10300	10300	10300	10300
750	15300	15300	15300	15300	15300
1000	20200	20200	20200	20200	20200

**C<sub>g</sub> = 16 | K<sub>1</sub> = 120**

*Tab. 13.88*

**13.3.3 - FT 518 - 3/16 STD - LP - 3/4"**

FT 518 3/16 STD - LP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	4300	3800	3900	3600	-
150	5300	5300	5700	5300	5000
200	6800	7100	7500	7100	7100
300	8900	9900	10600	10300	10300
500	9800	12400	18100	17000	17000
750	10600	14900	19100	24800	25500
1000	-	17700	19500	29700	32900

**C<sub>g</sub> = 34 | K<sub>1</sub> = 120**

*Tab. 13.89*

FT 518 3/16 STD - LP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	4900	4900	4900	4600	-
150	7000	7000	7000	7000	5100
200	9100	9100	9100	9100	8600
300	13400	13400	13400	13400	13400
500	21800	21800	21800	21800	21800
750	32400	32400	32400	32400	32400
1000	-	42900	42900	42900	42900

**C<sub>g</sub> = 34 | K<sub>1</sub> = 120**

*Tab. 13.90*

**13.3.4 - FT 518 1/4 STD - LP - 3/4"**

FT 518 1/4 STD - LP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	6400	6800	6200	6600	-
150	7100	9900	10300	9900	8200
200	7500	11700	12800	12800	12400
300	9200	12400	17700	19100	18400
500	9900	14500	26500	27600	30100
750	-	15600	28300	29400	47000
1000	-	19500	30100	30400	49500

**Cg = 58 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.91*

FT 518 1/4 STD - LP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	8300	8300	8300	7900	-
150	11900	11900	11900	11900	8700
200	15500	15500	15500	15500	14700
300	22700	22700	22700	22700	22700
500	34200	37200	37200	37200	37200
750	-	48300	55200	55200	55200
1000	-	48300	62400	73200	73200

**Cg = 58 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.92*

**13.3.5 - FT 518 - 3/8 STD - LP - 3/4"**

FT 518 3/8 STD - LP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	7500	12100	12400	11700	-
150	7800	13800	14500	17700	15600
200	10600	14500	15600	24800	21200
300	-	16300	28300	26500	31800
500	-	24800	31800	28300	42400
750	-	-	35400	35400	49500
1000	-	-	-	38900	53000

**Cg = 115 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.93*

FT 518 3/8 STD - LP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	16400	16400	16400	15500	-
150	23600	23600	23600	23600	17200
200	30700	30700	30700	30700	29100
300	-	45000	45000	45000	45000
500	-	48300	62400	73600	73600
750	-	-	62400	104900	109400
1000	-	-	-	104900	145100

**Cg = 115 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.94*

**13.3.6 - FT 518 1/2 STD - LP - 3/4"**

FT 518 1/2 STD - LP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	9200	19500	19500	17700	-
150	9900	24100	24800	23000	18400
200	-	26500	26500	26500	24100
300	-	28300	30100	30100	35400
500	-	-	35400	35400	51200
750	-	-	-	46000	67100
1000	-	-	-	-	70700

**C<sub>g</sub> = 180 | K<sub>1</sub> = 120**

*Tab. 13.95*

FT 518 1/2 STD - LP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	25700	25700	25700	24300	-
150	34200	36900	36900	36900	26900
200	-	48100	48100	48100	45500
300	-	48300	62400	70500	70500
500	-	-	62400	104900	115200
750	-	-	-	104900	171200
1000	-	-	-	-	198300

**C<sub>g</sub> = 180 | K<sub>1</sub> = 120**

*Tab. 13.96*

**13.3.7 - FT 518 3/32 STD - HP - 3/4"**

FT 518 3/32 STD - HP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	1300	-	-	-	-
200	1700	1500	-	-	-
300	2500	2700	2700	-	-
400	3800	3400	3600	3400	-
500	3900	4100	3900	4300	-
750	5900	6200	6100	6600	6600
1000	7500	7600	8200	8900	8900

**Cg = 9 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.97*

FT 518 3/32 STD - HP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	1600	-	-	-	-
200	2400	2100	-	-	-
300	3600	3500	3300	-	-
400	4700	4700	4700	4000	-
500	5800	5800	5800	5600	-
750	8600	8600	8600	8600	8000
1000	11400	11400	11400	11400	11300

**Cg = 9 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.98*

**13.3.8 - FT 518 1/8 STD - HP - 3/4"**

FT 518 1/8 STD - HP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	2000	-	-	-	-
200	3100	3100	-	-	-
300	3900	4600	4600	-	-
400	5500	5500	6100	6100	-
500	6800	7500	7500	7500	-
750	9600	11300	11300	11300	11900
1000	12200	14500	15200	16100	16100

**C<sub>g</sub> = 16 | K<sub>1</sub> = 120**

*Tab. 13.99*

FT 518 1/8 STD - HP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	2900	-	-	-	-
200	4200	3700	-	-	-
300	6300	6300	5800	-	-
400	8300	8300	8200	7100	-
500	10300	10300	10300	9900	-
750	15300	15300	15300	15300	14200
1000	20200	20200	20200	20200	20100

**C<sub>g</sub> = 16 | K<sub>1</sub> = 120**

*Tab. 13.100*

**13.3.9 - FT 518 3/16 STD - HP - 3/4"**

FT 518 3/16 STD - HP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	4800	-	-	-	-
200	6800	6200	-	-	-
300	9400	10600	10600	-	-
400	14200	14200	14200	13500	-
500	16300	17400	17400	17200	-
750	17700	25800	25100	26500	26900
1000	21900	35400	33900	35400	34300

**Cg = 34 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.101*

FT 518 3/16 STD - HP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	6000	-	-	-	-
200	8900	7700	-	-	-
300	13400	13200	12400	-	-
400	17600	17600	17500	15100	-
500	21800	21800	21800	21000	-
750	32400	32400	32400	32400	30200
1000	42900	42900	42900	42900	42700

**Cg = 34 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.102*

**13.3.10 - FT 518 1/4 STD - HP - 3/4"**

FT 518 1/4 STD - HP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	6200	-	-	-	-
200	11000	11000	-	-	-
300	15900	18400	18400	-	-
400	21900	24400	24100	22300	-
500	23000	27900	30100	30100	-
750	28300	40700	46000	48800	48500
1000	37100	54800	62900	63600	62900

**Cg = 58 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.103*

FT 518 1/4 STD - HP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	10200	-	-	-	-
200	15200	13200	-	-	-
300	22700	22600	21000	-	-
400	30000	30000	29800	25700	-
500	37200	37200	37200	35900	-
750	55200	55200	55200	55200	51400
1000	73200	73200	73200	73200	72900

**Cg = 58 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.104*

**13.3.11 - FT 518 3/8 STD - HP - 3/4"**

FT 518 3/8 STD - HP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	15900	-	-	-	-
200	17700	19500	-	-	-
300	21200	29400	35600	-	-
400	26500	37100	51500	38900	-
500	31800	53000	61500	49500	-
750	38900	56500	67100	84800	84800
1000	49500	60100	70700	88300	123600

**Cg = 115 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.105*

FT 518 3/8 STD - HP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	20300	-	-	-	-
200	30000	26100	-	-	-
300	45000	44700	41700	-	-
400	59300	59300	58900	50800	-
500	73600	73600	73600	71100	-
750	109400	109400	109400	109400	101900
1000	145100	145100	145100	145100	144400

**Cg = 115 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.106*

**13.3.12 - FT 518 1/2 STD - HP - 3/4"**

FT 518 1/2 STD - HP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	14700	-	-	-	-
200	20200	21200	-	-	-
300	28300	37100	35400	-	-
400	40700	46000	53000	49434	-
500	46000	56500	72400	81919	-
750	-	-	-	88275	127200
1000	-	-	-	98868	134200

**Cg = 180 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.107*

FT 518 1/2 STD - HP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	31700	-	-	-	-
200	47000	40800	-	-	-
300	70500	69900	65200	-	-
400	92900	92900	92200	79500	-
500	115200	115200	115200	111200	-
750	-	-	-	171200	159400
1000	-	-	-	227200	22600

**Cg = 180 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.108*

**13.3.13 - FT 518 3/32 PM/518 LP - 3/4"**

FT 518 3/32 PM/518 LP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	1000	1000	1000	1000	-
150	1300	1400	1300	1400	1200
200	1700	1700	1600	1700	1700
300	2600	2700	2500	2500	2500
500	-	3900	4100	3900	3900
750	-	5900	6100	6100	6100
1000	-	-	-	8300	8200

**Cg = 9 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.109*

FT 518 3/32 PM/518 LP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	1300	1300	1300	1300	-
150	1900	1900	1900	1900	1400
200	2500	2500	2500	2500	2300
300	3600	3600	3600	3600	3600
500	-	5800	5800	5800	5800
750	-	8600	8600	8600	8600
1000	-	-	-	11400	11400

**Cg = 9 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.110*

**13.3.14 - FT 518 1/8 STD - LP - 3/4"**
**FT 518 1/8 PM/518 LP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)**

Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	1700	1500	1600	1700	-
150	2400	2300	2400	2500	2200
200	3100	3100	3200	3200	3100
300	4300	4300	4600	4500	4300
500	-	7100	7800	7600	7100
750	-	11000	11300	11300	10300
1000	-	-	-	13100	13800

**C<sub>g</sub> = 16 | K<sub>1</sub> = 120**

*Tab. 13.111*
**FT 518 1/8 PM/518 LP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)**

Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	2300	2300	2300	2200	-
150	3300	3300	3300	3300	2400
200	4300	4300	4300	4300	4100
300	6300	6300	6300	6300	6300
500	-	10300	10300	10300	10300
750	-	15300	15300	15300	15300
1000	-	-	-	20200	20200

**C<sub>g</sub> = 16 | K<sub>1</sub> = 120**

*Tab. 13.112*

**13.3.15 - FT 518 3/16 PM/518 LP - 3/4"**

FT 518 3/16 PM/518 LP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	3600	3800	3600	3200	-
150	4600	5200	5500	5200	4600
200	6200	6800	7500	6800	6800
300	8500	9600	9900	9200	9800
500	-	11700	16600	16600	16600
750	-	13600	18400	23000	24100
1000	-	-	-	26600	30400

**Cg = 34 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.113*

FT 518 3/16 PM/518 LP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	4900	4900	4900	4600	-
150	7000	7000	7000	7000	5100
200	9100	9100	9100	9100	8600
300	13400	13400	13400	13400	13400
500	-	21800	21800	21800	21800
750	-	32400	32400	32400	32400
1000	-	-	-	42900	42900

**Cg = 34 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.114*

**13.3.16 - FT 518 1/4 PM/518 LP - 3/4"**

FT 518 1/4 PM/518 LP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	5300	6400	6100	6400	-
150	6600	9200	9900	9600	7100
200	7100	11300	12200	12400	11700
300	8900	11300	16600	18100	17000
500	-	13500	24800	25600	28300
750	-	14500	27900	25300	33600
1000	-	-	-	28300	35400

**Cg = 58 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.115*

FT 518 1/4 PM/518 LP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	8300	8300	8300	7900	-
150	11900	11900	11900	11900	8700
200	15500	15500	15500	15500	14700
300	22700	22700	22700	22700	22700
500	-	37200	37200	37200	37200
750	-	48300	55200	55200	55200
1000	-	-	-	73200	73200

**Cg = 58 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.116*

**13.3.17 - FT 518 3/8 PM/518 LP - 3/4"**

FT 518 3/8 PM/518 LP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	7300	8900	12100	8900	-
150	7600	13500	13800	15900	14200
200	10600	13800	15200	21200	17700
300	-	14900	25500	25100	23000
500	-	22300	27900	26500	31800
750	-	-	35400	34300	35400
1000	-	-	-	35400	38900

**Cg = 115 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.117*

FT 518 3/8 PM/518 LP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	16400	16400	16400	15500	-
150	23600	23600	23600	23600	17200
200	30700	30700	30700	30700	29100
300	-	45000	45000	45000	4500
500	-	48300	62400	73600	73600
750	-	-	62400	104900	109400
1000	-	-	-	104900	145100

**Cg = 115 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.118*

**13.3.18 - FT 518 1/2 PM/518 LP - 3/4"**

FT 518 1/2 PM/518 LP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	9200	12400	14200	12100	-
150	10600	14200	17700	13800	14900
200	-	14900	19100	15900	20800
300	-	15900	26500	30100	23000
500	-	-	30100	33200	35400
750	-	-	-	40700	38900
1000	-	-	-	-	42400

**Cg = 180 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.119*

FT 518 1/2 PM/518 LP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	25700	25700	25700	24300	-
150	34200	36900	36900	36900	26900
200	-	48100	48100	48100	45500
300	-	48300	62400	70500	70500
500	-	-	62400	104900	115200
750	-	-	-	104900	171200
1000	-	-	-	-	198300

**Cg = 180 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.120*

**13.3.19 - FT 518 3/32 PM/518 HP - 3/4"**

FT 518 3/32 PM/518 HP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	1300	-	-	-	-
200	1700	1500	-	-	-
300	2500	2700	2700	-	-
400	3800	3400	3600	3400	-
500	3900	4100	3900	4300	-
750	5900	6200	6100	6600	6600
1000	7500	7600	8200	8900	8900

**Cg = 9 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.121*

FT 518 3/32 PM/518 HP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	1600	-	-	-	-
200	2400	2100	-	-	-
300	3600	3500	3300	-	-
400	4700	4700	4700	4000	-
500	5800	5800	5800	5600	-
750	8600	8600	8600	8600	8000
1000	11400	11400	11400	11400	11300

**Cg = 9 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.122*

**13.3.20 - FT 518 1/8 PM/518 HP - 3/4"**
**FT 518 1/8 PM/518 HP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)**

Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	2000	-	-	-	-
200	3100	3100	-	-	-
300	3900	4600	4600	-	-
400	5500	5500	6100	6100	-
500	6800	7500	7500	7500	-
750	9600	11300	11300	11300	11900
1000	12200	14500	15200	16100	16100

**Cg = 16 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.123*
**FT 518 1/8 PM/518 HP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)**

Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	2900	-	-	-	-
200	4200	3700	-	-	-
300	6300	6300	5800	-	-
400	8300	8300	8200	7100	-
500	10300	10300	10300	9900	-
750	15300	15300	15300	15300	14200
1000	20200	20200	20200	20200	20100

**Cg = 16 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.124*

**13.3.21 - FT 518 3/16 PM/518 HP - 3/4"**

FT 518 3/16 PM/518 HP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	4800	-	-	-	-
200	6800	6200	-	-	-
300	9400	10600	10600	-	-
400	14200	14200	14200	13500	-
500	16300	17400	17400	17200	-
750	17700	25800	25100	26500	26900
1000	21900	35400	33900	35400	34300

**Cg = 34 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.125*

FT 518 3/16 PM/518 HP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	6000	-	-	-	-
200	8900	7700	-	-	-
300	13400	13200	12400	-	-
400	17600	17600	17500	15100	-
500	21800	21800	21800	21000	-
750	32400	32400	32400	32400	30200
1000	42900	42900	42900	42900	42700

**Cg = 34 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.126*

**13.3.22 - FT 518 1/4 PM/518 HP - 3/4"**

FT 518 1/4 PM/518 HP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	6200	-	-	-	-
200	11000	11000	-	-	-
300	15900	18400	18400	-	-
400	21900	24400	24100	22300	-
500	23000	27900	30100	30100	-
750	28300	40700	46000	44200	42400
1000	37100	54800	62900	56500	54800

**Cg = 58 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.127*

FT 518 1/4 PM/518 HP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	10200	-	-	-	-
200	15200	13200	-	-	-
300	22700	22600	21000	-	-
400	30000	30000	29800	25700	-
500	37200	37200	37200	35900	-
750	55200	55200	55200	55200	51400
1000	73200	73200	73200	73200	73200

**Cg = 58 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.128*

**13.3.23 - FT 518 3/8 PM/518 HP - 3/4"**

FT 518 3/8 PM/518 HP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	11500	-	-	-	-
200	15900	18100	-	-	-
300	20500	29400	30800	-	-
400	26500	37100	46000	38900	-
500	31800	53000	55800	49500	-
750	38900	56500	60100	84800	76300
1000	49500	60100	63600	88300	106000

**Cg = 115 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.129*

FT 518 3/8 PM/518 HP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	20300	-	-	-	-
200	30000	26100	-	-	-
300	45000	44700	41700	-	-
400	59300	59300	58900	50800	-
500	73600	73600	73600	711000	-
750	109400	109400	109400	109400	101900
1000	145100	145100	145100	145100	144400

**Cg = 115 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.130*

**13.3.24 - FT 518 1/2 PM/518 HP - 3/4"**

FT 518 1/2 PM/518 HP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	14700	-	-	-	-
200	20200	21200	-	-	-
300	28300	37100	31800	-	-
400	40700	44200	48800	49434	-
500	46000	53000	58300	81919	-
750	-	-	-	88275	79500
1000	-	-	-	98868	113000

**Cg = 180 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.131*

FT 518 1/2 PM/518 HP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	31700	-	-	-	-
200	47000	40800	-	-	-
300	70500	69900	65200	-	-
400	92900	92900	92200	79500	-
500	115200	115200	155200	111200	-
750	-	-	-	171200	159400
1000	-	-	-	227200	226000

**Cg = 180 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.132*

**13.3.25 - FT 518 - 3/32 STD - LP - 1”**

FT 518 3/32 STD - LP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	1000	1000	1000	1000	-
150	1400	1400	1400	1400	1200
200	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800
300	2700	2700	2900	2700	2600
500	4300	4300	4400	4100	4100
750	5300	6400	6400	6400	6200
1000	6400	8900	8900	8900	8500

**Cg = 9 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.133*

FT 518 3/32 STD - LP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	1300	1300	1300	1300	-
150	1900	1900	1900	1900	1400
200	2500	2500	2500	2500	2300
300	3600	3600	3600	3600	3600
500	5800	5800	5800	5800	5800
750	8600	8600	8600	8600	8600
1000	114000	114000	114000	114000	11400

**Cg = 9 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.134*

**13.3.26 - FT 518 1/8 STD - LP - 1"**

FT 518 1/8 STD - LP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	1800	1500	1700	1700	-
150	2500	2500	2500	2500	2200
200	3200	3200	3400	3200	3200
300	4600	4600	4800	4500	4500
500	7800	7800	8000	7600	7500
750	11700	11700	12000	11300	11300
1000	13500	15200	15600	13500	14900

**C<sub>g</sub> = 16 | K<sub>1</sub> = 120**

*Tab. 13.135*

FT 518 1/8 STD - LP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	2300	2300	2300	2300	-
150	3300	3300	3300	3300	2400
200	4300	4300	4300	4300	4100
300	6300	6300	6300	6300	6300
500	10300	10300	10300	10300	10300
750	15300	15300	15300	15300	15300
1000	20200	20200	20200	20200	20200

**C<sub>g</sub> = 16 | K<sub>1</sub> = 120**

*Tab. 13.136*

**13.3.27 - FT 518 - 3/16 STD - LP - 1”**

FT 518 3/16 STD - LP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	4300	3900	3900	3600	-
150	5300	5300	5700	5300	5000
200	7100	7100	7500	7100	7100
300	9900	9900	10600	10300	10300
500	14500	15200	18100	17000	17000
750	17700	21200	19100	24800	25500
1000	-	26500	28300	33600	33600

**C<sub>g</sub> = 34 | K<sub>1</sub> = 120**

*Tab. 13.137*

FT 518 3/16 STD - LP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	4900	4900	4900	4900	-
150	7000	7000	7000	7000	5100
200	9100	9100	9100	9100	8600
300	13400	13400	13400	13400	13400
500	21800	21800	21800	21800	21800
750	32400	32400	32400	32400	32400
1000	-	42900	42900	42900	42900

**C<sub>g</sub> = 34 | K<sub>1</sub> = 120**

*Tab. 13.138*

**13.3.28 - FT 518 1/4 STD - LP - 1"**

FT 518 1/4 STD - LP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	6400	6800	6800	6600	-
150	9600	9900	10300	9900	8500
200	12400	12400	12800	12800	12400
300	17000	17400	17700	18400	18400
500	18800	26500	26500	30100	30100
750	-	30100	30100	41000	46000
1000	-	31800	31800	49500	601000

**C<sub>g</sub> = 58 | K<sub>1</sub> = 120**

*Tab. 13.139*

FT 518 1/4 STD - LP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	8300	8300	8300	7900	-
150	11900	11900	11900	11900	8700
200	15500	15500	15500	15500	14700
300	22700	22700	22700	22700	22700
500	37200	37200	37200	37200	37200
750	-	55200	55200	55200	55200
1000	-	73200	73200	73200	73200

**C<sub>g</sub> = 58 | K<sub>1</sub> = 120**

*Tab. 13.140*

**13.3.29 - FT 518 - 3/8 STD - LP - 1”**

FT 518 3/8 STD - LP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	7800	12100	12400	12100	-
150	14200	16300	14500	17700	15600
200	15200	24800	15600	23000	28300
300	-	26500	28300	37100	39200
500	-	28300	31800	60100	63600
750	-	-	35400	61800	95400
1000	-	-	-	63600	120100

**Cg = 115 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.141*

FT 518 3/8 STD - LP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	16400	16400	16400	15500	-
150	23600	23600	23600	23600	17200
200	30700	30700	30700	30700	29100
300	-	45000	45000	45000	4500
500	-	73600	73600	73600	73600
750	-	-	101000	109400	109400
1000	-	-	-	145100	145100

**Cg = 115 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.142*

**13.3.30 - FT 518 1/2 STD - LP - 1"**

FT 518 1/2 STD - LP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	14900	19500	21200	19500	-
150	16300	24100	28300	30100	21200
200	1700	26500	33600	38900	31100
300	-	28300	35400	53000	54800
500	-	-	35400	63600	100700
750	-	-	-	67100	137800
1000	-	-	-	-	141300

**C<sub>g</sub> = 160 | K<sub>1</sub> = 120**

*Tab. 13.143*

FT 518 1/2 STD - LP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	22900	22900	22900	21600	-
150	32800	32800	32800	32800	23900
200	42700	42700	42700	42700	40400
300	-	62600	62600	62600	62600
500	-	-	101000	102400	102400
750	-	-	-	152200	152200
1000	-	-	-	-	201900

**C<sub>g</sub> = 160 | K<sub>1</sub> = 120**

*Tab. 13.144*

**13.3.31 - FT 518 - 3/32 STD - HP - 1”**

FT 518 3/32 STD - HP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	1400	-	-	-	-
200	1700	1700	-	-	-
300	2500	2700	2700	-	-
400	3800	3600	3600	3600	-
500	3900	4300	4500	4600	-
750	5900	6600	6400	6700	6600
1000	8500	9100	8900	8700	8700

**Cg = 9 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.145*

FT 518 3/32 STD - HP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	1600	-	-	-	-
200	2400	2100	-	-	-
300	3600	3500	3300	-	-
400	4700	4700	4700	4000	-
500	5800	5800	5800	5600	-
750	8600	8600	8600	8600	8000
1000	11400	11400	11400	11400	11300

**Cg = 9 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.146*

**13.3.32 - FT 518 1/8 STD - HP - 1”**

FT 518 1/8 STD - HP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	2200	-	-	-	-
200	3100	3200	-	-	-
300	3900	5000	5000	-	-
400	5500	6400	6600	6200	-
500	7100	7800	8000	8100	-
750	10600	11700	12100	12100	11700
1000	15900	15900	15900	16100	15200

**C<sub>g</sub> = 16 | K<sub>1</sub> = 120**

*Tab. 13.147*

FT 518 1/8 STD - HP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	2900	-	-	-	-
200	4200	3700	-	-	-
300	6300	6300	5800	-	-
400	8300	8300	8200	7100	-
500	10300	10300	10300	9900	-
750	15300	15300	15300	15300	14200
1000	20200	20200	20200	20200	20100

**C<sub>g</sub> = 16 | K<sub>1</sub> = 120**

*Tab. 13.148*

**13.3.33 - FT 518 - 3/16 STD - HP - 1”**

FT 518 3/16 STD - HP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	4900	-	-	-	-
200	6800	7100	-	-	-
300	9900	11000	11000	-	-
400	14200	14400	14400	13500	-
500	16300	17700	17400	17000	-
750	24100	26500	26200	26200	26900
1000	33100	34300	35700	34700	34700

**Cg = 34 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.149*

FT 518 3/16 STD - HP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	6000	-	-	-	-
200	8900	7700	-	-	-
300	13400	13200	12400	-	-
400	17600	17600	17500	15100	-
500	21800	21800	21800	21000	-
750	32400	32400	32400	32400	30200
1000	42900	42900	42900	42900	42700

**Cg = 34 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.150*

**13.3.34 - FT 518 1/4 STD - HP - 1”**

FT 518 1/4 STD - HP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	7800	-	-	-	-
200	11300	12100	-	-	-
300	16300	18800	19100	-	-
400	21900	24800	25300	23700	-
500	26500	30400	32500	32500	-
750	35400	47700	48100	48100	48400
1000	59700	58300	64300	62200	63600

**Cg = 58 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.151*

FT 518 1/4 STD - HP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	10200	-	-	-	-
200	15200	13200	-	-	-
300	22700	22600	21000	-	-
400	30000	30000	29800	25700	-
500	37200	37200	37200	35900	-
750	55200	55200	55200	55200	51400
1000	73200	73200	73200	73200	72900

**Cg = 58 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.152*

**13.3.35 - FT 518 - 3/8 STD - HP - 1”**

FT 518 3/8 STD - HP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	13800	-	-	-	-
200	19500	22300	-	-	-
300	24800	29700	35400	-	-
400	39200	28900	49500	42400	-
500	49500	51200	62200	54800	-
750	63600	56500	67100	81300	86600
1000	84800	63600	70700	127200	128900

**Cg = 115 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.153*

FT 518 3/8 STD - HP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	20300	-	-	-	-
200	30000	26100	-	-	-
300	45000	44700	41700	-	-
400	59300	59300	58900	50800	-
500	73600	73600	73600	71100	-
750	109400	109400	109400	109400	101900
1000	145100	145100	145100	145100	144400

**Cg = 115 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.154*

**13.3.36 - FT 518 1/2 STD - HP - 1”**

FT 518 1/4 STD - HP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	19500	-	-	-	-
200	26500	31800	-	-	-
300	43500	47700	51200	-	-
400	49500	51200	67100	49434	-
500	59400	67100	88300	81919	-
750	-	-	-	88275	141300
1000	-	-	-	98868	162500

**C<sub>g</sub> = 180 | K<sub>1</sub> = 120**

*Tab. 13.155*

FT 518 1/2 STD - HP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	31700	-	-	-	-
200	47000	40800	-	-	-
300	70500	69900	65200	-	-
400	92900	92900	92200	79500	-
500	115200	115200	115200	111200	-
750	-	-	-	171200	159400
1000	-	-	-	227200	226000

**C<sub>g</sub> = 180 | K<sub>1</sub> = 120**

*Tab. 13.156*

**13.3.37 - FT 518 3/32 PM/518 LP - 1"**

FT 518 3/32 PM/518 LP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	1000	1000	1000	1000	-
150	1300	1400	1300	1400	1200
200	1700	1700	1600	1700	1700
300	2600	2700	2500	2500	2500
500	-	3900	4100	3900	3900
750	-	5900	6000	6100	6100
1000	-	-	-	8300	8200

**Cg = 9 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.157*

FT 518 3/32 PM/518 LP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	1300	1300	1300	1300	-
150	1900	1900	1900	1900	1400
200	2500	2500	2500	2500	2300
300	3600	3600	3600	3600	3600
500	-	5800	5800	5800	5800
750	-	8600	8600	8600	8600
1000	-	-	-	11400	11400

**Cg = 9 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.158*

**13.3.38 - FT 518 1/8 PM/518 LP - 1”**

FT 518 1/8 PM/518 LP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	1700	1500	1600	1700	-
150	2400	2300	2400	2500	2200
200	3100	3100	3200	3200	3100
300	4300	4300	4600	4500	4300
500	-	7100	7700	7600	7100
750	-	10600	11300	11300	10300
1000	-	-	-	13100	13800

**C<sub>g</sub> = 16 | K<sub>1</sub> = 120**

*Tab. 13.159*

FT 518 1/8 PM/518 LP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	2300	2300	2300	2200	-
150	3300	3300	3300	3300	2400
200	4300	4300	4300	4300	4100
300	6300	6300	6300	6300	6300
500	-	10300	10300	10300	10300
750	-	15300	15300	15300	15300
1000	-	-	-	20200	20200

**C<sub>g</sub> = 16 | K<sub>1</sub> = 120**

*Tab. 13.160*

**13.3.39 - FT 518 3/16 PM/518 LP - 1"**

FT 518 3/16 PM/518 LP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	3600	3600	3800	3200	-
150	4600	5200	5500	5200	4600
200	6400	6800	7500	6800	6800
300	9200	9500	9900	9200	9800
500	-	14200	16600	16600	16600
750	-	19500	19500	23000	24100
1000	-	-	-	30100	31100

**Cg = 34 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.161*

FT 518 3/16 PM/518 LP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	4900	4900	4900	4600	-
150	7000	7000	7000	7000	5100
200	9100	9100	9100	9100	8600
300	13400	13400	13400	13400	13400
500	-	21800	21800	21800	21800
750	-	32400	32400	32400	32400
1000	-	-	-	42900	42900

**Cg = 34 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.162*

**13.3.40 - FT 518 1/4 PM/518 LP - 1”**

FT 518 1/4 PM/518 LP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	5700	6400	6400	6400	-
150	8900	9200	9900	9600	7800
200	11700	11300	12200	12400	11700
300	15900	15900	16600	17500	17000
500	17400	24400	24800	27900	28300
750	-	27900	27900	35400	407000
1000	-	-	-	46000	53000

**C<sub>g</sub> = 58 | K<sub>1</sub> = 120**

*Tab. 13.163*

FT 518 1/4 PM/518 LP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	8300	8300	8300	7900	-
150	11900	11900	11900	11900	8700
200	15500	15500	15500	15500	14700
300	22700	22700	22700	22700	22700
500	37200	37200	37200	37200	37200
750	-	55200	55200	55200	55200
1000	-	-	-	73200	73200

**C<sub>g</sub> = 58 | K<sub>1</sub> = 120**

*Tab. 13.164*

**13.3.41 - FT 518 3/8 PM/518 LP - 1”**

FT 518 3/8 PM/518 LP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	7800	8900	12100	10600	-
150	13800	13500	13800	15900	14200
200	14200	17000	15200	21200	25100
300	-	21200	25500	35400	38200
500	-	24800	27900	56500	60100
750	-	-	35400	60100	88300
1000	-	-	-	63600	116600

**Cg = 115 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.165*

FT 518 3/8 PM/518 LP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	16400	16400	16400	16400	-
150	23600	23600	23600	23600	17200
200	30700	30700	30700	30700	29100
300	-	45000	45000	45000	45000
500	-	73600	73600	73600	73600
750	-	-	101000	109400	109400
1000	-	-	-	145100	145100

**Cg = 115 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.166*

**13.3.42 - FT 518 1/2 PM/518 LP - 1”**

FT 518 1/2 PM/518 LP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	12800	12400	15900	12800	-
150	14200	19100	28300	17700	20500
200	-	19500	23000	22300	26900
300	-	24400	28300	38900	38900
500	-	-	30100	60100	81300
750	-	-	-	60100	88300
1000	-	-	-	-	91900

**Cg = 160 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.167*

FT 518 1/2 PM/518 LP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	22900	22900	22900	21600	-
150	32800	32800	32800	32800	23900
200	-	42700	42700	42700	40400
300	-	62600	62600	62600	62600
500	-	-	101000	102400	102400
750	-	-	-	152200	152200
1000	-	-	-	-	201900

**Cg = 160 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.168*

**13.3.43 - FT 518 3/32 PM/518 HP - 1"**

FT 518 3/32 PM/518 HP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	1400	-	-	-	-
200	1700	1700	-	-	-
300	2500	2700	2700	-	-
400	3800	3600	3600	3600	-
500	3900	4300	4500	4600	-
750	5900	6600	6400	6700	6600
1000	8500	9100	8900	8700	8700

**Cg = 9 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.169*

FT 518 3/32 PM/518 HP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	1600	-	-	-	-
200	2400	2100	-	-	-
300	3600	3500	3300	-	-
400	4700	4700	4700	4000	-
500	5800	5800	5800	5600	-
750	8600	8600	8600	8600	8000
1000	11400	11400	11400	11400	11300

**Cg = 9 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.170*

**13.3.44 - FT 518 1/8 PM/518 HP - 1”**

FT 518 1/8 PM/518 HP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	2200	-	-	-	-
200	3100	3200	-	-	-
300	3900	5000	5000	-	-
400	5500	6400	6600	6200	-
500	7100	7800	8000	8100	-
750	10600	11700	12100	12100	11700
1000	15900	15900	15900	16100	15200

**C<sub>g</sub> = 16 | K<sub>1</sub> = 120**

*Tab. 13.171*

FT 518 1/8 PM/518 HP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	2900	-	-	-	-
200	4200	3700	-	-	-
300	6300	6300	5800	-	-
400	8300	8300	8200	7100	-
500	10300	10300	10300	9900	-
750	15300	15300	15300	15300	14200
1000	20200	20200	20200	20200	20100

**C<sub>g</sub> = 16 | K<sub>1</sub> = 120**

*Tab. 13.172*

**13.3.45 - FT 518 3/16 PM/518 HP - 1"**

FT 518 3/16 PM/518 HP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	4900	-	-	-	-
200	6800	7100	-	-	-
300	9900	11000	11000	-	-
400	14200	14400	14400	13500	-
500	16300	17700	17400	17000	-
750	24100	26500	26200	26200	26900
1000	33100	34300	35700	34700	34700

**Cg = 34 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.173*

FT 518 3/16 PM/518 HP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	6000	-	-	-	-
200	8900	7700	-	-	-
300	13400	13200	12400	-	-
400	17600	17600	17500	15100	-
500	21800	21800	21800	21000	-
750	32400	32400	32400	32400	30200
1000	42900	42900	42900	42900	42700

**Cg = 34 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.174*

**13.3.46 - FT 518 1/4 PM/518 HP - 1”**

FT 518 1/4 PM/518 HP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	6900	-	-	-	-
200	10500	11300	-	-	-
300	15600	17700	18900	-	-
400	21200	23000	25100	23700	-
500	25500	29400	32200	32500	-
750	34700	46000	47400	48100	47700
1000	60100	55100	63600	62200	62900

**Cg = 58 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.175*

FT 518 1/4 PM/518 HP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	10200	-	-	-	-
200	15200	13200	-	-	-
300	22700	22600	21000	-	-
400	30000	30000	29800	25700	-
500	37200	37200	37200	35900	-
750	55200	55200	55200	55200	51400
1000	73200	73200	73200	73200	72900

**Cg = 58 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.176*

**13.3.47 - FT 518 3/8 PM/518 HP - 1”**

FT 518 3/8 PM/518 HP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	11700	-	-	-	-
200	17700	20900	-	-	-
300	22600	28800	32200	-	-
400	38200	36400	45600	42400	-
500	48100	49500	58300	54800	-
750	62700	68900	65700	81300	74200
1000	82700	102400	111600	111300	118000

**Cg = 115 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.177*

FT 518 3/8 PM/518 HP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	20300	-	-	-	-
200	30000	26100	-	-	-
300	45000	44700	41700	-	-
400	59300	59300	58900	50800	-
500	73600	73600	73600	71100	-
750	109400	109400	109400	109400	109400
1000	145100	145100	145100	145100	145100

**Cg = 115 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.178*

**13.3.48 - FT 518 1/2 PM/518 HP - 1"**
**FT 518 1/2 PM/518 HP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)**

Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	15900	-	-	-	-
200	24800	23700	-	-	-
300	29400	32900	37100	-	-
400	43100	40700	49500	49434	-
500	50900	53400	62900	81919	-
750	-	-	-	88275	81300
1000	-	-	-	98868	123600

**Cg = 58 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.179*
**FT 518 1/2 PM/518 HP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)**

Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	31700	-	-	-	-
200	4700	40800	-	-	-
300	70500	69900	65200	-	-
400	92900	92900	92200	79500	-
500	115200	115200	115200	111200	-
750	-	-	-	171200	159400
1000	-	-	-	227200	22600

**Cg = 58 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.180*

**13.3.49 - FT 518 3/32 STD LP - 2"**

FT 518 3/32 STD LP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	1000	1000	1000	1000	-
150	1400	1400	1400	1400	1200
200	1800	1800	1800	1800	1800
300	2700	2700	2900	2700	2600
500	4300	4300	4400	4100	4100
750	6800	6800	6800	6800	6600
1000	9600	9900	9600	9900	9600

**Cg = 9 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.181*

FT 518 3/32 STD LP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	1300	1300	1300	1300	-
150	1900	1900	1900	1900	1400
200	2500	2500	2500	2500	2300
300	3600	3600	3600	3600	3600
500	5800	5800	5800	5800	5800
750	8600	8600	8600	8600	8600
1000	11400	11400	11400	11400	11400

**Cg = 9 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.182*

**13.3.50 - FT 518 1/8 STD LP - 2"**

FT 518 1/8 STD LP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	1800	1500	1700	1700	-
150	2500	2500	2500	2500	2200
200	3200	3200	3400	3200	3200
300	4600	4600	4800	4500	4500
500	7800	7800	8000	7600	7500
750	12400	12400	12000	11700	11300
1000	16300	16300	16300	15900	15600

**C<sub>g</sub> = 16 | K<sub>1</sub> = 120**

*Tab. 13.183*

FT 518 1/8 STD LP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	2300	2300	2300	2300	-
150	3300	3300	3300	3300	2400
200	4300	4300	4300	4300	4100
300	6300	6300	6300	6300	6300
500	10300	10300	10300	10300	10300
750	15300	15300	15300	15300	15300
1000	20200	20200	20200	20200	20200

**C<sub>g</sub> = 16 | K<sub>1</sub> = 120**

*Tab. 13.184*

**13.3.51 - FT 518 3/16 STD LP - 2"**

FT 518 3/16 STD LP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	4300	3900	3900	3600	-
150	5300	5300	5700	5300	5000
200	7100	7100	7500	7100	7100
300	10600	9900	10600	10300	10300
500	15900	15200	18100	17000	17000
750	-	26500	23000	24800	25500
1000	-	33600	31800	35400	35400

**Cg = 34 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.185*

FT 518 3/16 STD LP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	4900	4900	4900	4600	-
150	7000	7000	7000	7000	5100
200	9100	9100	9100	9100	8600
300	13400	13400	13400	13400	13400
500	21800	21800	21800	21800	21800
750	-	32400	32400	32400	32400
1000	-	42900	42900	42900	42900

**Cg = 34 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.186*

**13.3.52 - FT 518 1/4 STD LP - 2"**

FT 518 1/4 STD LP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	6400	6800	6800	6600	-
150	9600	9900	10300	9900	8500
200	12400	12400	12800	12800	12400
300	19500	17400	17700	18400	19500
500	21200	30100	26500	30100	31100
750	-	38900	30100	42400	47700
1000	-	-	-	60100	61800

**Cg = 58 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.187*

FT 518 1/4 STD LP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	8300	8300	8300	8300	8300
150	11900	11900	11900	11900	11900
200	15500	15500	15500	15500	15500
300	22700	22700	22700	22700	22700
500	37200	37200	37200	37200	37200
750	-	55200	55200	55200	55200
1000	-	-	-	73200	73200

**Cg = 58 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.188*

**13.3.53 - FT 518 3/8 STD LP - 2"**

FT 518 3/8 STD LP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	8900	17700	15900	14200	-
150	22300	19500	23000	21200	15600
200	29000	26500	29000	27600	28300
300	-	38900	42400	38900	40700
500	-	-	-	60100	70700
750	-	-	-	70700	107700
1000	-	-	-	88300	141300

**Cg = 115 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.189*

FT 518 3/8 STD LP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	16400	16400	16400	16400	16400
150	23600	23600	23600	23600	23600
200	30700	30700	30700	30700	30700
300	-	45000	45000	45000	45000
500	-	-	-	73600	73600
750	-	-	-	109400	109400
1000	-	-	-	145100	145100

**Cg = 115 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.190*

**13.3.54 - FT 518 1/2 STD LP - 2"**

FT 518 1/2 STD LP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	15600	23000	21200	20900	-
150	24800	26500	28300	30100	21900
200	-	38900	38900	38900	31100
300	-	54800	53000	53000	5300
500	-	-	-	74200	123600
750	-	-	-	120100	148400
1000	-	-	-	-	180100

**C<sub>g</sub> = 180 | K<sub>1</sub> = 120**

*Tab. 13.191*

FT 518 1/2 STD LP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	25700	25700	25700	24300	-
150	36900	36900	36900	36900	26900
200	-	48100	48100	48100	45500
300	-	70500	70500	70500	70500
500	-	-	-	115200	115200
750	-	-	-	171200	171200
1000	-	-	-	-	227200

**C<sub>g</sub> = 180 | K<sub>1</sub> = 120**

*Tab. 13.192*

**13.3.55 - FT 518 3/32 STD HP - 2"**

FT 518 3/32 STD HP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	1300	-	-	-	-
200	1700	1700	-	-	-
300	2500	2700	2700	-	-
400	3800	3600	3600	3600	-
500	3900	4300	4500	4600	-
750	5900	6600	6400	6700	6600
1000	7500	9100	8900	8700	8700

**Cg = 9 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.193*

FT 518 3/32 STD HP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	1600	-	-	-	-
200	2400	2100	-	-	-
300	3600	3500	3300	-	-
400	4700	4700	4700	4000	-
500	5800	5800	5800	5600	-
750	8600	8600	8600	8600	8000
1000	11400	11400	11400	11400	11300

**Cg = 9 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.194*

**13.3.56 - FT 518 1/8 STD HP - 2"**

FT 518 1/8 STD HP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	2200	-	-	-	-
200	3100	3200	-	-	-
300	3900	5000	5000	-	-
400	5500	6400	6600	6200	-
500	7100	7800	8000	8100	-
750	10600	11700	12100	12100	11700
1000	15900	15900	15900	16100	15200

**C<sub>g</sub> = 16 | K<sub>1</sub> = 120**

*Tab. 13.195*

FT 518 1/8 STD HP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	2900	-	-	-	-
200	4200	3700	-	-	-
300	6300	6300	5800	-	-
400	8300	8300	8200	7100	-
500	10300	10300	10300	9900	-
750	15300	15300	15300	15300	14200
1000	20200	20200	20200	20200	20100

**C<sub>g</sub> = 16 | K<sub>1</sub> = 120**

*Tab. 13.196*

**13.3.57 - FT 518 3/16 STD HP - 2"**

FT 518 3/16 STD HP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	4900	-	-	-	-
200	6800	7100	-	-	-
300	9900	11000	11000	-	-
400	14200	14400	14400	13500	-
500	16300	17700	17400	17000	-
750	24100	26500	26200	26200	26900
1000	33100	34300	35700	34700	34700

**Cg = 34 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.197*

FT 518 3/16 STD HP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	6000	-	-	-	-
200	8900	7700	-	-	-
300	13400	13200	12400	-	-
400	17600	17600	17500	15100	-
500	21800	21800	21800	21000	-
750	32400	32400	32400	32400	30200
1000	42900	42900	42900	42900	42700

**Cg = 34 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.198*

**13.3.58 - FT 518 1/4 STD HP - 2"**

FT 518 1/4 STD HP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	7800	-	-	-	-
200	11300	1210	-	-	-
300	16300	18800	19100	-	-
400	21900	24800	25300	23700	-
500	28300	30400	32500	32500	-
750	35400	47700	48100	48100	48400
1000	60100	58300	64300	62200	63600

**C<sub>g</sub> = 58 | K<sub>1</sub> = 120**

*Tab. 13.199*

FT 518 1/4 STD HP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	10200	-	-	-	-
200	15200	13200	-	-	-
300	22700	22600	21000	-	-
400	30000	30000	29800	25700	-
500	37200	37200	37200	35900	-
750	55200	55200	55200	55200	51400
1000	73200	73200	73200	73200	72900

**C<sub>g</sub> = 58 | K<sub>1</sub> = 120**

*Tab. 13.200*

**13.3.59 - FT 518 3/8 STD HP - 2"**

FT 518 3/8 STD HP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	13800	-	-	-	-
200	19500	22300	-	-	-
300	24800	29700	35400	-	-
400	39200	38900	49500	42400	-
500	53000	51200	62200	54800	-
750	74200	70700	67100	81300	86600
1000	113000	106000	113000	127200	128900

**Cg = 115 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.201*

FT 518 3/8 STD HP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	20300	-	-	-	-
200	30000	26100	-	-	-
300	45000	44700	41700	-	-
400	59300	59300	58900	50800	-
500	73600	73600	73600	71100	-
750	109400	109400	109400	109400	101900
1000	145100	145100	145100	145100	144400

**Cg = 115 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.202*

**13.3.60 - FT 518 1/2 STD HP - 2"**

FT 518 1/2 STD HP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	19500	-	-	-	-
200	26500	31800	-	-	-
300	43500	49500	51200	-	-
400	53000	63600	67100	49434	-
500	70700	88300	88300	81919	-
750	-	-	-	88275	141300
1000	-	-	-	98868	162500

**Cg = 180 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.203*

FT 518 1/2 STD HP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	31700	-	-	-	-
200	47000	40800	-	-	-
300	70500	69900	65200	-	-
400	92900	92900	92200	79500	-
500	115200	115200	115200	111200	-
750	-	-	-	171200	159400
1000	-	-	-	227200	226000

**Cg = 180 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.204*

**13.3.61 - FT 518 3/32 PM/518 LP - 2"**

FT 518 3/32 PM/518 LP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	1000	1000	1000	1000	-
150	1300	1400	1300	1400	1200
200	1700	1700	1600	1700	1700
300	2600	2700	2500	2500	2500
500	-	3900	4100	3900	3900
750	-	6200	6200	6400	6100
1000	-	-	-	8900	8900

**Cg = 9 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.205*

FT 518 3/32 PM/518 LP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	1300	1300	1300	-	-
150	1900	1900	1900	1900	-
200	2500	2500	2500	2500	-
300	3600	3600	3600	3600	3600
500	-	5800	5800	5800	5800
750	-	8600	8600	8600	8600
1000	-	-	-	11400	11400

**Cg = 9 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.206*

**13.3.62 - FT 518 3/16 PM/518 LP - 2"**

FT 518 3/16 PM/518 LP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	3600	3600	3800	3.200	-
150	4600	5200	5500	5200	4600
200	6400	6800	7500	6800	6800
300	9200	9500	9900	9200	9800
500	-	14200	16600	16600	16600
750	-	23000	20500	23000	24100
1000	-	-	-	30800	32500

**Cg = 34 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.207*

FT 518 3/16 PM/518 LP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	4900	4900	4900	-	-
150	7000	7000	7000	7.00	-
200	9100	9100	9.100	9100	-
300	13400	13400	13.400	13400	13400
500	-	21800	21800	21800	21800
750	-	32400	32400	32400	32400
1000	-	-	-	42900	42900

**Cg = 34 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.208*

**13.3.63 - FT 518 1/4 PM/518 LP - 2"**

FT 518 1/4 PM/518 LP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	5700	6400	6400	6400	-
150	8900	9200	9900	9600	7800
200	11700	11300	12200	12400	11700
300	15900	15900	16600	17500	17400
500	17400	27200	24800	27900	28300
750	-	33600	27900	35400	42400
1000	-	-	-	51200	54800

**Cg = 58 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.209*

FT 518 1/4 PM/518 LP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	8300	8300	8300	-	-
150	11900	11900	11900	11900	-
200	15500	15500	15500	15500	-
300	22700	22700	22700	22700	22700
500	37200	37200	37200	37200	37200
750	-	55200	55200	55200	55200
1000	-	-	-	73200	73200

**Cg = 58 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.210*

**13.3.64 - FT 518 3/8 PM/518 LP - 2"**

FT 518 3/8 PM/518 LP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	7800	12400	14200	12100	-
150	13800	14200	20500	17700	14500
200	14200	23000	26500	23000	25800
300	-	35400	37100	40700	38200
500	-	-	-	53000	65400
750	-	-	-	63600	91900
1000	-	-	-	74200	116600

**C<sub>g</sub> = 115 | K<sub>1</sub> = 120**

*Tab. 13.211*

FT 518 3/8 PM/518 LP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	16400	16400	16400	0	-
150	23600	23600	23600	23600	0
200	30700	30700	30700	30700	0
300	-	45000	45000	45000	45000
500	-	-	-	73600	73600
750	-	-	-	109400	109400
1000	-	-	-	145100	145100

**C<sub>g</sub> = 115 | K<sub>1</sub> = 120**

*Tab. 13.212*

**13.3.65 - FT 518 1/2 PM/518 LP - 2"**

FT 518 1/2 PM/518 LP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	12800	14200	15900	13500	-
150	14200	15900	19500	20500	22300
200	-	24800	35400	26500	3040
300	-	38900	46000	45200	49100
500	-	-	-	54800	68900
750	-	-	-	67100	95400
1000	-	-	-	-	123600

**Cg = 180 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.213*

FT 518 1/2 PM/518 LP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	10 psi	20 psi	30 psi	60 psi	125 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
100	25700	25700	25700	-	-
150	36900	36900	36900	36900	-
200	-	48100	48100	48100	-
300	-	70500	70500	70500	70500
500	-	-	-	115200	115200
750	-	-	-	171200	171200
1000	-	-	-	-	227200

**Cg = 180 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.214*

**13.3.66 - FT 518 - 3/32 PM/518 - HP - 2"**
**FT 518 3/32 PM/518 - HP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)**

Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	1400	-	-	-	-
200	1700	1700	-	-	-
300	2500	2700	2700	-	-
400	3800	3600	3600	3600	-
500	3900	4300	4500	4600	-
750	5900	6600	6400	6700	6600
1000	8500	9100	8900	8700	8700

**Cg = 9 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.215*
**FT 518 3/32 PM/518 - HP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)**

Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	1600	-	-	-	-
200	2400	2100	-	-	-
300	3600	3500	3300	-	-
400	4.700	4700	4700	4000	-
500	5800	5800	5800	5600	-
750	8600	8600	8600	8600	8000
1000	11400	11400	11400	11400	11300

**Cg = 9 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.216*

**13.3.67 - FT 518 - 1/8 PM/518 - HP - 2"**

FT 518 1/8 PM/518 - HP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	2200	-	-	-	-
200	3100	3200	-	-	-
300	3900	5000	5000	-	-
400	5500	6400	6600	6200	-
500	7100	7800	8000	8100	-
750	10600	11700	12100	12100	11700
1000	15900	15900	15900	16100	15200

**Cg = 16 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.217*

FT 518 1/8 PM/518 - HP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	2900	-	-	-	-
200	4200	3700	-	-	-
300	6300	6300	5800	-	-
400	8300	8300	8200	7100	-
500	10300	10300	10300	9900	-
750	15300	15300	15300	15300	14200
1000	20200	20200	20200	20200	20100

**Cg = 16 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.218*

**13.3.68 - FT 518 - 3/16 PM/518 - HP - 2"**

FT 518 3/16 PM/518 - HP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	4900	-	-	-	-
200	6800	7100	-	-	-
300	9900	11000	11000	-	-
400	14200	14400	14400	13500	-
500	16300	17700	17400	17000	-
750	24100	26500	26200	26200	26.900
1000	33100	34300	35700	34700	34700

**Cg = 34 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.219*

FT 518 3/16 PM/518 - HP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	6000	-	-	-	-
200	8900	7700	-	-	-
300	13400	13200	12400	-	-
400	17600	17600	17500	15100	-
500	21800	21800	21800	21000	-
750	32400	32400	32400	32400	30200
1000	42900	42900	42900	42900	42700

**Cg = 34 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.220*

**13.3.69 - FT 518 - 1/4 PM/518 - HP - 2"**

FT 518 1/4 PM/518 - HP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	6900	-	-	-	-
200	10500	11300	-	-	-
300	15600	17700	18900	-	-
400	21200	23000	25100	23700	-
500	26900	29400	32200	32500	-
750	34700	46000	47400	48100	47700
1000	60100	55100	63600	62200	62900

**Cg = 58 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.221*

FT 518 1/4 PM/518 - HP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	10200	-	-	-	-
200	15200	13200	-	-	-
300	22700	22600	21000	-	-
400	30000	30000	29800	25700	-
500	37200	37200	37200	35900	-
750	55200	55200	55200	55200	51400
1000	73200	73200	73200	73200	72900

**Cg = 58 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.222*

**13.3.70 - FT 518 - 3/8 PM/518 - HP - 2"**

FT 518 3/8 PM/518 - HP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	11700	-	-	-	-
200	17700	20900	-	-	-
300	22600	28800	32200	-	-
400	38200	36400	45600	42400	-
500	49800	49500	58300	54800	-
750	70000	68900	65700	81300	74200
1000	106000	102400	111600	111300	118000

**C<sub>g</sub> = 115 | K<sub>1</sub> = 120**

*Tab. 13.223*

FT 518 3/8 PM/518 - HP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	20300	-	-	-	-
200	30000	26100	-	-	-
300	45000	44700	41700	-	-
400	59300	59300	58900	50800	-
500	73600	73600	73600	71100	-
750	109400	109400	109400	109400	101900
1000	145100	145100	145100	145100	144400

**C<sub>g</sub> = 115 | K<sub>1</sub> = 120**

*Tab. 13.224*

**13.3.71 - FT 518 - 1/2 PM/518 - HP - 2"**

FT 518 1/2 PM/518 - HP (maximum recommended flow rate for optimal performance)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	15900	-	-	-	-
200	24800	23700	-	-	-
300	31500	46700	37100	-	-
400	49500	60100	49500	49434	-
500	68200	84800	62900	81919	-
750	-	-	-	88275	81300
1000	-	-	-	98868	123600

**Cg = 180 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.225*

FT 518 1/2 PM/518 - HP (flow rate with regulator in open position, 100% capacity)					
Inlet pressure	Outlet pressure				
	110 psi	150 psi	200 psi	300 psi	500 psi
psi	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh	Scfh
150	31700	-	-	-	-
200	47000	40800	-	-	-
300	70500	69900	65200	-	-
400	92900	92900	92200	79500	-
500	115200	115200	115200	111200	-
750	-	-	-	171200	159400
1000	-	-	-	227200	226000

**Cg = 180 | K1 = 120**

*Tab. 13.226*

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**Pietro  
Fiorentini**